B.P.O. Dy. No. 1681-S.B. 4/11/46.

CALCUTTA POLICE SECURITY CONTROL
WEEKLY SURVEY

SECRET. - Date 21.10.46.

No. 38.

Para 1: SUBHAS CHANDRA BOSE.

FM 724/42. A source reports that among Subhas Bose's contacts in Germany were a family named FALDIX, in whose house in Dusseldorf he has stayed; and that LUCY FALDIX, the wife, now of Urdingerstrasse 28, Dusseldorf, Germany, has recently written to a Bengali named DUTT, of Shambazar, Calcutta, said to be a cousin of SATYENDRA KUMAR ROY of 93-D Shambazar Street, Calcutta, stating that her husband and grand mother have died since the war. She is now writing to all her old friends abroad in the expectation of reviving her stamp-collection which was destroyed during the air-raids in the war. There is a suggestion that ROY is connected with left-wing movements in the Congress.

Para 2: CHINESE AFFAIRS.

(A) Political.

FM 1271/46
FM 538/46. (i) A prominent local Kuomintang official recently remarked in conversation how much better informed Indian opinion was on the Chinese Communists, than on the Kuomintang party of whom CHIANG Kai-shek seemed to be about the only name known. He attributed this to the high state of Chinese Communist propaganda in India, and said that he thought this propaganda was carried on by certain foreigners, particularly Russians, and by Chinese Communist cells in the Kuomintang in India.

FM 1355/46. (ii) With reference to Para 1 (A) (iii) of W.S. No. 35 of 21.9.46, a Shanghai press telegram of 5.10.46 states that General TSAI Ting-chiai (11519/11284/1203) has arrived in Shanghai from Hongkong and will be proceeding to Nanking immediately. It is possible that he is identical with the TSAI Ting-chieh (11519/11254/1576), mentioned in the survey-note, and intercept referred to therein, as expected to leave China for Malaya and the Dutch East Indies for secret recruiting for a new democratic party.

FM 757/45. (iii) The Chinese Consulate General has informed the AICC, Allahabad, that the matter referred to the Consulate by the AICC (vide Para 3(A)(ii) of W.S. No. 34 of 14.9.46), has been referred to the Chinese Ministry of Foreign Affairs.

FM 1179/45. (iv) The registration of Overseas Chinese refugees, at the request of UNRRA, referred to in Para 3(A)(v) of W.S. No. 36, dated 28.9.46, was closed on 30th September by which time 471 names had been recorded. The list has been sent to Chinese Government for transmission to the UNRRA Office in China, according to the Chinese Journal of India on 2.10.46.

FM 828/43. (v) FEI I-nien (3494/5421/8301), Calcutta registree No. 650, a reputed Chinese intelligence agent, left Calcutta by plane for Shanghai on 4.10.46.

FP 1503 (vi) Newly-ascertained addresses and cover addresses of CHOU Hsiang-kuang, anti-British propagandist frequently referred to in this Survey, are as follows:

(1) C/O Great China Hotel, 5 Bowbazar, Street, Calcutta.
(2) C/O Oversea Chinese Labour Association, Head Office No. 33, Blackburn Lane, Calcutta.
(3) Publications Division, Old Secretariat, Delhi.

Nos (1) & (2) are cover addresses. Letters addressed to the Great China Hotel are apparently transmitted to the Oversea Chinese Labour Association for further transmission. The Delhi address (No.3) is his present address.

English forms of his name (i.e. Romanised names) used by correspondents have been observed as follows:

(1) HSIANG K. Chow.
(2) H.K.Chan.
(3) Chowhsiang Kuang.
(4) CHOW Hsiang-kuang.

The above is obtained from secret interception.

FM 824/45 (vii) CHAN Kee-hwa @ TSENG Chi-hua (11717/922/5005), an official of the Overseas Affairs Commission of the National Government of China, travelling on Chinese Official Passport No.06455, arrived in Calcutta from China on 27.9.46 for a tour to India, Burma, Singapore and other places on official business, presumably in connection with Overseas Chinese Affairs. It appears that he expects to stay up to two months in India.

(B) Association.

FM 1082/44. At the members' meeting of the India Branch of the Overseas Chinese Educational Association, held at Kuomintang Headquarters in India on 6.10.46, a new Committee and new Supervisors were elected. As the Committee members and Supervisors elected are not confined to Calcutta residents, a full list of names is given below for the convenience of other branches.

Committee members.

HUANG I (5124/5454)

WANG Jung-chiu (12493/5740/2273)
YEH Kan-chung (12997/5810/2875)
LIU I-ling (7270/5507/7228)
CHANG Ching (416/2144)
LI Wei-pin (6884/12577/923ε)
LI Chao-peng (6884/489/8885)
KUANG I-ping (6397a/5342/9310)
LI Kun-yuan (6884/6537/13704)
YANG Hung-lun (12878/5275/7475)

Reserve Committee Members.

LI Shao-yuan (6884/9775/13713)
LIAO Ling-chieh (7064/7228/1491)
LIN Ming-luan (7157/7946/7457)
TU Tao-chou (12043/10780/2450)
YANG Ching (12878/2179)

Supervisors.

HSIEH Yung-jui (4432/13294/5726)
CHAN Ko-fen (276/6046/3549)
WANG Jen-min (12493/5615/7908)
LI Tzu-chun (6884/12317/2854)
WU Chang-pin (12748/390/9255)
TAN Chien-po (10681/1659/9336)
LI Chi-kuang (6884/859/6389)

Reserve Supervisors.

HSU Ping-lin (4748/9299/7157)
HUANG Shih-hsing (5124/9992/4699)
CHAO Hui-chin (498/5193/2097)

(D) Crime.

FM 1327/46. FAN Ting-ken Gang: A draft for Rs 21,372, issued by the Bank of China, Singapore, on 20.6.46, payable to FAN Ting-ken (3426/11248/5974), holder of Passport No. 335027, was received by the Bank of China, Calcutta, on 10.7.46. It has remained unclaimed owing to the payee being in custody. A previous remittance of from 20,000 to Rs 70,000/- from Singapore in May or June 1946, for the benefit of FAN, is reported by a secret source, but has not yet been traced.

(F) Registration of Foreigners :

ARC

(i) The following Chinese has been convicted for offences against the Indian Passport Act of 1930 and/or the Registration of Foreigners Act :-

Name	Offence	Penalty	Date
1. Mrs HSIN Kuan Yu-lim (4444/6368/13630/7115)	Failure to report change of registered address.	Fined Rs.10 (Fine paid)	16.10.46.

Note : Recently living with CHOU Hsing, gangster, arrested 7.9.46, see para 3(D)(i) of Survey No.34 of 14.9.46.

(G) Passports :

FP.1583.

(i) CHEN Chih-hsin (658/1918/4574), Chinese national, was brought to India during the war for service with the Chinese Intelligence Wing, under GHQ(I), on the understanding that he should be repatriated to China when his services with C.I.W. terminated. His services were terminated on 31.3.46, but he declined to take the passage granted for return to China. He employed customary subterfuges for staying on, such as replacement of his original Chinese passport, containing the entry visa, by a new passport issued by the Chinese Consulate General in Calcutta which did not show the terms of his permitted stay in India. He applied for a visa to remain in India for one year from 1.4.46, to take charge of the Chinese Primary School at Makum Junction, Assam, and the guarantor supplied by him was found unsuitable. The Security Control recommended that visa should not be granted, and that the individual should be required to leave India, on the general grounds that -

(a) he came to India on a specific understanding and should depart from India in accordance with that understanding, and

(b) to grant him permission to stay in India, contrary to this understanding; to take up the headmastership of a Chinese school in the Assam border regions, would be showing a special mark of encouragement for the spread of Chinese education, when it is well known that Chinese schools, and schoolmasters are particularly used for the spread of Kuomintang political teaching, and for Chinese penetration.

CHEN was permitted to proceed to Assam pending decision. He is still in Assam, where the Assam Government has no objection to the establishment of the school and to the appointment of this individual as headmaster of it. If a visa is ultimately granted to him, and he is permitted to remain in India, it will be necessary to regard him as a potential security danger.

FP.1440
FM.562/46

(ii) On 8.12.45 the Chinese Consulate General Calcutta requested visas for India for HU Chi-tsao (4930/966/11622), TAN Chi-shou @ TAN Chi-hsing (10681/945/4661), and CHU Fu-sung @ CHOU Fu-sheng (2450/3721/9865), declared as officials

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(183)

of the Chinese Ministry of Education desiring to come to Calcutta from Chungking to purchase electrical and educational equipments for the Ministry of Education. Government of India granted visas for 3 months' stay in India, on 10.1.46. There is no record of these three having arrived. Repeated requests to the Consul-General during the last 3 months since 1st of July 1946 for information regarding their entry, if they have arrived, and the probable date of arrival if they have not, have not been answered, thus lending credence to a source report that the application for visa in respect of CHU Fu-sung was an attempt to obtain cover for a merchant of the same name already in India illegally, having come to India via Thibet without travel documents in 1944, after which he moved between Kalimpong and Calcutta, managing the Sikang-Thibet Trading Company, A.C.Mahomed Mansions, 16-P Bentinck Street. It seems likely, although it is not certain and is denied by CHU Fu-sung, that this company is identical with the KANG-TSANG Company, whose principal is H.P.CHUANG (2760/4839/8846), lately returned to China. Whether identical or separate, the business has been much the same, namely, evasion of customs formalities, and of war-time restrictions on trade and remittance. There appear to be considerable Thibetan interests and connections.

FP.1620
FP.1621.

(iii) There has been a repetition recently of cases of Chinese from Burma entering India overland with authorities to proceed to India, granted to them by district officials in Burma, but without prior reference to and authority from Government of India. FENG Wei-hsin @ FONG Wai-sin (3586/12598/4574) and PIEN I-fan (9192/5342/3400) arrived in Calcutta in September via Manipur. It would appear that FENG, notwithstanding his denials, was in India last year also, presumably illegally. PIEN had an unconvincing story that he was in (subsequently changed to 9 miles away from) Monywa throughout the Japanese occupation without contact with or interference from the Japanese.

(H) Newspapers : Nothing to report.

(I) Miscellaneous :

FM 610/46-
IJI.

(i) Direct Chinese participation in selling American aircraft is seen in the activities of the Aviquipo of India Limited, 3 Moira Street, Calcutta, Manager C.F.LIU. This company appears to be an offshoot of the Inter-Company Aviquipo Correspondence, New York, Vice-President R.U.SURBECK, which corresponds regarding sales for the Aeronca Aircraft Corporation, Middletown, Ohio, USA, manufacturers of Aeronca light aircraft. The New York company has been attempting, so far unsuccessfully, to obtain the Shanghai forwarding address of General CHENNAULT, who has obtained a contract for flying UNRRA supplies in China, and has plans for establishing private flying-schools to which the company is anxious to sell its planes. So far neither Mr. Thomas CORCORAN, of New Deal fame, General CHENNAULT's legal representative in USA, nor National Skyways Freight, Los Angeles, California, who are flying UNRRA supplies for the General has disclosed the General's forwarding address, and C.F.LIU is proceeding shortly to China and is there expected to see the General and pursue negotiations for sale of the Aeronca company's planes.

The Indian activities of Aviquipo of India Ltd., with its Chinese Manager, are not yet

clear.

FP. 899.

(ii) WEI Wen-kuang (12527/12633/6397), usually known as SAMFORD WEI, mentioned in previous Surveys, and President of the Samford Trading Bureau, 15 Kent House, P-33 Mission Row Extension, Calcutta, is attempting to sell Afghan cotton to China. He states that he has been assured of a steady supply of two thousand bales a month, and that he has established a connection with the Afghanistan Government by means of which a monopoly right can be arranged provided he is assured of a substantial quantity being consumed monthly. The firm to which he is attempting to sell the Afghan cotton is the Unity Company, Room 502-3, 209 Yuen Ming Yuen Road, Shanghai.

In view of SAMFORD WEI's past Kalimpong interests and the information on record showing that he has Thibetan contacts, it is possible that the Afghan connections which he has apparently developed may be of interest from the political angle.

A DDITIONAL DEPUTY COMMISSIONER OF POLICE,
SECURITY CONTROL: CALCUTTA.

SNC
RPC.

Copy forwarded to:-
(As per distribution list attached to W.S.No. 25 dated 22.6.46 and corrected up to Survey No.33 dated 9.9.46).

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357-42

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Office of the Dy.Inspector General of Police, Assam.
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Confidential.

Memo.No. 6819 S.B.
Shillong, the 8th November 1946.

P.758

To

The Special Superintendent of Police,
I.B., Bengal, Calcutta.

Reference your Memo.No. 18611/357-42(FOR) dated the 21st September 1946. The matter was enquired into and found to be baseless.

OFFICE OF THE D.I.G. OF POLICE
11 NOV. 1946
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11. NOV 1946.
S. S. I. I.

Special Supdt. of Police, C.I.D.,
Assam.

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D. I. G. C. I. D. Army

No 20576 / 357-42 (Fin) dt/- 2/x1

Reply p. 784

p.758 Ref: This office No. 18611 dt 21.9.46

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An early reply to this o/g letter is requested.

S.

DS. 10 for 7/11 GS IV.

Rec'd 1.X1.46.

Ltr Tel 2/11

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14 OCT 1946
S. C. I. B.

OFFICE OF
44271
15 OCT. 1946

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P.S.O. Dy. No. 1637-S. 24/10/46

357/42 For

SECRET. CALCUTTA POLICE SECURITY CONTROL
WEEKLY SURVEY.

No. 37. Date 14.10.46.

Para 1. CHINESE AFFAIRS.

(A) Political.

FM 516/46-II (i) An unconfirmed report states that the new Chinese Consul-General, in place of C.P. CHEN who has gone to Manila, is expected at the end of October. His name is given in the Chinese Journal of India, dated 12.10.46, as CHEN Chu (589/2638).

FM 516/46-II (ii) The Chinese Consulate appears to be taking considerable interest in Indo-British relations with reference to Russia's alleged aggressive designs on the Indian borders.

FM 562/45 (iii) A Chinese Delegation to the International Telegraphic Communication Conference, being held in Moscow, passed through Calcutta in mid-September. The delegation is to be headed by Dr FU Ping-chang (3632/9305/440), Chinese Ambassador to Russia. Another Foreign Office official was included in the party of eight members of the delegation that passed through Calcutta from China.

FM 516/46-II (iv) An unconfirmed report states that the Metropole Hotel is to be leased to Indian interests. The hotel is referred to in paragraph 5 (A)(viii) of this Survey No. 19, dated 11.6.46, as a Chinese hotel run under the supervision of the Consulate General.

FM 1311/46 (v) There is an unconfirmed rumour that the Chinese Supply Commission in India is to be renamed Chinese Defence Supplies, and is to expand its interests and personnel in South East Asia and Pacific regions.

FM 1311/46 (vi) SHERMAN WANG, Assistant Director of the Chinese Supply Commission in India, returned to Calcutta from China on 4.10.46.

FM 610/46-III (vii) Mrs CHEN Hsi-chang, wife of CHEN Hsi-chang (643/4157/400), Chief Secretary in charge of Chinese High Commissioner's Office in Lhasa, and daughter, are in Calcutta for medical treatment. Mrs CHEN expects to stay in Calcutta or Kalimpong for anything up to a year.

FM 732/46 (viii) In a letter to the Editor of the China Review published on 11.10.46, Dr C.J.PAO @ PAO Chun-chien (8711/3269/1592), formerly Chinese Consul-General in

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Calcutta and now Chinese ambassador to Peru, asks to be kept in touch with developments and progress in Sino-Indian affairs, in view of the increasing importance of the relationship between India and China, and mentions that he is keeping up correspondence with Pundit Nehru and other good friends in India.

FM 732/46 (ix) It is announced in the Chinese Journal of India that Dr TAI Chi-tao (10567/944/10183), President of the Examination Yuan in the Chinese Government, will be coming to India early in December to receive a Doctor's degree at the Convocation of Benares Hindu University at which Pundit Nehru will also receive a degree. The invitation to Dr TAI was reported in para 2(A)(vi) of this Survey No. 38 dated 9.9.46.

(B) Association

FM 1358/46 (i) Draft prospectus for the General Association of Overseas Chinese in India, mentioned in Survey No. 36 of 9.9.46, para 2 (B)(iii), has now been published in the Chinese Journal of India. The declared intentions of the association are:

further unification of overseas Chinese;
development of links between Chinese communities, wherever they are situated;
development of Chinese trade, amenities and education; and
establishment of an arbitration organisation for settlement of disputes amongst Chinese abroad.

The rest of the long prospectus is devoted to the petty regulations beloved by the Chinese "organiser". A recent editorial in the Chinese Journal of India showed that the idea of the association was being used by those who hoped to strike at and reduce the power of the clan and district associations which have hitherto dominated the local Chinese community, and substitute for these - generally speaking - non-politically-minded leaders the power or control of young men, who by their youth may be expected to be more ardent political theorists. The purpose is to extend and increase Kuomintang power and control. Evidently the Kuomintang leaders, increasingly identified as their party is with repression, and denial of liberty, expect to spread party doctrines and secure party control more effectively and emphatically by means of the young, than by the conservative and accepted local leaders whom they are trying to displace. The course of single-party domination in other countries no doubt fortifies them in this expectation.

The future internal politics of this association may be interesting for the light they may throw on the course of the Youth movements which have been noted elsewhere as a current feature of Overseas

Chinese political life.

FM 1109/46 (ii) The Burma Chinese Association has been in touch with the Sydney Chamber of Commerce, Australia, making trade enquiries of that Chamber and its members.

(C) Labour: Nothing to report.

(D) Crime:

FM 727/46 A Chinese letter recently found by the Calcutta Customs hidden in an outgoing CNAC plane, evidently for delivery in Kunming or beyond without going through the mail, disclosed an intention to obtain a master-key for C-46 Commercial planes now in use by the CNAC, in order to facilitate plans of certain unidentified smugglers. Possession by unauthorized persons of a key which would enable them to open the locked doors of these transport planes when at Indian Air-ports, would facilitate much more than the petty smuggling discussed in the letter referred !

(E) Deserters: Nothing to report.

(F) Registration of Foreigners:

A.R.O. The following Chinese have been convicted for offences against the Indian Passport Act of 1930 and/or the Registration of Foreigners Act:-

	Name	Offence	Penalty	Date
1.	CHEN Lan-sun (658/6721/10435)	Entry into British India without passport & Failure to register.	Fined Rs 200/- (Fine paid)	26.9.46.
2.	YEH Cheng (12997/427)	"	"	"
3.	WU Ta (7270/10473)	"	"	"

Note: Reference Survey No. 36 para 1(D).

(G) Passports.

FM 562/45 A.R.O. (i) Another glaring, and unfortunately characteristic, instance of the methods of Chinese officialdom in evading the Government of India's Immigration requirements and restrictions, came to light on 30.9.46 when Mr CHOW Yien-hyi @ CHOU Yen-hsi (2450/13080/4081), representative of the Chinese

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Ministry of Finance in Calcutta and now head of the Calcutta Branch of the Central Trust of China, applied for necessary documents to enable his wife to leave India and return to China. On enquiries, it transpired that Mrs CHOU had, late in 1944, obtained a passport in her maiden name, KAUNG We-tsung @ CHIANG Hui-chen (1208/5193/607), with a transit visa valid for two months' stay in India while proceeding from Chungking to U.S.A. for studies; that she had entered India in February 1945 with her husband on this passport, without declaring that she was married; that she had obtained a residential permit for two months on the strength of this passport and transit visa; that she had obtained two months' extension of the transit visa, still without declaring her marriage and married name; and that when the facts regarding this came out in June 1945 the Government of India declined to allow her to stay in India and stipulated that she must either continue her journey to U.S.A. or return to China. She did neither.

The case is being reported to Government in detail.

FE 1540 (ii) Orders of deportation have been issued against LU Chi-ming, referred to in the LOOK-OUT section of Survey No. 34, dated 14.9.46, but cannot be served until his whereabouts are ascertained.

(H) Newspapers:

FM 811/46-III. It is announced that the China Review will commence regular publication from 11.10.46; that future issues will be devoted mainly to industrial and commercial matters, and hygiene, science and other technical and cultural subjects; and that the chief editors will be Messrs LI Hu(6884/4920) and MEI Chun-li (7705/3269/6954). The China Review is the weekly journal developed out of the China Press, to which there are references in paras 1 (H)(i) and 3 (H)(i) of Surveys Nos 26 and 28, dated 29.6.46 and 13.7.46 respectively.

(I)Miscellaneous:

FM 610/46-III. Chinese reports indicate considerable current movement of Overseas Chinese from Hongkong to Burma, 1877 being reported as proceeding recently in one ship.

Deputy-Commissioner of Police,
Security Control, Calcutta

RPC

Copy forwarded to:-
(As per distribution list attached to W.S.No. 25, dated 22.6.46 and corrected up to Survey No. 33 dated 9.9.46).

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Bengal Form No. 5.

Confidential.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL

All communications should give the Number, Date and Subject of any previous Correspondence.

R
357-42

OFFICE OF THE DEPUTY COMMISSIONER OF POLICE,
Special Branch, 14, Lord Sinha Road, Calcutta (16).

Memorandum No. R/24369 *dated the* 22/10 19 46.
P.M.880/46-III

To D.Stephens, Esq., I.P.,
Special Superintendent of Police, (IV),
Intelligence Branch, Bengal.

OFFICE OF THE DEPUTY COMMISSIONER OF POLICE, SPECIAL BRANCH, CALCUTTA. 45134 23 OCT 1946

Please refer to your Memo.No. 18612 dated 21.9.46. 357-42(For)

Enquiries at all the Police Stations in Calcutta reveal that no pistol or carbine of American origin had been recovered from any Sikh during the Calcutta riots.

For DEPUTY COMMISSIONER OF POLICE,
Special Branch, Calcutta.

NJ.

ACJP—A 2640—1945-6—25,00,000

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B.P.O. Jy. No. 1514 S
dt. 8/10/46.

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30 OCT 1946
INTELLIGENCE BRANCH CALCUTTA

309-46

S E C R E T. **CALCUTTA POLICE SECURITY CONTROL WEEKLY SURVEY.**

No.36 Dated 28.9.46.

Para 1. SUSPICIOUS FOREIGNERS :

FM.1011/44. Frau Irmgard Bidder, wife of the ex-German Consul General in Shanghai, Hans Bidder, left Calcutta by C.N.A.C. plane for Shanghai on 17.9.46.

Para 2. CALCUTTA RIOTS :

C.L.18. Ernest Dharma, a Singhalese, who is staff correspondent of the United Press of America, during conversation gave his opinion that both the Governor of Bengal as well as the Muslim League Ministry were equally guilty with regard to "Calcutta's Blood Bath" and that it had been premeditated by the League Ministry.

Dharma has been trying to obtain snapshots of scenes during the riots.

Para 3. CHINESE AFFAIRS :

FM. 732/46. (A) Political .-

(i) WU Hsiao-ling (12748/4313/7215), Professor of Chinese history and language, Santiniketan, an associate of Prof. TAN Yun-shan and a correspondent of CHOU Hsiang-kung and Major General S.C.CHIAO, left Calcutta for China in S/S "KUTSANG" on 15.9.46. It is not known here whether he desires to return to India. In view of his contacts, it is preferable that he should not return.

C.L. 18
FP.1503. (ii) Chou Hsiang-kuang, whose attempts to make political capital out of the August communal riots in Calcutta, were last reviewed in this Survey No. 33 of 9.9.46, para 2(A)(v), left for Delhi about mid-September on a two weeks' visit. He has declared his intention of showing the staff correspondent of the Central News Agency of China, in New Delhi, and other well-known foreign journalists there, facts, figures and photographs proving that the reason for Police and Military inactivity in the riots was that the Governor and his Council of Ministers had abdicated in favour of Goonda Raj. Chou professes himself nauseated by the discrimination shown by the Muslims, led by the League leaders and the Bengal Ministry, in attacking Hindus but not Europeans.

FM.1311/46. (iii) Sherman Wang, Asst. Director of the Chinese Purchasing Commission in India, left for China by plane on 14.9.46.

FM. 538/46. (iv) A new branch of the Kuomintang has been founded at Shillong, Assam, with 31 members, according to an announcement in the Chinese Journal of India of the 20th September, 1946.

FM.1179/45. (v) At the request of UNRRA transmitted through the Central Overseas Department of the Chinese Government Kuomintang Headquarters in India is registering names of Overseas Chinese refugees, to enable them to be repatriated by

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UNRRA. Registration is due for completion by the end of September 1946.

FM.1020/44. (vi) In continuation of last week's note on the China Travel Service, it has been learnt from the Bombay Manager WU Yu-chang (12730/13429/390) who passed through Calcutta en route for China on 23.9.46, that the Bombay Agency closed down at the beginning of August. He stated that the reason for closing the agencies at Bombay and Calcutta was lack of business. He also stated that the China Travel Service in India was unable to perform normal travel agent's functions, such as provision of tickets, and in consequence, at Bombay, where it did not operate a hotel, had to confine its business to assisting Chinese to purchase tickets from recognised travel agents, find accommodation, and such-like. An announcement in the Chinese Journal of India states that China House, the hotel run by the China Travel Service in Calcutta, is closing down on account of expiry of the contract for the premises. If, as is probable, there are other reasons besides those given, they have not yet come to light.

(B) Associations :

FM.1082/44 (i) A new committee for the Hakka Association in Bombay was elected on 25th August. The newspaper announcement regarding this states that the newly elected members are strong supporters of the Association.

FM.1082/44. (ii) An attempt is being made by the Calcutta Branch of the Overseas Chinese Educational Association, Chairman Li Wei-pin, to obtain more members for the association.

(C) Labour: Nothing to report.

(D) Crime :

FM.1354/46. The three stowaways referred to by name in para 1(D)(i) of last week's Survey, have been fined Rs.200/- each by the Chief Presidency Magistrate for illegal entry and failure to register. They have paid the fine and expect to leave for Hongkong by plane about the 4th October, for the purpose of meeting the Compradores of S/S "KUTSANG" and obtaining from them the money entrusted to them, which, there is reason to believe, the Compradores are trying to make away with. Li Wei-pin, the local Hakka leader and subject of many previous references in this Survey, is using his influence in favour of these three Hakka couriers. Chen Lan-sun has not yet been identified as the owner of the K.M.T. membership card and the Consular Registration Card that he carried.

(E) Deserters : Nothing to report.

(F) Registration of Foreigners :

A.R.O. The following Chinese has been convicted for offence against the Indian Passport Act of 1930 and/or the Registration of Foreigners Act :-

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Name	Offence	Penalty	Date.
Ma Te Piao (7576/10845/ 9112)	U/s 5 of the Regn. of Foreigners Act - failure to report change of address.	Fine of Rs.20/- (Fine paid).	20.9.46.

(G) Passports :

FP.1551. (i) KO Ee-swee @ KAO I-shui (5927/5341/10128), deportee, left India on 15.9.46 in S/S "KUTSANG". He is referred to in para 4(F)(ii) of Survey No.9, dated 2.3.46.

(H) Newspapers : Nothing to report.

(I) Miscellaneous :

LOOK-OUT.

CHEN NI-HENG (658/8234/3905) alias CHI NI-HAN, Chinese national was arrested under section 4(1) of the Indian Passport Act on 12.3.46 for having no identity and travel document.

He stated on interrogation by this office that he was a refugee from Lashio, Burma, where he was working as a clerk with the Burma Yunnan Highway Bureau. He evacuated to Ledo in Assam during the last war sometime in July 1942 and he was employed there in Assam as a Clerk in 501 Chinese Post Office till June 1945.

He came to Calcutta in November 1945 in search of a job but could not secure one and continued to live on his savings. He is a native of Meihsien, Kwangtung, China, and is aged about 30 yrs.

He was convicted under the Registration of Foreigners' Act, 1939, for failure to register himself as an alien and was fined Rs.50/- in default two months' rigorous imprisonment by the Chief Presidency Magistrate, Calcutta, on 31.5.46.

He could not pay the fine and was released from the Presidency Jail, Alipore, in July last having served his sentence.

An order of deportation No.5032-Def. dated 10.9.45 under Section 3 of the Foreigners' Act,1940, has been issued against him by the Government of Bengal but he is not traceable at the address supplied. Local enquiries so far have proved unsuccessful in locating the man and Section Officers are requested to maintain 'look-out' for him. Any information available may forthwith be passed to the undersigned. His descriptive roll is as follows:

Complexion - Fair	Build - Medium
Age - 30 years	Hair - Black
Height - 5' 6"	Face - Oval

Identification: Scar on the right side of forehead,
Scar on the left side of belly.

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Corrigenda :

Noted for Correction a 30.9.46.

In Weekly Survey No.34 dated 14.9.46, in para 3(A)(iii), page 1, line 3, for "Major" read "Major-General".

In Weekly Survey No.35, dated 21.9.46, in para 2, page 2, after Li Hsien-Cheng add (6884/4530/734) and also correct the Giles in 9th line from bottom.

In Weekly Survey No.35 dated 21.9.46, in para D(i), page 4, 5th line from the end for "once" read "over".

Deputy Commissioner of Police,
Security Control, Calcutta.

SNC

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(As per distribution list attached to W.S.No;25 dated 22.6.46 and corrected up to Survey No.33 dated 9.9.46).

SECRET. CALCUTTA POLICE SECURITY CONTROL
WEEKLY SURVEY

No. 35

Dated 21.9.46.

SUPERINTENDENT, 23 SEP 1946 INTELLIGENCE BRANCH BENGAL

Para 1: CHINESE AFFAIRS:

FM 1020/44 (i) The China Travel Service has notified that it is closing down China House, 12 Russel Street, on the 16th September, after which date the business is being taken over by Mr G.A. Arratoon of 14A Galstaun Mansions. When run by the Travel Service this was a semi-official establishment for the accommodation of Chinese influential in political or smuggling circles, resident in or transient through Calcutta. Evasion of the law requiring names of guests in hotels to be registered and notified to the police, is believed to have been practised through a fiction of permitting persons staying in the hotel to pass as guests of residents whose names were duly recorded.

FM 1271/46 (ii) Dr B.K.BASU, of 121 Lower Circular Road (which is one of the offices of the CPI in Calcutta) has received a communist pamphlet from The Chinese Guide Daily of 946 Benavides St, Manila, P.I. The pamphlet is in Chinese, and is a re-print of an editorial of 6.4.46 in a newspaper not yet identified, violently attacking CHIANG Kai-shek. From Dr BASU's receipt of such a pamphlet, it is to be inferred that he or his immediate associates in the the CPI have Chinese communist contacts in India who can translate the pamphlet and make use of it. Possibly Dr BASU is one of those links between the Chinese Communist Party in China and abroad, and Chinese Communists in India, whose existence has been assumed but not previously established by this Office.

FM 538/46
FM 1355/46 (iii) A communication has been seen addressed by KMT Headquarters in India on 16.9.46 to 5 persons or institutions in various parts in India, evidently KMT branches or officials having executive powers, transmitting copy of Express Letter No. 35/1447 from the Central Overseas Department (comment: presumably in Nanking), stating that at a meeting in Canton on 27.4.46 the KWANG TUNG MIN MENG HSING TUNG WEI YUAN HUI (6397/12248/7908/7791/4624/12256/12557/13733/5184) (Query: Kwangtung Peoples' Alliance Executive Committee) changed its name to CHUNG KUO MIN CHU TSU CHIN HUI (2875/6609/7908/2526/11870/2075/6184) (Query: China Democratic Development Party), and 11 persons were elected executive supervisors. These supervisors are:-

1. TSAI Ting-chieh(11519/11284/1576)
2. TAN Chi-hsiu (10681/1110/4675)
3. LI Chang-ta (6884/390/19473)
4. LI Min-tien (6884/7908/11208)
5. CHANG Wei (416/12633) 6. YUN Ying-sen(13812/13294/9616)
7. MEI King-pin(7005/6579/9255)
8. CHEN Shao-kuang (658/9773/6389)
9. Mr HU (4930) 10. Mr CHIN (2093)

with TAN Tung-sheng (19681/12248/9880) as Secretary-General to TSAI Tin-chieh (11519/11284/1576)

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TSAI himself, the leading figure in this political party, would appear to be the former commander of the 19th Route Army, better known as TSAI Ting-kai, who distinguished himself during the fighting against the Japanese at Shanghai in 1932, when the 19th Route Army was in effect left by CHIANG Kai-shek isolated against them. The communication goes on to state that TSAI is going to Malaya and the Dutch East Indies for secret recruiting of young labourers and seamen to his party. KMT members in Malaya, India etc are instructed to take precautions against any such recruitment to this party, and to report anything that comes to light in this connection.

The addressees of this communication from KMT Headquarters in India are:- (6884/4530/734)

(a) LI Hsien-cheng, C/o L. Fooghy & Co, The Mall, Muree.

(b) LI Tien-ying (6884/11202/13308) C/o ABC Restaurant, 600 Elphinstone St, Karachi.

(c) The Chinese School, Darjeeling.

(d) The Chinese School, Kalimpong.

(e) CHIANG Ma-i @ CHUNG MO-yet (1218/7977/5485) Bakergunj, Patna.

Matters of immediate interest arising out of this intercept would appear to be:-

(a) The evidence it affords that the Kuomintang is continuing, both within China and abroad, that suppressive campaign against other parties in China, whether or not affiliated with the communists, which last came into world-wide notoriety with the assassination of Professor WEN Yi-ta and Mr LI Ching-po of the Democratic League in Kunming in June 1946.

(b) The disclosure of 2 hitherto unknown KMT officials or agents in India, viz:

(i) LI Hsien-cheng of L. Fooghy & Co., Murree. From the manner in which the letter to this individual was addressed, and from his Company's close affiliation with the China Company, P-16 Bentinck Street, Calcutta, proprietor YU Ching-po, subject of several previous Surveys and a local KMT worker of increasing importance, there is a strong possibility that L. Fooghy & Co itself, with branches at Murree, Rawalpindi and Lahore, is a KMT centre. If there are other branches of the firm not included in the list above, this Office may please be informed. Any information regarding LI Hsien-cheng (6884/11202/13308) will be appreciated.

(ii) CHIANG Ma-i @ CHUNG Ma-yet (1218/7977/5485), Bakergunj, Patna. Any information available regarding this individual will be appreciated

(c) The evidence it affords that the Chinese Government continues to undertake, through its party members, political activities of a police nature in foreign countries, necessarily involving the possibility of breaking the laws of those countries.

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(769)

As the Chinese characters for the majority of the Chinese political parties are not on record in Security Control, English names for the two parties mentioned in the Kuomintang letter are subject to verification. If any recipient of this Survey has the customary English equivalent of the Chinese parties mentioned, the information will be appreciated.

FM 1179/45
FM 516/46-II (iv) A source, believed reliable, states that in conversation recently regarding the difficulty of obtaining passage to China, a member of the staff of the Chinese Consulate General in Calcutta told him that as soon as China could obtain enough ships from U.S.A., Great Britain, and as reparations from Japan, she would form her own merchant marine; that thereafter no foreign shipping would be allowed to trade at Chinese ports (i.e. the former Treaty Ports) except American; that raw materials exported from China and goods imported to China would be required to be shipped or imported in Chinese vessels or under Chinese Government registration; and that in future British ships would not be allowed in Shanghai, or other Chinese ports, but would have to discharge or load at Hongkong, between which colony and China the trade would have to be carried on in Chinese vessels (comment: and presumably American vessels, see above).

FM 824/45. (v) "Heapson Fou Scheize Shar, 19 Blackburn Lane, Calcutta", has been noticed as a cover address for communications from the Commission for Overseas Affairs, Nanking, China, to "Counsellor" LIAO Tsai-hui (7064/1508/5154), proprietor of Eauchow Restaurant, Mission Row Extension, Calcutta. LIAO apparently holds some official post with the Commission, and reports to it on Overseas Chinese matters. His Restaurant in Calcutta is a very small business. His principal occupation is serving as agent for LI Wei-pin, a local "boss", particularly in respect of the latter's gambling interests, for both LI and LIAO are among the principal gambling proprietors among the Chinese community in Calcutta. LIAO is a member of the Committee of the Chinese Chamber of Commerce in Calcutta, an organization formed within the last 12 months by some of the more rascally businessmen of the community. It appears that he is now being given a more prominent and face-enlarging part in political matters, thus following the usual pattern of development of the successful Chinese crook.

(B). Associations.

FM 1082/44. (i) The Chinese Seamen Association, Calcutta Office, whose director is CHOW Sang, Seamen's boarding house proprietor and crimp, desires to enlarge its permanent staff by bringing in a correspondence secretary from Chungking, notwithstanding the progressive decrease in the number of Chinese seamen in India now that post-war repatriation by sea has begun. The name of the man whom it is desired to bring in from China is LUNG Liang-shih @ LENG Liang-shih(6869/7017/9992). Nothing is on record regarding him here. There is usually a close Kummintang connection with the seamen's association, and it may be expected that, if entry visa is granted by the Government of India, LUNG will be active politically and in some of the shadier transactions associated with Chinese seamen and shipping.

FM 1082/44. (ii) The Chinese Association for the promotion of aviation, referred to in para 3 (B) of this Survey No. 6 dated 9.2.46, is reported to be arranging to sell Chinese Government Aeronautical construction bonds, through the China Co of 16-P Bentinck Street, Calcutta, of which firm YU Ching-po, president of the Calcutta branch of the Association is proprietor. Illegal remittance was one of YU Ching po's specialities during the war.

(C) Labour : Nothing to report.

(D) Crime.

FM 1354/46. (i) Another vessel belonging to the Indo-China Steam Navigation Company, the s.s. KUTSANG, Calcutta Agents Messrs Jardine Skinner and Co., Hongkong Agents Messrs Jardine Matheson and Co., has been found carrying Chinese illegally on entry and departure, in circumstances that bear some similarity to the case of ss TAKSANG reported in W.S. 30 and 27 (para 2(D)(i) and 1 (D)(ii). Three men giving their names as YEH Cheng (12997/427), LIU Ta(7270/10473) and CHEN Lansun (658/6721/10435), were found stowed away as the vessel was about to leave Calcutta on 15.9.46. They stated that they had come to India by the vessel on the 23rd August, secretly, by favour of the second compradore CHENG Hsi-chin (724/4157/2321) and were leaving by favour of the same man. The circumstances in which they were found clearly implicated the first compradore also, K.P.LAM @ LIN Chieh-ping (7157/1518/9310). Secret information states that there was a much bigger illicit emigration in this ship than was actually disclosed. The three men caught are Hakkas, acting as couriers between Hakka communities abroad and in China. CHEN had come to Calcutta to float a trading company, and is believed to have collected ~~once~~ two lakhs of rupees from local shoemakers and others which he entrusted to the compradore. He was carrying KMT membership card No.02144 (India) made out in the name of CHEN Shuang-jung (658/10118/5754), and has another alias not yet established.

FM 1253/46
FM 1350/46 (ii) Increasing information is coming to hand indicating the extent of the export of narcotics from India to FMS and possibly beyond. A recent contraband shipment of 167 seers of opium, by the Chinese crew of ss SILVER ASH, which sailed from Calcutta to Singapore on 6.9.46, was bought in Calcutta for Rs 450/- a seer, and was expected to be sold in Singapore at Straits $ 1800 a seer. With such large profits, and local belief that the price in Singapore has risen rapidly in recent months (since the FAN Tin-ken gang was broken up), it must be expected that most ships on the run will be covering some transactions in narcotics.

(E) Deserters: Nothing to report.

(F) Registration of Foreigners.

FM 610/46-III (i) Anonymous information states that employees at the Chinese Restaurant, No. 1-A Regent Park, Tollygunge, Calcutta, (24-Parganas), are harbouring an unregistered Chinese, unemployed and an opium smoker. The criminal ranks of the Chinese community, whose activities have caused considerable concern in Calcutta, are being recruited largely from the un-

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-employed and unregistered Chinese, who appear to have friends and hide-outs in many parts of the mofussil.

(G) Passports.

FP 1558 (i) CHIH Lieh-fei (1018/7086/3483) @ CHICK Li-fei @ Tsigg Racville, Chinese national, who was brought into India by the C.I.W. as an interpreter and translator in September 1946, and was employed by the Far Eastern Bureau from 1.10.42 until 17.1.46 when he was discharged by the Bureau in India, is now being repatriated to China by the Military authorities, they having brought him into India in the first instance.

(H) Newspapers: Nothing to report.

(I) Miscellaneous: Nothing to report.

Deputy Commissioner of Police
Security Control, Calcutta.

RPC.

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B.P.O. By. No. 14725 dt- 30/9/46

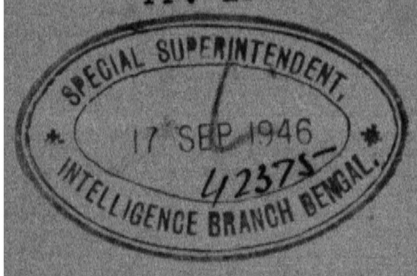
SECRET.

CALCUTTA POLICE SECURITY CONTROL
WEEKLY SURVEY.

No.34

Dated 14.9.46.

FP. 1603.



FM.655/44.

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357-42

Para 1. BRITISH ARMY DESERTERS:

Reference para 2 of Survey No.28 dated 13.7.46 Lieut D.T.DAVIES was attached to the RIASC at Ferozepur on 16.5.46, after being attached to other regiments, and deserted 24.6.46. His statement of being absent without leave for two years is false, and his C.O. has given the opinion that his story of having Russian contacts is also probably false.

Para 2. SUSPICIOUS FOREIGNERS :

One A. YERACOPOULOS, a Greek, Registree No.766 dated 26.10.44 of Lahore, left Calcutta for Bombay on 30.8.46.

He arrived at the Y.M.C.A. on 12.4.46, and left there on 30.4.46, allegedly for Greece via Madras. In actual fact he went to the Mahabodhi Society on 15.6.46, and became a Budhist on 13.7.46.

While living at the Mahabodhi Society premises, he stated that he had been a Captain in the British Army in Burma. While at the Y.M.C.A. he stated that he was in India on business.

When leaving the Y.M.C.A. he gave the following forwarding address.

92, Tsimiski Street, Salonika, Greece.

While at the Mahabodhi Society, he stated that he was going to Bombay, on his way home to Greece, and that the Government of India was paying for his passage.

Para 3. CHINESE AFFAIRS :

(A) Political .-

FM 811/46-III.

(i) S.F.CHE, late of the China Press, subject of previous Surveys, died of blood-poisoning in Calcutta on 21.8.46. He was to have left for China within a few days.

(ii) The Secretary, Indian Overseas Department, AICC, Allahabad, has forwarded to the Consul-General for China in Calcutta a copy of the AICC's press statement dated 4th September 1946 on the subject of the Asiatic land tenure and Indian Representation Act in South Africa, with the expression of a hope that the Consul-General will take early steps to move his Government to take part in the joint action at the next meeting of UNO which is suggested by Secretary, Passive Resistance Council of the Natal Indian Congress.

FM 562/45

(iii) From DIG., CID., Burma, information has been received, graded by him B-2, that a Chinese communist Major General CHING Sat-yuen and his Secretary Lieut. LEE Wen-tsen were expected in Rangoon from Mandalay about 20th August, and intended to proceed to Calcutta by sea or air. The information states that Major General CHING was reported to have spent 1½ lakhs of rupees in recruiting deserters in northern Burma to form a regiment 4500 strong to assist in harassing Central Government troops in Yunnan, and that he has recruited

his men in Burma with the help of S.K.KWAN, head of the CHUNG WAH Association of Myitkyina. His object in coming to Calcutta is stated to be to collect funds preparatory to flying to Myitkyina to collect his force.

The above individual's arrival in Calcutta has not been reported yet.

(B) Associations .-

FM.1194/46. At the fourth Committee meeting of the Overseas Chinese New Life Movement Association, held in Calcutta on 23.8.46, it was decided inter alia that membership fee should be Rs.5/- per person.

(C) Labour .- Nothing to report.

(D) Crime .-

FM.1107/46-IV (i) Three Chou Gang (see last week's Survey paragraph 2(D)(iii)).

The following members and associates were arrested on 7.9.46, in a raid on gambling dens and opium dens at No.83 Phears Lane, and in supplementary raids the same day :-

1. CHOU Hing (No.2 in the list of last week's Survey)
2. CHOU Kong, either No.1 or No.3 in the list of last week's Survey. He gave an alias and a false registration certificate, when arrested, and his character for the second name given has not been ascertained. He is not yet fully identified, except that he is one of the 3 CHOU brothers He offered a bribe of Rs.1200/- to a Sergeant to effect his escape, so he will be charged with attempted bribery, in addition to charges of carrying false identity papers (under the D.I.Rules), of illegal entry, and of possessing unlicensed ammunition.
3. HUANG Kuei-lin, No.5 in the list of last week's Survey.)
4. SOO Tsui-sai, R.C.No.127, proprietor of an establishment where Mahjjong (gambling) is played at 83 Phears Lane, and the man who rented out to the 3 CHOU brothers, for Rs.250-Rs.350 a month, a room at 83 Phears Lane, where they had lately been running their own gaming establishment.
5. PO Tsai (see last week's Survey).
6. MAJI (see last week's Survey).
7. Four other persons not yet fully identified.
8. Five persons charged under the Gambling Act, who have been convicted and fined, and who are under interrogation regarding their possible connection with the gang.

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Unexpectedly, the two CHOUs were not carrying their guns when arrested. The major cases against them may therefore have to be abandoned. The third brother had not come to their gambling establishment when the police arrived, and so escaped arrest.

FM.1195/45
FM.1123/44.

(ii) A Thibetan who appears to have taken Tsewang Renzin's place since the beginning of August as courier or agent for arranging passages of Thibetans moving between Calcutta and Kalimpong in circumstances that suggest traffic in women, has been tentatively identified as AMDO SONAM @ HUA Teng-ko (5502/10856/6089), Calcutta R.C.No.13587 of 1944. If the identification is correct, he is a Chinese correctly registered as such, but passing as a Thibetan.

(E) Deserters .- Nothing to report.

(F) Registration of Foreigners .-

ARO

The following Chinese have been convicted for offence against the Indian Passport Act of 1930 and/or the Registration of Foreigners Act :-

Name	Offence	Penalty	Date
MAO Hsin (7679/4562)	Failure to report change of address	Fine of Rs20 (Fine paid)	4.9.46
Mr. LAU Kar @ LIU Chia (7270/1158)	Illegal entry into British India	Fine of Rs60 (Fine paid)	15.8.46
Chau Kwai (658/6491) @ C.Gum @ Mrs. Lau Kar	"	"	"
MAN Tu (7622/12089)	"	Fine of Rs50/- (Fine paid)	4.9.46

(G) Passports .-

F.P.1604.

(i) Miss ONG Tilly-nio (12493/10845/8241), subject of W.S.No.31, dated 3.8.46, paragraph 1(G)(iii), has been permitted by Government of India to proceed to Bangalore, where steps are being taken to obtain the usual guarantees necessary before entry visa is issued.

FM.1190/45.

(ii) YA Pa-to @ ABUT DOU @ ABDUL, a Chinese Muslim from Chinghai, arrived in Calcutta via Thibet and Kalimpong in August 1946, without entry visa, bound on pilgrimage to Mecca. Conviction for illegal entry being doubtful in this case, Government is being requested to legalise entry.

(H) Newspapers .-
(I) Miscellaneous .- Nothing to report.

LOOK OUT.

FP.1540.

Reference this office Weekly Survey No.35 dated 1.9.45, paragraph 7(ii). The Government of India in their letter No.3/12/44-Poll(E), dated 19.10.45, instructed that both these men should be

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deported to China by sea as soon as sea-routes were opened. FENG Tseng-wen (3586/11718/12633) left for Singapore on 20.7.46.

LU Chi ming (7520/1110/7946) is believed to be still in India and it is requested that a look out may please be maintained for him and results communicated to the undersigned. Orders of deportation have been applied for.

Issue L/O when
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addl. for duplicate Copy.
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20.9.46.

Deputy Commissioner of Police
Security Control, Calcutta.

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C.R.E.T. CALCUTTA POLICE SECURITY CONTROL
WEEKLY SURVEY.

.55. Dated 9.9.46.

Para 1. INTERNATIONAL SMUGGLING RING (H. Organization): Ref. para 2 of this Survey No.26 dated 29.6.46.

S.S. "HICKORY GHYLL", in port since early May awaiting British Government instructions, is leaving Calcutta for Durban, South Africa, on 16.8.46, for repairs to her electric winches. Future movements are uncertain, but it is reported that she may proceed after repairs to Singapore, for an eastern run. It is also reported that Jardine Matheson & Co., her present agents on behalf of the British Government, may give up the agency.

C.I.D., Bengal handwriting expert is of the opinion that John STEPHENSON, Purser, did not write the letter of 21st June regarding the organization. STEPHENSON remains under suspicion of having handled the letter, and a discreet eye should be kept on his activities and contacts.

LOFT, the ship's electrician (who found the letter and made it over to the Police), while expressing no apprehension over the outcome, provided he were not completely surprised, feared that STEPHENSON might engineer an "accident" for him if he suspected the letter had fallen into Police hands through his (LOFT's) agency.

Para 2. CHINESE AFFAIRS :

(i) Political .-

(i) Consul-General C.P.CHEN left by plane for England on special official duties on 29.8.46. He is expected, after a short stay in England, to proceed to Manila as the first Chinese Minister to the Philippine Republic. His Secretary in the Consulate here, L.K.CHEN, accompanied him as "Special Commissioner".

(ii) LIU Shou-shan (7270/10019/9663) of the local Chinese Consulate General, left Calcutta on 2.9.46 for Manila, where he has been appointed on promotion to the staff of Chinese Legation in Philippines.

(iii) 3rd September has been observed by the Chinese Government and by organs under its control, as the first anniversary of the victory over the Japanese.

(iv) The Chinese Ambassador to Iran, CHENG-I-tung (724/5395/12269), arrived Calcutta on 28.8.46 on his way to Iran.

(v) The Calcutta communal disturbances commencing on the 16th of August have afforded CHOU Hsiang-kung further opportunity to utter the scurrilous type of disruptive propaganda that has been noted in previous Surveys as occupying this individual. He has remarked recently in a discussion on the riots that they could have been avoided if H.E. the Governor had not given a blank cheque to the Muslim Premier of

Bengal; that it was clear that the British intended to employ the method of 'divide and rule' in India in order to perpetuate their rule; that the carnage witnessed on 'Direct Action' day (16th August) and the days following would blacken the record of any decent Government, but that the British and their henchmen in India were lost to all canons of decency; and that he had seen photographs taken by staff correspondents of the United Press of America and the Associated Press of America depicting sergeants of the Calcutta Police inciting Muslim hooligans to acts of plunder and arson.

(vi) Sir S. RADHAKRISHNAN, Vice-Chancellor, Benares Hindu University, has written to the Consul-General for China in Calcutta, asking him to transmit an invitation to Dr. TAI Chi-tao to attend Convocation on 15th December 1946 and receive the degree of Doctor of Letters, Honoris Causa, which will be conferred on him for his great services to Buddhism and Chinese nationalism. Dr. TAI is one of the senior statesmen and Kuomintang members in the Chinese Government, and is President of the Examination Yuan. In his youth he studied at the Japanese Imperial University, Tokyo.

(B) Associations .-

/44. (i) Chinese self-help has been noticeable after the recent communal disturbances in Calcutta. Large scale looting and murder took place in Chinatown, where numbers of Hindus and Muslims reside. The Chinese Journal of India of 24.8.46 reports that in addition to the Hsing Shih (4608/9969) Dramatic Arts Association, many other Chinese organizations are taking part voluntarily in cleaning up the streets in Chinatown, and purchasing disinfectants for the purpose at their own expense "since the Government issue of disinfectants has not yet been received". A fund is being collected under the leadership of the local Hsing Chiao branch of Kuomintang Headquarters and various local Chinese organizations, for the removal of Indian corpses from Chinatown. A sum of Rs.1,389/- is said to have been collected up to the 24th of August.

/46. (ii) The Chinese Journal of India of 25.8.46 reports the formation by the Kuomintang Headquarters in India of a "Cultural Movement Committee Association", for improvement of education, general cultural interests, and encouragement among Overseas Chinese of study of music and dramatic arts. Persons of interest among the committee are LI Ming (6942/7946), a Kuomintang worker among Chinese seamen who has been mentioned in previous Surveys, and TU Tao-chou (12043/10780/2450), a Kuomintang enthusiast in India whose orders of deportation, served because he was in India illegally, have recently been suspended for six months by the Government of Bengal, since when he has become Principal of the Chinese School in Darjeeling.

1082/44. (iii) The Chung Hua Association is to be renamed "General Association of Overseas Chinese in India". The Committee officially state that the change has been made in order to increase the scale of self-government of Chinese Overseas organizations.

538/46. (iv) The Kuomintang Headquarters in India celebrated Teachers' Day on 27.8.46 with an all-day meeting of over 200 teachers and students of various

local Chinese schools. The programme comprised speeches on the teachings of Confucius, and the importance of improving educational standards; a concert; a luncheon for Chinese teachers present; and a basket-ball match.

(C) Labour.- Nothing to report.

(D) Crime.-

/46. (i) LIANG Yun-sheng (7021/13812/9876), who absconded from police custody while under arrest for murder, as reported in the look-out section of this Survey No.27 of 6.7.46, was rearrested on 11.8.46 by local police, after a struggle in which LIANG mortally wounded one Head Constable and wounded two sergeants and a constable. He would have escaped on this occasion had it not been for the gallantry of this mortally wounded Head Constable in grappling with him after being wounded. He is being charged with escaping from police custody, and murder. It appears from interrogation that he was a member of LIN Shao-ju's gang (see para 1(D)(ii) of last week's Survey).

He claims that he was being sheltered on the night of his arrest by an itinerant barber Fuk Chai of 19 Chattawala Gullee and his friend NG Sung. These men, who are liable to arrest u/s 212 I.P.C., have disappeared from their known address.

(ii) YAO Tsoong-kung @ YAO Chung-ken (12935/2877/5974), Calcutta R.C. No.5032 of 13.4.42, arrested for robbery at 3 Srinath Babu Lane on 4.4.46 (see para 3(D)(i) of Survey No.16 dated 20.4.46) was convicted on 5.4.46 and sentenced to eighteen months' R.I. He had previously come to Police notice in 1944 when, found in possession of papers which did not belong to him, he was arrested under para 7 of the Foreigners Order on 16.11.44 on suspicion of being a deserter from CAI. He was released from detention on 12.12.44.

46-W. (iii) LIN SHAO-JU REMNANT GANG or THREE CHOU (2450) GANG: (Ref. para 1(D)(ii) of last week's Survey).-

This dangerous remnant, responsible in part for the shooting affray in Tirretta Bazar St., on 27.6.46 (see para 1(D)(b) of Survey No. 26 dated 29.6.46), and possessing a number of guns, is now known to be headed by three men using the same surname and calling themselves brothers. The three brothers are said to make Rs.200/- a day out of protecting a large gambling lottery. The Chinese community some time back offered to pay a large sum of money and repatriate them but the offer was refused. There are reports, which it will not be possible to confirm until they have been taken into custody, that they were hired for A PAN's murder. They appear to be available for hire for any criminal activity that is desired. Known members of the gang are :-

1. CHOU Tsai (2450/11493) @ CHOU Chih-ming (2450/1918/7946), probably the leader, a tall man, native of Sze Ip District Kwangtung. An ex-driver formerly employed in CSD Machinery Workshops, Shamnagar.

2. CHOU Hing @ CHOU Hsing (2450/4611), referred to in last week's Survey. He was convicted for smuggling opium.

3. CHOU Kan-po (?2450/?5844/?9336), native of Sze Ip District Kwangtung, a tall man.

4. LIANG Yun-sheng (7021/13812/9876), now arrested, see above.

5. HUANG Kuei-lin (5124/6435/7157) of the South Seas Mechanics Association.

6. TENG Tai (10870/10573), Calcutta R.C. No. 3988 of 7.4.42, convicted for opium smuggling.

7. HSIEH Chieh-chen (4432/1499/648).

Close associates not identified as main members of the gang :

1. Po TSAI (subject of note at para 2(D)(iii) of this Survey No.30 of 29.7.46 and previous Surveys).

2. MAJI (subject of note at para 2(D)(iii) of this Survey No.30 of 29.7.46). This woman now has three or four girls at her establishment at 54 Metcalfe Street, for purposes of prostitution.

3. NANAK AHMED, Sino-Indian from Hongkong, aged about 26, left Calcutta for Lahore late June or early July 1946.

4. LI Yun-lung (6884/13812/7479), 24-Parganas R.C.No.2032 of 4.10.45.

3/46
3/46 (iv) WU Fu-ju (12748/3707/5668) @ NG-yee was fined Rs.150/- for possession of half a seer of contraband opium found in his premises when they were searched on 27.7.46 in connection with the murder of A PAN. WU is registered in Calcutta. His means of subsistence is uncertain.

(v) A PAN Murder :

Maung YIK (para 1(D)(ii) of this Survey No.31 dated 3.8.46) has gone to Burma. Search of premises of a contact in Calcutta revealed a letter awaiting posting to him, addressed in English under the name Ah YICK 140, 19 Street, Rangoon, Burma. Information regarding his present whereabouts will be appreciated.

(vi) FAN Ting-ken Gang :

KUNG Van-mao and TUNG Fu-ken, members of this gang, and sentenced to one month's S.I. for illegal entry into India, as reported in para 2(D)(i) of this Survey No.30, dated 29.7.46, are shipping on the s.s."EGORLOCK", Agents Messrs. Moller (India) Limited, due to sail from Calcutta on 7.9.46 for Shanghai via Bombay. KUNG is signing on as boatswain and TUNG as crew's cook. There is a Chinese crew of 50, all engaged in Calcutta 3 days before sailing. KUNG and TUNG have been permitted to sign on, on the proviso they are not to be signed off at any port in British India, deportation orders against them having been requested but not yet issued. As a Chinese boatswain customarily takes a large part

in the appointment of a Chinese crew, it is suspected that many of the EGORLOCK crew have interest or prior connections with KUNG, and in view of the past record of this gang for illicit activities including smuggling of narcotics, close attention should be paid to the ship and her crew in any port which she visits in British India. The Agents have been noticeably reticent regarding the manner in which this crew was recruited, a fact which may have significance in view of the past reputation of the Company.

(E) Deserters .- Nothing to report.

(F) Registration of Foreigners .-

(i) The following Chinese have been convicted for offences against the Indian Passport Act of 1930 and/or the Registration of Foreigners Act.
(N.B. Convictions subsequent to the second week in August will be listed in next week's Survey).

Name.	Offence	Penalty	Date
Mrs. MEI Lei-wan @ Mrs. WAN Mei-lei @ Mrs. CHUANG Mei-li (5124/7127/6891)	Failure to report change of registered address.	Fine of Rs.50/-	14.8.46.
COMMENT: The woman living with FAN Ting- leader.			

(G) Passports .-

(i) LI Yin-ho (6884/13294/3945), who entered India illegally from Tibet, early this year, as reported in para 4(F)(i)(b) of Weekly Survey No.5 dated 2.3.46, is now, under Government of Bengal's instructions dated 29.6.46, subject to prosecution u/s 4 Passport Act for illegal entry, but he is no longer traceable in Calcutta. It is reported that he left India for Tibet in May 1946. He has not reported departure to the Police, here or at the frontier.

(H) Newspapers .-
(I) Miscellaneous .- } Nothing to report.

Note The failure to issue copies of this Survey during the last four weeks is regretted but was due to officers of this department being engaged on riot duty.

Deputy Commissioner of Police,
Security Control, Calcutta.

Copy forwarded to:-
(As per distribution list attached to W.S.No.25 dated 22.6.46 read with W.S.No.30 d/- 29.7.46)

Corrigendum : Please delete the last name -
"Military Intelligence Officer, Calcutta"
from the distribution list attached to Survey No.25 dated 22.6.46.

D. C. S. B.

Secret

No 18612 / 357-42 (For) dt 21/9

(137)

Telegram

* p.757.

In enclosing herewith an extract* from the Nationalist of 12.9.46, I would request you to let me know if the information regarding some pistols and carbines of American origin having been recovered from some sikhs during the Calcutta riots is correct.

Issue pl. type a spare copy.

~~Rec'd~~ 21.10.46.

5s IV

Copy

Amritsar

D.I.G., C.I.D., Assam.

IT on 1.11.46 - p.783

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p.757. Extract from The Nationalist of 12.9.46

Reply p.784

No 18611/357-42 (For) of 21/9

Copy forwarded to _____ for favour of information and comment, if any. The individual was mentioned in Calcutta Police Security Control Weekly Review Nos. 22 and 23 of
p.707 1.6.46 and 8.6.46 respectively.
p.714.

Issue.
Pl. type a shade
copy.

Recn 21.10.46
1.11.46 (p.783)

AMERICAN ARMS FOR CALCUTTA RIOTEERS

Hiding Deserters' Illegal Traffic From Assam

Some Pistols And Carbines Seized

The New Delhi correspondent of the 'Bharat Jyoti' of Bombay writes:—

Hundreds of American deserters hiding in the Assam mountains, particularly in Khasi Hills, are engaged in black-marketing and various types of gangsterism, according to an American source in Delhi. They are still in possession of their jeeps and other military equipment, which they sell in India in black-markets.

Some pistols and carbines of American origin were recovered from some Sikhs during the Calcutta riots, according to an American correspondent who was in Calcutta during the tragic riots. British Military authorities have not been able to do much because legal hitches complicated the situation regarding American GIs in tribal country.

Up till now only five ringleaders have been captured and one Morrison, son of former American Missionery in India is implicated in 30 murders.

Although the exact number of deserters is not known, it is estimated that thousands of American GIs are classed as deserters by the American authorities in the China theatre. Nobody knows anything about them, but it is believed a considerable number have settled in the Khasi hills among the Khasi hillmen and many of them are marrying Khasi girls.

Pl put up on F. 357-43 For with reference to Morrison.

Beaman. 12/9.

P.P.O. Dy. No. 1331-S. 30/8/46

SECRET.

CALCUTTA POLICE SECURITY CONTROL
WEEKLY SURVEY.

No.32. Dated 10.8.46.

Para 1. CHINESE AFFAIRS :

(A) Political .-

70/45. (i) Further to Survey No.26 of 1946, para 1(A)(ii), the local Chinese press has published a special Nanking report giving an elaboration of the Chinese Government's plans for the control of education of Overseas Chinese, within China and abroad. So far as Chinese abroad are concerned, it is interesting to note the special position of the Commission on Overseas Chinese Affairs; the chief directorate for the education of Chinese overseas, says the report, will be with the Commission; assistant directorates will be established in the Ministry of Foreign Affairs and the Ministry of Education. The Ministry of Education will take precedence within China, and the Commission on Overseas Chinese Affairs will include an assistant directorate under the Ministry. "The Commission on Overseas Chinese Affairs will have authority to issue directions to Chinese Consular officers overseas in connexion with matters concerning the education of Overseas Chinese".

38/46. (ii) The Kuomintang-in-India Headquarters elected new Executive and Supervisory Committees on 4th Aug., following a ceremony performed by T.T.SHEN, Acting Consul-General. The ten new members of the Executive Committee, five Reserve Committee, five Supervisory Board and two Spare Members, are, so far as is known at present, very much the same group shuffled round. Consul-General CHEN Chih-ping has been elected, in absentia, to the Executive Committee, despite his new appointment.

16/46. (iii) The wording of a "public notice" issued by the Chinese Consulate-General and published in the Chinese Journal of India of Aug. 3rd contained pointed reference to the "Oppressive contracts and unfair treatment" to which Chinese seamen were subject by "foreigners". The advertisement is no less objectionable by being, in fact, an official order of the Chinese Ministry of Foreign Affairs, and quoted as such. The following extract is perhaps the least desirable feature: "Requests are being made to this Ministry (Ministry of Foreign Affairs) that Chinese Consulates should be notified to the effect that the conditions of any future contracts involving payment for labour for Overseas Chinese must henceforward be carefully studied before the contract is completed. Overseas Chinese are henceforth to be informed that all future contracts made between Overseas Chinese and foreigners are to be negotiated through the Chinese Consulate, the officials of which will be held responsible for the fairness of the conditions of the contract. This refers to all Overseas Chinese as well as Seamen's Associations".

(B) Associations .-

16. (i) All Burma-Chinese in India have been invited by WU Cheng (12748/692), "Chief Executive Officer of the Burma-Chinese Co-operative Association in India" and General Secretary of the Burma-Chinese

Association, to register their names at the Overseas Chinese Syndicate in opposition to the present ruling that only British-born Chinese may return to Burma without the production of passport and other formalities. This is said to be for the purpose of entering into negotiation with the authorities concerned to secure equal treatment for Chinese of British and non-British birth who are domiciled in Burma.

6/45. (ii) Opposition to the collection of the tax for additional police in Chinatown has crystalized and is being given shape by the local Chinese Chamber of Commerce (Chairman - YU Ching-po, who has frequently appeared in these surveys). At a committee meeting held on Aug 6th the tax was the principal subject of discussion, and a fuller meeting is to be held this afternoon, when it is expected that a decision will be taken as to the course of action. A suggestion has been made that if a protest to Government goes unheeded, recourse will be had to legal processes.

(C) Labour .- Nothing to report.

(D) Crime .-

/46. (i) LIN Shao-ju and TUNG Shao-hsiung, arrested on 8.6.46 u/s 19-A and 19-F of Arms Act (see this Survey No.24, para 1(D)(i)), have been sentenced to one month's r.i., u/s 224 I.P.C. for their attempt to escape from police custody when first brought before the Magistrate. They have not been challaned yet for their principal offence.

F.1107/46-IV. (ii) Secret reports show that when LIN Shao-ju and other members of his gang were arrested on 8.8.46, there were several members of the gang who were not at the headquarters at 21 Umadas Lane, and so escaped detection and arrest. These men, whose number has been reported as 20 at the outside, and probably exaggerated at that, possess arms, and certain of them are reported to carry arms with them consistently. They have been active lately in the gambling protection racket. One of the number, reported as the second in command of the present active gang, has been identified as CHOW Hing @ CHOU Hsing (2450/4611), R.C. No.4442/Calcutta of 9.4.42. (He is credibly reported as present at the shooting affray mentioned in Weekly Survey No.26 of 1946, para 1(D)(b). The leader is a tall Chinese, usually wearing a ring on the 1st, 2nd and 3rd finger of one hand or the other, and not yet identified. Another tall Chinese in the gang is frequently with this leader and CHOU Hsing.

(iii) TAN Wu-hua (10681/12697/5005) reports theft of a suitcase from his lodgings at No.91, Phears Lane on 28.7.46, the suitcase said to contain Rs.50/- in cash, some clothing, and his registration certificate which is said to have been issued by 24-Parganas.

(iv) Another Singapore contact of the FAN Ting-ken gang was stated by HSIEH Kai-shun, member of the gang now in custody, during the course of interrogation, to be YANG Yin-po

(12878/13253/8720) owner of the PARLO Chinese Restaurant (comment: spelling phonetic) near the Cathay Cinema.

(E) Deserters .- Nothing to report.

(F) Registration of Foreigners .-

16 2-II. (i) The undermentioned 5 Chinese seamen were signed on s.s. "GLORIA" in Calcutta on 8.4.46. They were seamen repatriates, permitted temporary residence in India under the terms of Home Department No.61/43-Political (E), dated 10.6.43, to the Govt. of Bengal (see Weekly Survey No.65 dated 17.7.43). A telegram from the British Consulate in Saigon to Government of Bengal and Government of India stated that these men were to be signed off in Singapore, and requested that they should be "repatriated to Calcutta in accordance with the provisions of the agreement signed in Calcutta on 29th March. In view of their status, and of the Govt. of India directive referred to above, it seems that these men ought not to be permitted re-entry into India. The Provincial Government has adopted this view, in reporting to Government of India.

It is inevitable that Chinese seamen signed on in Calcutta will, if they wish to continue residence in India, endeavour to have Calcutta regarded as their "Home-port", to which they should be returned if signed off elsewhere. Exclusion of the large number of seamen repatriates, entitled to temporary residence only, may present a problem in practice owing to shipping laws which can be quoted to support a claim for signing off at, or return to, the port at which they were signed on for the voyage. Efficacy of the proviso not to be signed off at any port in British India, to be endorsed on shipping documents at the time of signing on, has yet to be tested in other than special cases.

(1) KONG Ah-pun @ CHIANG A-ping (1208/1/9273)
(2) CHAN Kam @ CHEN Chin (658/2068)
(3) TAN Sin-yap @ CHEN Shan-yeh (658/9710/12991)
(4) CHOW Tin @ CHOU Tien (2450/11212)
(5) CHOW Lin @ CHOW Lien (2450/7109)

(ii) Up-to-date the total number of Chinese registrees checked is 7,214 and the total number of certificates re-issued is 7,112.

(G) Passports .-

(i) LIU Chia (7270/1158) @ LAN Kar @ L. Kar and CHAN Kwai (658/6491) @ C. Gum@ Mrs. LAN Kar, holders of Chinese passports Nos.1213 and 1214 issued in Johannesburg on 18.2.46 for a journey to China via Hongkong, India, and Laurenco Marques, arrived in Calcutta on 3.8.46 on British s.s. "INCHANGA", Agents Messrs Graham Trading Co., Ltd., from Durban, South Africa. The vessel had touched at Colombo and Madras en route to Calcutta, her port of final destination. The two were entered in the ship's passenger-list as man and wife. Detailed interrogation has now disclosed that they are step-son and step-mother. LIU Chia states that they travelled as man and wife in order to save fare. This man's manner in answering questions does not inspire confidence, but there is no present reason to disbelieve his explanation. If true, it is an interesting

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example of the lengths to which a well-to-do Chinese (for he left South Africa officially permitted to carry £ 6,800 in starling drafts, letters of credit, and travellers' cheques) will go to save a few pounds. Their passports do not bear any form of endorsement or exit permit by South African Police or other Government authorities. Their passports were not visaed for any port en route, nor for India, nor for Hongkong, which they have stated during interrogation here to be their ultimate destination. They arrived at a time when communications were completely broken by local telephone and other strikes, and were by error at the Dockside permitted ashore instead of being kept on board the ship for return to South Africa. They are being prosecuted for illegal entry.

I.O. 1608.

(ii) TANG Sin-jang (subject No.3 of para 1(F) (i) of last week's Survey), Chinese seaman ex-s.s. STAGPOOL, arrived in Calcutta as a stowaway on board the American s.s. MARINE LYNX, American Government transport now being operated commercially - Agents: Messrs McLeod & Co., on 23.7.46. Circumstances necessitated departure from the normal, and correct, procedure of keeping him on board so that he could be returned on the same ship to the port where he originally stowed away. He was prosecuted and sentenced to one month's imprisonment u/s 4, Passport Act. Deportation orders have been requested.

James Lumsden

Deputy Commissioner of Police,
Security Control, Calcutta.

SNC.

Copy forwarded to :-
(As per distribution list attached to W.S.No. 25 dated 22.5.46 read with W.S.No.30 dated 29.7.46).

SECRET.

CALCUTTA POLICE SECURITY CONTROL WEEKLY SURVEY.

No.31. B.P.O. Dy. No. 1260-S 89/8/46. Dated 3.8.46.

Para 1. CHINESE AFFAIRS:

(A) Political.-
(B) Association .-
(C) Labour .- | Nothing to report.

(D) Crime .-

..9/46. (i) TUNG I-ta, member of the FAN Ting-ken gang, and subject of previous surveys, who had been released from custody pending issue of deportation orders applied for, has been reliably reported to be about to disappear from Calcutta and to have been spreading reports regarding recent arrests in the FAN Ting-ken gang case that might have endangered life. He was therefore re-arrested under paragraph 7 of the Foreigners Order on 31.7.46. Search of his premises revealed that he had living with him a Shanghai Chinese named MA Te-piao (7576/10845/9112) @ MA Wen-kang (7576/12633/5895) @ MO Van-kuan. This individual was released from Pai-force in 1945. There is no record of his legal entry into India prior to his recruitment in Pai-force. There are secret reports, substantiated by the large number of Burma addresses found in his possession, that during the last few months he has visited Burma illegally by land, and on returning from one trip, murdered his Chinese companion for money, and from another, murdered 2 Burmese in similar circumstances. These alleged murders are understood to have taken place in Burma near the Indo-Burmese frontier. He has been detained for inquiries.

..1342/46. (ii) Murder of A Pan (Ref: last week's Survey)

The deceased man has been discovered to have been in the habit of paying sums of money, in circumstances which he kept strictly secret even from his mother and wife, to a man who is evidently in close contact with Chinese gangsters, and may have been the actual agent for hiring the gangsters who shot him. This suspect is MAUNG YEIK, Sino-Burmese, British subject, Calcutta registree No.273/XVI/42 of 19.7.43. He disappeared from his last known residence immediately after the murder. Available description is :

Age 39 yrs. | 5'-3" in height.
Complexion rather dark | Speaks English, Burmese
Born in Rangoon, | and Chinese.

A discreet watch may please be maintained for him, and this office informed immediately if traced. He is probably not as yet aware of the police interest in him.

(E) Deserters .- Nothing to report.

(F) Registration of Foreigners .-

A.R.O. & 1107/46-III. (i) The following Chinese have been convicted for offences against the Indian Passport Act of 1930 and/or the Registration of Foreigners Act

Name	Offence.	Penalty	Date
1. CHAR Fon-lu @ HSIEH Huang-liu (4432/5115/7186)	Failure to register	Fine of Rs.25/-	30.7.46
2. THAM Wai-chong @ AH Foong (10681/12503/2770). (3 previous convictions. Deportation Orders are being applied for).	"	Fine of Rs.50/-	"
3. TANG Sin-jang (Chinese seaman)	Illegal entry.	S.I. for one month	23.7.46.

(ii) The following Aliens Registration Certificate has been reported during the past week as having been lost :-

TAN Wo-hua (10681/12687/5005), Aliens R.C. and Consular R.C. number and place of issue not known.

(G) Passports .-

(i) Two Chinese FENG Ju-ken (3586/5666/5974) and CHIN Ming-feng (2093/796C/3529) arrived by RAF plane from Hongkong on 5.7.46. Their passports each bear Shanghai visa No.1. FENG is an opium-smoker, a gambling-protector, and a smuggler, who would not have been allowed back to India if the characters of his name had been correctly given at the time of his application for return visa, and his real record traced. It is possible that he may make for Bombay. Attention should be paid to him in whatever part of India he resides.

(iii) Miss ONG TILLY NIO @ WANG Te-niang (12493/10845/8241), a Chinese citizen of NEI domicile, arrived in India by RAF plane from Sumatra via Singapore on 22.7.46 under Air Movement authority issued at Medan. She has no visa authorizing entry into India. The purpose of her journey is stated to be marriage to an Indian doctor at Bangalore. Pending clarification, the RAF is providing accommodation for her in Calcutta.

(iii) There are indications that Chinese in Singapore believe that CHOW SANG, Chinese Seamen's Boarding-house proprietor in Calcutta and subject of numerous references in these Surveys, can arrange for illegal entry into Calcutta.

(iv) Four Chinese nationals, CHEN Shan-chang (658/9710/408), HSU Wan-fu (4761/12486/3707), HSU Ssu-fang (4761/10291/3448), and CHANG Chen-chang (416/589/427) arrived here from Burma by s.s. SIRSA on 24.7.46 without any entry visa. They were not permitted to land, and were instructed to return to Rangoon by the same vessel.

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M.1065/45-II.

(v) Miss Norma CHU of Chinese race, nationality uncertain, who arrived in India from Burma in June 1945 by USAAF transport, without passport, and now holding a Government of Burma permit to return to Burma, left by s.s. ETHIOPIA for Rangoon on 30.7.46.

Corrected vide 58-46.

CORRIGENDA :

Ref. W.S.No.30 dated 29.7.46 -

page 2, four lines from bottom - Please read the word 'and' after Nepalese as 'as'.

page 2, six and eighteen lines from bottom - For "GLEN AFRICAN" read "GLEN AFFARIC".

Deputy Commissioner of Police,
Security Control, Calcutta.

Copy forwarded to :-
(As per distribution list attached to W.S. No.25 dated 22.6.46 read with W.S.No.30 dated 29.7.46).

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names have been black-listed here in Calcutta, and it is suggested that they should be black-listed at other ports in British India. The two FANs are brothers of FAN Ting-ken. FAN lien-ken appears to be a typical Shanghai gangster. FAN Pin-ken was signed on the ship through his influence for this trip, apparently for the smuggling that was intended to be developed.

Steven PETER Loh @ LO Ching-chi (7291/2144/850), a local merchant, is apparently implicated in the gang's shipments of opium to Singapore, and other clandestine shipments, and boasted in prison of his attempts to sell arms to Indian Revolutionists. He has been discharged for lack of evidence. His close connection with WU T'ien-ching (12478/11212/318) and HSIEH Kai-shun (4432/5794/10143), the latter known and the former suspected to be members of the gang, came out during the course of interrogation. Since his release LOH has been assaulted and stabbed at his residence by an Anglo-Burman named Leslie Hasler FRENCH, a fellow employee of LOH under the U.S.Government OSS in Calcutta in which organization the two men were employed recruiting Burmese agents for the Americans. The reason for the assault is not yet clear. LOH is an opium-smoker. He has been operating a company known as Cathey Hindusthan Trading Company, which has not been observed to have done any business as yet. Since last May 1946 he has been partner of one V.F.FAIT, a Czech national, Peshawar registree, who claims to have represented SKODA's in Persia and Afghanistan for 15 years, prior to his arrival in India in 1945. The company in which LOH and FAIT are partners is Steven Fait Company, Importers & Exporters, Room No.99, Grand Hotel, Calcutta, doing business with Rangoon and Singapore, and attempting to extend business to Shanghai, where FAIT claims to have business connections with Frank SHU, a very wealthy businessman who held a British Commission in the war and is well-known in India.

HSIEH Kai-jen (4432/5794/5627) @ HSIEH Kai-shun (4432/5794/10143) @ HSIEH Wen-jen (4432/12650/5627) @ SIA Kia-shun @ SIA Kai-shun @ SHIEH Kai-sheng (4432/5794/9865) @ SHEN Lao-shan (9849/6783/9552), R.C.4383/Calcutta of 9.4.42, has been detained under paragraph 7 of the Foreigners Order, 1939, during investigations into his registration certificate and other papers. He is known to have returned to Calcutta by s.s. TAKSANG clandestinely. He left India in November 1945 by s.s. GLEN ~~AFRICAN~~ AFFARIC signing on as a steward by favour of the vessel's boatswain, a well-built Shanghai Chinese of short stature and about 30 years of age. He and the boatswain took a consignment of opium to Singapore by this ship, financed by WU T'ien-ching (12748/11212/318). A second consignment taken in January 1946 in the same vessel was not entirely successful, about half the consignment being reported to have been discovered by Police in Singapore on arrival, and confiscated. The third consignment was carried in April 1946 by the same vessel, successfully. The boatswain referred to has now left the GLEN ~~AFRICAN~~ AFFARIC and is reported to be in Singapore. Both HSIEH's wife and WU's wife are Nepalese, and is (probably) the woman MAI Li who lives with FAN Ting-ken.

Arms possessed by this gang are reported to have been removed out of Calcutta, and stored /

in the mufussil with the Nepali connexions of the women-folk mentioned above.

Letters seized during the search of FAN Ting-ken's quarters show that he has been in Singapore recently and afford evidence of illegal entry into India. Large sums are being spent on legal aid for FAN, and to prevent his being released on bail pending investigation into the charge of illegal entry, he has been taken into custody under paragraph 7 of the Foreigners Order. His statements hitherto have not contained any truth, and investigation into his activities may therefore be prolonged. His police record prior to 1946 is an arrest in Calcutta in 1944 for deserting his ship (s.s. VAN der HELST) in Bombay and his conviction in Bombay for this offence (under name VAN Duig-kung). He has in the past taken out two registration certificates, viz., Calcutta 7583 of 9.6.42, and Bombay Harbour 2521 of 11.10.44 transferred to Calcutta under serial No.15246 of 7.2.46.

Yu Mao-chi (13612/7698/832) @ LAO PA (7683/8505), a member of the gang (reference Survey No.24, para 1(D)(ii)), has been arrested at Darjeeling, under paragraph 7 of the Foreigners Order. An intercept reveals that the entire personnel at the Park Restaurant, Darjeeling, must be regarded as members of the gang.

Known members of FAN's gang, who may please be arrested if found, and sent to this office for disposal under paragraph 7 of the Foreigners Order, 1939, are :-

(1) CHEN Kuo-hsiang (655/6609/4277), formerly of No.12 Tiretta Bazar Street, and of LI HUA Tailoring Shop, Bentinck Street, who came under notice during the investigations into the Dhappa Tannery's fire of January 1946, when he was alleged to be a leader of a gang which included CHANG Hsiang, suspected of extortion and arson, and a fellow member of the CHING HUNG PANG. On one occasion CHANG appears to have extorted money by threats from A. Mook, shoemaker of No.8, Lower Chitpore Rd., one of the principal illicit exchange centres during the war, and still a dealer in illicit foreign exchange.

(2) HOU Wen-ta @ HO Yun-te (3934/13812/10845), proprietor of Chungking Restaurant, 2 Blackburn Lane, Calcutta, formerly residing at No.12 Tiretta Bazar Street, first floor, who was in Singapore recently and returned to Calcutta clandestinely by s.s.TAKSANG.

(3) WANG Ah-ssu (12493/1/10291) who is reported as usually carrying a gun.

(4) TAO Lien-shen (10831/7109/9865)

(5) YA Chih @ YA Tzu (12810/12317) C/o KUANG Lee-lung, Chinatown, Calcutta.

(6) AH Chong @ CHIU, ABC Watch Company and of New China Restaurant, Chowringhee.

Singapore members of the gang, as disclosed in correspondence seized are :-

(1) CHU Te-cheng (2544/10845/762)
(2) CHUANG Chih-jen (2760/1784/5627) of 6, Upper Cross Str., Singapore (Query: NGI NGI Chinese Goods Company).

(3) CHIH Lan (1788/6721)
(4) CHANG Pien-chih (440/9187/1873)

Known contacts of FAN or other leaders of the gang, under suspicion of being members of the gang, are :-

(1) WU Tien-ching (12748/11212/318)

(2) FU Yu-hsien (3632/13659/4513), Calcutta R.C. No.10286 of 13.11.42.

(3) SAM Fou-ching of 8 Phears Lane, registered owner of Car No.BLA 2191.

(4) DAVID, Anglo-Indian, employed in Loading Department of B.I.S.N. Co.

(5) FENG Ti-ho (3586/10942/3945), proprietor of Kwong Yick gold shop, 19 Blackburn Lane, smuggler and gambling game operator.

(6) (As supplied by Bombay C.I.D.) -

a) YEE Mow-chong @ YU Mao-chang (13612/7698/462) Poona registree No.637, servant, Shanghai Chinese Restaurant, Poona. Duplicate certificate issued on 18.10.43. He is still in Poona. Brother of YU Mao-chi.
b) YUE Mow-liang @ YU Mao-liang (13612/7698/7017), Poona registree No.638, Cashier at the Poona Chinese Restaurant. Transferred to Bombay August 1945. Brother of YU Mao-chi.
c) CHAI (258)
d) PAO Lai-yu (8699/6679/13376)
e) HSU Chi-chang (4748/922/427)
f) SHAO Liang (9746/7017)
g) WEI Jen-tsai (12567/5627/3376), a seaman.
h) WANG Shun-fa (12493/10143/3376), a seaman.
i) YAO Pin-fang (12935/9273/3448), a seaman.
j) AH Lai (1/6679) c/o MEI FA Restaurant.
k) MUI Hsing-fu (7965/4600) Changsha, ex-Poona Registree No.739.
l) HSU Chi-chang (4748/850/427) Winton's Restaurant, Bangalore in July 1945.
m) KU Wen-ming (6254/12633/7946).
n) CHUN Kuei (2854/6461).

YU Mao-chi's known addresses are :-

(July 1944) c/o Victory Chinese Seamen House, 2nd Floor, 37 Hamam Street, Fort Bombay, &
(July 1945) c/o Victory Chinese Restaurant, Tarachand Street, Corner of 45 Hamam Str., Fort Bombay.

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(ii) Notwithstanding the arrest of principal members of s.s. TAKSANG's crew for illegalities on entry, the temptation to smuggle opium from Calcutta to Singapore by this vessel proved too strong for other members of the crew to withstand. About 10 seers was seized by Customs officers at the time of carriage aboard the vessel by a Chinese fireman and a Calcutta Chinese. Local report has it that some 20 maunds was successfully exported.

(iii) HSU Lien-tseng @ PO Tsai (4761/7109/11718), petty gangster, subject of previous Surveys, has been active again recently. He appears to be forming a school for young pickpockets and thieves, with headquarters at 54, Metcalfe Street. The intention is to organize a more important gang than he has been connected with hitherto. He has also been associat

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with MAIJI, a Burmese or Anglo-Burmese prostitute who has had connections with U.S.Army deserters and with the black-market and arms racket believed to have been operated by some of these deserters and servile personnel. The robbery at 2-E Damzen Lane on 20.6.46 reported in this Survey No.26, para 1(D)(c), is by popular rumour attributed to PO Tsai's gang.

I/1312/46. (iv) LIEN Chi-pin (7151/831/9255) @ LIEN Ya-pin (7151/12810/9255) @ A.P.Lien @ A Pan, Interpreter at the Chinese Check Office at 11, Dacres Lane, operating under Security Control, was murdered on Bentinck Street shortly after midnight of 24th July. Death was caused by bullet wounds from a .45 automatic fired at close range. According to an eye-witness' report, one man believed to be a Chinese waited on the opposite side of the road from that on which A Pan was sitting having a meal at a travelling Chinese kitchen, while the murderer crossed the road, approached A Pan to within recognition distance, shot him at point blank range, and then ran back across the road rejoining his companion, and the two disappeared up the dark side-street. They have not yet been traced. This appears to be a hired Chinese gunman murder. The motive may lie among one of following possibles :-

(a) Private revenge over a woman,

(b) Revenge by gangsters, or by Chinese political workers, erroneously believing that A Pan was passing information to the Police,

(c) An internal quarrel in some gang or party with which A Pan, who is now found to have had peculiar contacts, may have had affiliations.

(E) Deserters .- Nothing to report.

(F) Registration of Foreigners .-

[illegible]. (i) Up-to-date the total number of Chinese registrees checked is 7,173 and the total number of certificates re-issued is 7,067.

(G) Passports .- Nothing to report.

(H) Newspapers .-

/16-III. (i) Friends of LIAO Chung-sheng (7064/2930/9892), the recently-appointed Editor-in-Chief of the Chinese Journal of India, are already appealing to him from China to find them jobs on his newspaper, or elsewhere, so that they can come to India.

6-II. (I) Miscellaneous .-

(i) The Chinese Foreign Minister, WANG Shih-chieh, arrived in Calcutta on 21st July and left for Paris on the morning of the 24th. Dr. CHENG Tien-hsi (724/11208/4157), China's new Ambassador to Great Britain, arrived in Calcutta together with the Foreign Minister and his suite. During the WANG Shih-chieh's short stay, representatives of Chinese organizations took the opportunity of sending representatives to call on him to register their protest against the collection by Government from residents of Chinatown of the tax to cover the

the additional police force in that area. WEI Chien-wu (12567/1742/12744), FU Yung-liang (3632/13504/7035) and four other local residents are reported to have called on Minister WANG, and to have "given him all the facts" concerning the levy of this tax, at the same time appealing to him to take the question up with the British Government to secure abolition of the tax. A press report in this connexion states that the Foreign Minister declared he would do all he could to help them.

Deputy Commissioner of Police,
Security Control, Calcutta.

SNC.

Copy forwarded to :-
(As per distribution list attached to W.S.No.25 dated 22.6.46, to which the following should be included :-

"Commissioner of Police,
Special Branch, Civil & Military Station,
BANGALORE "

C R E T.

CALCUTTA POLICE SECURITY CONTROL
WEEKLY SURVEY.

Dated 20.7.46.

P.S.O. Dy. No. 11728.S. 24/7/46

Para 1. CHINESE AFFAIRS:

(i) Political .-

(i) Panda RAPGA, on whom deportation orders were served in Kalimpong, left by CNAC plane yesterday for Shanghai, after failing to move Government by a personal appeal, for a stay of the order. When clearing Passport Control at the airport RAPGA described himself as "Tibetan, Expert of the (Chinese) Commission on Mongolian and Tibetan Affairs". His provisional certificate of identity given him by the Chinese Consulate-General bore the endorsement "in lieu of lost Passport 009719 issued Chungking 9.11.43".

(ii) Dr. WANG Shih-chieh, the Chinese Foreign Minister, is expected to arrive in Calcutta tomorrow en route to the Paris Peace Conference. He is to be accommodated at the residence of Consul-General C.P.CHEN, who, it is reported, recently entertained him in Nanking. An editorial in the Chinese Journal of India a few days ago, written by CHAO Ping-liang (498/9299/6763), on the grave slight to China conveyed in the decision to exclude her as an inviting-power at the Paris Conference, declared that it was quite problematic whether China would now agree to send delegates to the Conference. The arrival of Dr. WANG and his suite of seven should settle the problem.

(iii) Prof. TAN Yun-shan's interest in the China Press, amounting to a degree of control which has not yet been fully assessed, was noted in this Survey last week. It is reported that he has now passed instructions to CHOU Hsiang-kuang of the rival newspaper to submit to him a weekly factual report on famine conditions in Bengal. Dr. Kalidas NAG, Kedar CHATTERJEE of "Modern Review" and "Prabasi", and Girin MOOKERJEE were mentioned by TAN as sources from whom material could be obtained for CHOU's despatches. The same source quotes TAN as urging CHOU to move with great caution in regard to the proposals for inauguration of the mooted Sino-Indian Association. The Chinese language course recently organized at the Calcutta University is a significant development, according to TAN. The spade-work for this was put in by Dr. C.J.PAO, former Consul-General in Calcutta, and Dr. S.P.MOOKERJEE, and TAN considers this may be a convenient starting point for the proposed Association.

(iv) From a very reliable source it is learnt that some documents, the nature of which is not yet known, were recently submitted by the Chinese Consulate to a commercial handwriting expert, who in turn has had them examined under ultra-violet rays, without the success anticipated. They are now being submitted to infra-red light photographically. The individual handling the matter is L.K.CHEN, Private Secretary to the Consul-General.

71/46. (v) What is described as the full (English) text of the declaration of the Central Committee of the Chinese Communist Party on the 9th anniversary of the Marco Polo Bridge incident (7.7.37), which precipitated the Sino-Japanese War), has been seen in two intercepted letters, one addressed to Sarat Chandra BOSE and the other to Dr. B.C. ROY of 36 Wellington Street. Both letters were posted in Calcutta, bearing no mark to indicate sender, and are presumed to have been brought by hand from China.

F /46. (vi) The Chinese Consul in Bombay has been instructed by T.T.SHEN, Acting Chinese Consul-General, to procure three copies of Pandit Nehru's book "Discovery of India", and to forward them to the Chinese Foreign Office with the request that they be delivered one each to "Mme. CHIANG, Mme. SUN Yat-sen, and Minister TAI".

(B) Associations.-

(i) An appeal for assistance has been made by WU Cheng, Secretary-General of the Burma Overseas Chinese Association of Calcutta, to the Secretary-General of the Burma-Chinese Association of Rangoon. The appeal urges the Rangoon association to move Government to "furnish assistance and facilities wherever needed" for the early return, at Government expense, of Burma Chinese in India, and to "render necessary guidance and help upon their arrival in Rangoon".

/45. (ii) A three-day programme of amateur theatricals, starting July 22, is being held in the Calcutta University auditorium, to provide funds for the New Life Movement, Calcutta Branch.

(C) Labour .- Nothing to report.

(D) Crime .-

/46. (i) Reference this office Weekly Survey No.27, para 1(D)(ii), KUNG Van-mai (6605/3404/7698) and TUNG Fu-ken (12259/3612/5974), two other Chinese members of FAN's gang who arrived in India from Singapore by the s.s."TAKSANG" as stowaways, have been convicted for illegal entry by the Chief Presidency Magistrate, Calcutta, and sentenced to one month's simple imprisonment each. Deportation orders in respect of these individuals have been applied for.

/46. (ii) WU Ping-fu, subject of this office Weekly Survey No.14 dated 6.4.46, para 3(D), has been served with an order of deportation issued under the Foreigners Act, 1940. He has applied for an extension of stay for a period of four months but has been warned to leave India by 16.8.46.

(E) Deserters .- Nothing to report.

(F) Registration of Foreigners .-

1. The following Chinese was convicted on 9.7.46 under the Registration of Foreigners Act 1939 and sentenced to pay a

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fine of Rs.50/-, in default 2 months' R.I. He paid the fine

Cheng Woo @ Chang Ho (724/3945)

(G) Passports .-

(i) LI Tieh-cheng (6884/11156/714), the Chinese Ambassador to Iran who has been recalled to China preparatory to taking up his news post of Ambassador to Siam, appears to be in possession of two current diplomatic passports. In transit westward through Calcutta in May, he travelled on diplomatic passport No.3490 issued Chungking 21 April 1946. Two months later, on his eastward journey, he used diplomatic passport No. 3244 issued Chungking 18 Dec. 1945.

(H) Newspapers .- } Nothing to report.

(I) Miscellaneous .- }

Deputy Commissioner of Police,
Security Control, Calcutta.

SNC.

Copy forwarded to :-
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B.O. Dy. No. 1145-S. 22/7/46

38145

16 JULY 1946

SECRET.

CALCUTTA POLICE SECURITY CONTROL
WEEKLY SURVEY.

No.28. Dated 13.7.46.

Para 1. FIRE ARMS: ILLICIT (BLACK-MARKET) SALE :

Investigations into the black-market in arms has led so far to the arrest of the following men :

1. G.M. SIRCAR
2. Ranjit ROY
3. Amil Baran MUKHERJI
4. Jetha MANSUKHANI
5. Lt. S.F. MORGAN
6. H.W. HERBERTSON
7. J. JOSEPH

SIRCAR was arrested in the act of handing over the money and taking possession of a M-1 automatic rifle (American military), while Nos. 2 & 3 were arrested in a car outside the house in which the transaction took place. They had come with SIRCAR. An invasion type .45 pistol was found in the car. Nos. 4 & 5 were brought to the house by the agent on the plea of concluding the sale of an automatic pistol and were arrested. Jetha made arrangements for this transaction the previous day in the hearing of the Deputy Commissioner, Special Branch, and of myself. HERBERTSON and JOSEPH had both been interested in an arms deal as disclosed in a statement made by the agent. The houses of all these persons were searched. A .38 Special Smith & Wesson Revolver, a .32 Browning automatic and two invasion pistols and ammunition were recovered from the flat of Lt. S.F. MORGAN. An invasion type pistol was also recovered from HERBERTSON's flat. One round of .45 automatic ammunition and an empty American military rifle cartridge were found in Jetha's rooms. The search of Ranjit ROY's flat disclosed that he was taking part in revolutionary politics and was an organiser of the Azad Hind Volunteer Youth Corps. He has a record in the Calcutta Special Branch. The two most important men appear to be SIRCAR and Ranjit ROY and they have so far not made any full statement concerning their activities. The other accused appear to be middlemen.

Lt. MORGAN is an Anglo-Burman who is already under Court Martial for desertion. He was apparently making money in the black market dealing in watches, pens etc.

Another entirely separate gang has come to light. It appears to consist mainly of Anglo-Indians led by MIKE O'HARA. They are dealing in arms and in narcotics. They appear to act as middlemen, selling their wares to any purchaser. There is an indication that one of their purchasers is a Muslim from the North West of India who is said to be purchasing arms from them and taking them up to the North West Frontier Province. Investigation is continuing.

Para 2. SEAMEN :

On information from the Bombay Special Branch that an unknown man was probably impersonating a seaman called O.G.BUCKLEY on board the

"Memphis City", a seaman claiming to be BUCKLEY
/ship found on this/was put under arrest. This man had
no papers except a certificate of discharge and a
medical discharge certificate from the Presidency
General Hospital. On being questioned he gave the
to keep up the illusion that he was a seaman but
made obviously false statement. He was then
taken to the Agents who stated that he definite-
ly was not BUCKLEY. Later, under interrogation,
he admitted that his real name was Lt. W.T.DAVIES
of the 14th Punjab Regiment and apparently he
deserted from Ferozepore two years ago. He claims
that he is on a special investigation looking
into Russian affairs in India. A calling card
belonging to one A.V.CHUVACHENKO of the Russian
Trade Agency in Calcutta was found in DAVIES'
possession.

The military authorities have stated that this story of being on special investigation is entirely false.

Para 3. CHINESE AFFAIRS :

(A) Political .-

1563, 538/46. (i) Branches of the Kuomintang-in-India have been established at Darjeeling and Jalpaiguri. At a meeting held on July 6, Richard TU Tao-chou (12043/10780/2450), subject of para 1(A)(iii) of Survey No.26, was elected Chairman for Darjeeling district. Membership in the new branch numbers about 20. In comparison, the Jalpaiguri figure is remarkable. CHIANG Tzu-yang (1208/11317/12870) of the Zurrantee T.E. who attended the recent Kuomintang course of instruction in Calcutta, has reported to the Calcutta Headquarters that he has already enlisted over 100 members, including "many well-known figures", which, he says, "will help a great deal in our propaganda". He expects to raise the membership to 200 "in no time". A paragraph sent by Richard TU to the Chinese Journal of India, describing the installation of "Prof. TU Tao-chou" as new principal of the Darjeeling Chinese School, seen in interception, has not been published by that paper.

538/46. (ii) In connexion with the campaign for increasing membership in the Kuomintang-in-India, the HSING MING and HSING HUN Branches resolved, at a joint meeting on July 6 under the chairmanship of YU Lo (13612/7331), assisted by TAN Hsiang-hua (10681/4249/5005), that tokens of encouragement would be given to those members most active in securing new recruits to the party.

179/45. (iii) The Chinese Ministry of Overseas-Chinese Affairs is to inaugurate a course of instruction by means of correspondence in citizenship, geography, etc. amongst teachers in Chinese schools overseas, in order to improve the standard of teaching, according to an official Nanking announcement.

(iv) The Paris decision to exclude China as an inviting power at the Peace Conference was roundly condemned at the special memorial service held at the Kuomintang-in-India Headquarters on July 7, the "Double Seventh", which has come to be China's day of remembrance for her war dead. LIAO Chung-sheng (see para H(ii) below), addressing the

meeting after Chairman LI Wei-pin's opening speech, declared the decision a grave insult to China, her national leader and her fallen heroes. The Consul-General's representative, Consul TSAI, wound up with a speech in which he said that now China had been insulted by the Big Four, his listeners must work together for a strong and self-reliant China, so as to fortify her international prestige. The Chinese Journal of India produced an editorial in a similar vein. However, China's second rebuff in the international sphere, the UNRRA decision to temporarily suspend deliveries to China, has so far passed without any noticeable local comment.

. 828/43. (v) LI Shan-chung (6884/9710/2875), one of the two Chancellors at the Chinese Consulate-General, was recently the recipient of a t.t. remittance from Hongkong through the National City Bank of New York of Rs.180,000/-. This individual is known to collect intelligence on behalf of C.P.CHEN.

(B) Associations .-

F.1194/45. (i) The Chinese Seamens Union of Bombay, it has been observed, recently requested the New Life Movement, Calcutta Branch, to send them literature to publicize the movement with a view to starting a branch in Bombay. The Movement, a potent force in those parts of China where the Kuomintang are in control, is unobjectionable in itself: it is a social uplift organ the declared objectives of which are praiseworthy, though apt to be puritanical (abolition of vice, opium, tobacco, alcohol, bobbed-hair, dancing are some of these). Behind a facade of such desirable motives, however, lies the SAN MIN CHU I YOUTH CORPS, an organization the persuasive methods of which in China have frequently been of the strong-arm variety. Quite apart from this, the enforcement of the Movement's prohibitions frequently lead to much skulduggery. The Calcutta branch of the Movement first styled itself the Moral Endeavour Society; it has shewn little activity since commencement.

(C) Labour .- Nothing to report.

(D) Crime .-

.1107/46-IV. (i) A robbery by a gang of 3 or 4 Chinese was committed at 95 Phears Lane about midnight on 8.7.46, when cash and jewellery valued at about Rs.6000/- was stolen from the room occupied by a Chinese woman named FEI Chang. Two men living on this premises, YEH Fu-chan (12997/3721/293), unregistered, and MAO Hsin (7679/4562), Calcutta R.C.9578 of 2.8.42, have been arrested by the local police and charged u/s 395 I.P.C.

(ii) The gangster Chinese element is reported to be sufficiently active to cause the majority of Chinese considerable worry and concern. The gangster element flourishes on the gambling, smuggling, and exchange control evasion which the majority of Chinese merchants, called "respectable" by the Chinese community, will not abandon; and the crimes committed by the gangsters must go frequently undetected, and still

more often unpunished, so long as the Chinese community declines, out of fear of reprisals, to report offences to the police and co-operate with them in identifying the criminals.

(E) Deserters .- Nothing to report.

(F) Registration of Foreigners .-

A.R.O. (i) Up-to-date the total number of Chinese registrees checked is 7,126 and the total number of certificates re-issued is 7,008.

" (ii) The following Aliens Registration Certificates have been reported lost :-

1. HO Lo-jung (3941/7331/3740), Aliens R.C. No.11551, place of issue not known, and Passport No.33908.
2. WANG Chao-hsiang (12493/466/4277), Consular Registration Certificate No.1311.
3. WU Hsi-chin (12748/4157/2114), Aliens R.C. No.2909 (Calcutta).
4. LIANG Mei-tsan (7021/7705/11521), Aliens R.C.No.428 (Calcutta), and Consular R.C.No.4248.

(G) Passports .- Nothing to report.

(H) Newspapers .-

.811/46-II. (i) Further to sub-para (i) under this heading in Survey No.23 dated June 8, the Indian syndicate to whom the China Press was sold have been identified as Satyendra Kumar RAY, s/o Prasanna Deb Raikut; Anil Madhab BOSE, s/o L. Bindhu Madhab Bose; and Nani Lal GHOSH, s/o Shib Charan Ghosh. The last-mentioned is partner of the Criterian Printing Works of 8 Jackson Lane. There is no adverse information against any of the three, according to a report from the Deputy Commissioner, Special Branch. No declaration of ownership has yet been made, and S.F.CHE is reported to be still running the establishment. TAN Yun-shan of Santiniketan appears to have considerable interest in the reorganized China Press, and interception already reveals that matters of administration are being referred to him. Y.Y.LEE, referred to in para H(i) of Survey No.26, is Edward LEE Yee-yin @ LI I-yin (6884/5410/13229), a native of Hunan, who claims to be Rangoon evacuee. An intercepted letter discloses that LI Tsai-po (6884/11500/9411) is responsible for the editorials and most of the news department, and matters concerning Overseas Chinese communities are dealt with by HUANG Wen-hai (5124/12633/3767). The latter is a personal follower of Consul-General C.P.CHEN, believed to be employed by him on secret commissions. His new assignment provides the required cover. The activities of these inviduals are being followed, and it is hoped to know more about them ere long.

Copies of the China Press were recently despatched, a score each, to various prospective sales agents in Kalimpong, New Delhi, Ceylon, Rangoon, Batavia, Mauritius, Shanghai, Penang, Madagascar, Singapore, Tanganyika, Seychelles and Siam.

" (ii) The new Managing-Director of the Chinese Journal of India, KIAO Chung-sheng (7064/2930/9892), ref. para 1(H)(ii) of Survey No.26, still retains

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membership of the committee of the Central Propaganda Bureau, according to a Chinese press report. LIAO is a former Secretary of the Central Kuomintang, a director of the CHUNG SHAN JIH PAO, Canton daily, and Editor of the CHAO MIN JIH PAO of Rangoon. Like a good many Chinese journalists, he also has an academic background, having been a professor at the College of Agriculture of the Sun Yat Sen University, Professor of Economics at the National Ling Nan University, and a Member of the Economic Affairs Commission of Kwangsi Province.

. 1/46-II. (iii) Paul FENG of the Central News Agency, India Bureau, will soon return to China, it is learned. From a letter seen during secret interception it appears he is an intimate of K.C.WU, former Vice-Minister of Foreign Affairs and now Mayor of Shanghai; it also reveals that an officer of the leading Chinese insurance company in Shanghai is arranging for FENG to smuggle goods back on his return, if FENG's Shanghai accomplice can locate a friend in the Customs service. With his connexion with the Mayor of Shanghai, FENG would probably be able to arrange a "fix" if there were any trouble at the Shanghai end.

CORRIGENDA.

Reference W.S.No.27 dated 6.7.46, para 1(D)(iii) in -

Line 10 - please read seven as 'severe'
" 13 - please read Labon as 'Lahore'
" 14 - please read Labon as 'Lahore'

Deputy Commissioner of Police,
Security Control, Calcutta.

SNC

Copy forwarded to :-
(As per distribution list attached to W.S.No.25 dated 22.6.46).

SPECIAL SUPERINTENDENT
-8 JUL 1946
37392

B.P.O. Dy. No. 1112-S. dt. 12/7/46

CALCUTTA POLICE SECURITY CONTROL
WEEKLY SURVEY.

0.27

Dated 6.7.46.

Para 1. CHINESE AFFAIRS :

1109/46.

(A) Political .-

(i) TAN Taik-gwan @ CHEN Te-yuan (658/10845/13704), President of the Burma Overseas Chinese Association and a member of the staff of the Chinese Journal of India, is reported by a reliable source to have suggested during the course of a conversation with a prominent Burma Chinese that the latter join him in re-organizing the anti-British movement amongst the Chinese community in Rangoon. The movement was to be on lines similar to the former Burma Youth Organization, and the entire funds necessary to work the organization would be raised from a small group of sympathisers amongst the wealthy Chinese business community of Rangoon. The organization, according to TAN, would work in co-operation with Aung San. A brief note on TAN Taik-gwan's unpleasant background is given in Survey No.15 dated 13.4.46, para 1(H)(i).

(ii) In the conversation with a prominent Indian journalist, CHOU Hsiang-kuang of the Chinese Journal of India is reported to have declared that the "reign of terror" in Kashmir and the arrest of Pandit Nehru were not accidental interruptions in the Delhi parleys; the Indian princes, CHOU is alleged to have maintained, constituted the lynch-pin of the British constitutional plan for India, and the plain truth was that the constitutional structure, as adumbrated by the Cabinet Mission, was merely a device to play off the Muslim League against the Congress and to preserve the balancing power of the representatives of the Indian States in the Constituent Assembly. Declaring that constitutional agitation alone was insufficient to bring about the political independence of India, CHOU is alleged to have stated that the people of India should at once raise an all-out campaign to overthrow British domination.

46-II.

(iii) Secret interception of a letter written by one LIANG Tien-chen (7021/11208/589), believed to be one of Consul-General C.P.CHEN's servants, reveals a new rumour on the future of C.P.CHEN. The writer declares that he has "received reliable news" that when the Filipinos get their indipendence (4th July) C.P.CHEN will be sent there as Ambassador. There has been no further evidence to support this; indeed, Y.Y.CHEN @ CHEN Yung-i (658/13504/5455), one of the Consuls in the Calcutta Chinese Consulate-General who appears to be usually well-informed on the movements of senior Chinese official personnel, wrote on the same day to a friend in the office of the Chinese Commissioner, New Delhi, that "There is no definite news of Consul-General CHEN's movements, so there is no hope for me to be transferred to some other post". According to

a very reliable report, LI Shan-chung of the Consulate told a Chinese who enquired whether it were true that C.P.CHEN would be coming back to Calcutta about 10th July, that such was only the intention and it was indefinite whether he would come or not. C.P.CHEN's absence for over four months has given rise to much speculation.

3/46-II. (iv) LI Tieh-cheng (6884/11156/714), has arrived in Calcutta and is being feted by the Chinese Consulate staff and other Chinese who have a personal interest in cultivating good relations with China's new representative in Siam.

(v) Orders have been passed by the Chinese Central Government to LI Ching-hua (6884/2188/5005), representative of the National Resources Commission who has been in India for the past few months, to carry out a tour of inspection of N.R.C's properties left behind in Burma when the Allied forces retreated, according to a report received. These properties, it is stated, have been requisitioned by the British, who have refused the Chinese Government's demand for their return. LI's itinerary is said to be Calcutta-Rangoon-Mandalay-Wanting-Bhamo-Kunming-Hongkong. W.P.TSAI of the Calcutta Chinese Consulate has arranged for LI to be furnished with letters of introduction to the leaders of the Chinese community in Rangoon. LI Ching-hua is due to leave for Rangoon on July 7th. He is described as being bitterly anti-British in outlook and a probable trouble-maker wherever he goes in Burma.

(vi) At a recent dinner party for Chinese officials given by Consul W.P.TSAI, Consul T.T.SHEN is reported to have compared the British treatment of the Tibetan Mission who visited Calcutta this spring with that accorded by the Chinese. The British arrangements, he is said to have declared, were wholly inadequate, even to the extent of failing to provide suitable accommodation. Fortunately for the Mission, the Chinese Consulate came to their rescue and put them up at China House. After the arrival of the Tibetans, the British, according to SHEN, made a great fuss of them, and so harassed them with unwelcome attentions that the members of the Tibetan party were relieved when they were passed over to the Chinese to entertain. SHEN told his listeners that for the Chinese to have bided their time was much the best thing, because during this time the British authorities were making fools of themselves.

3/43. (vii) In December 1944 the British Consulate-General in Chungking received an anonymous letter alleging that one CHEN Pin (658/9255) had been sent to India by the SAN MIN CHU I YOUTH CORPS to do secret work, and would be connected with HSIEH Hsi-an (4432/4073/44) in this work. A seaman CHAN Pan @ CHEN Pin, as above, a 1942 arrival in India, was examined in connexion with the report but nothing adverse was discovered, nor has he since come to notice. The seaman was signed on s.s. NIDAROS last month, bound for Hongkong.

(B) Associations .-

(C) Labour .-

Nothing to report.

(D) Crime .-

.1337/46. .1339/46. (i) During the course of interrogations in connection with an Arms Conspiracy Case, which will be reported in detail in the next Survey, it was stated that one P. WONG had been approached by JETHA and another in the V. Club on 28.6.46 with an offer of a revolver for sale. It would appear that since JETHA approached him with a straight offer, WONG must have been regarded as a likely purchaser of guns. No purchase resulted on this occasion. P. WONG has been identified as WONG Pei-djang @ P.D.WONG (12493/8818/390), Calcutta R.C.No.8704, proprietor of the British Trading Corporation, of 49-C Galstaun Mansions, Park Street, Calcutta. WONG appears to have been in business in Burma, running the same Company, for 2 or 3 years before the Japanese occupation of Burma in 1942, when he came to India. From preliminary and cursory examination of papers, it seems that his business deals require a large capital, yet he is reported to be in debt in respect of relatively small sums. He has travelled extensively in India during the last 4 years, Bombay, Kashmir, Delhi, Kalimpong, and Darjeeling being among the places mentioned. He is an associate of SAFFORD WEI and of WOODS DING, both local businessmen of an unreliable type. Any information possessed by other branches regarding this man, will be appreciated.

Ext. [illegible] on FR. 10.7.46.

[illegible]. 1327/46. (ii) FAN Ting-ken Gang: Reference this Office Surveys Nos.25 and 24, Para 3(D)(ii) and 1(D)(ii). FAN returned to Calcutta on 1.7.46 on Brit. s.s. "TAKSANG", Agents Messrs Jardine Matheson & Co (Calcutta, Jardine Skinner & Co.). It is reported that HSIEH Kai-shun (4432/5794/10143) @ HSIEH Wen-jen (4432/12650/5627) @ SHEN Lao-shan (9849/6783/9552), another leader of this gang, and organiser of a stow-away racket and an opium smuggling racket, in which ships' compradores, including the compradore of s.s. "TAKSANG", work in league with him, also returned on the "TAKSANG" from Singapore, together with 13 others, some or all of whom are in FAN's gang. The entire party, 15 in all, appear to have come as stow-aways, necessarily with the connivance of the leading members of the Chinese crew. There are rumours there was also connivance among the ship's officers. Notwithstanding an unusually elaborate search, the stow-aways got safely through.

On a report that FAN and others would be dining in the Nanking Restaurant, 22 Blackburn Lane, on the 2nd July, the Restaurant was raided, and the entire dinner party of 11 persons detained. FAN's quarters were also searched, immediately FAN had been arrested, and some documents were found, but no arms. The dinner had been ordered

by HSIEH, mentioned above, but it appears that one Steven LO (7291/2144), a local merchant, in conjunction with WU T'ien-ching (12748/11212/318) @ TIN Chung, a local merchant connected with HSIEH by marriage, may have been the sponsors of the party. The object was presumably to initiate arrangements with the gang-leaders, and with the compradores and other leading members of the TAKSANG's crew, for clandestine shipments to Malaya on the outward voyage of TAKSANG on 10.7.46. CHEN Liang-ching (658/7017/2188) head compradore s.s. TAKSANG, FAN lu-king (3426/7109/3974) and FAN Pai-ting (3426/9273/5974), head steward and 2nd steward s.s. TAKSANG, and LU Tack-chi (7396/10845/1029), Bosun s.s.TAKSANG, were also at the dinner party. The 2 FANs mentioned are brothers or other close relatives of FAN Ting-ken. During the course of the night 2 other Chinese, who had entered illegally by s.s. TAKSANG, and are presumably members of FAN's gang, were arrested, viz., TUNG Fu-ching (2259/3711/5974) and KUNG Fan-mai (6605/3404/7698).

HSIEH was formerly Assistant Manager of Park Restaurant, Darjeeling. FAN is a partner in the CHEN HSING CHI (658/4594/923) Seamen's Boarding House, Ballard House, Bombay. He is of first-class importance among the Chinese gangsters and illicit trading community. His supporters are prepared to spend large sums of money to secure his release (and can afford to if reports that he returned with a lakh of rupees from Singapore are true). He is the recipient of marked respect from the gangster element and all their connexions. The interests at the back of him are reportedly not confined to Chinese. The gang as a whole appears to have extensive Bombay connections, and may have associations with other parts of India besides Darjeeling. The Darjeeling restaurant was probably the focal point of the former opium traffic in which they were engaged between Calcutta and Darjeeling. Any information available in other branches regarding any of the individuals named will be appreciated.

10/46-II.

(iii) For the last two months S.K.LEE @ LI Yun (6884/13844) @ KO (6115) probably alias LI Hsien (6884/4440/?) of the PEI MAI School, 47 South Tangra Road, Calcutta (24-Parganas area), has been plotting with LI I-ming (6884/5342/7960) of L. Fooghy & Co., Rawalpindi and Murree, to take revenge on CHUNG Ta-kuang (2891/10470/6389) @ Ta Kuang (10470/6389) for some injury done to LI either in connexion with a woman or cheating, or both. Revenge taking the form of severe physical injury short of death was desired. CHUNG Chiao (2891/1324), particulars unknown, is in league with CHUNG Ta-kuang, who was in ~~Laben~~ Lahore in mid-June 1946. S.K.LEE went recently to ~~Laben~~ Lahore, arriving there the 16th June. accompanied by four fellow countrymen, CHANG (416), YANG (12878), LI (6884), and CHEN (658), but apparently found CHUNG's bodyguards too strong for him and did nothing on that occasion.

(E) Deserters .-

(F) Registration of Foreigners .-

(G) Passports .-

(H) Newspapers .-

Nothing to report.

3-7-46. 1013 | 19 | 88 | 882 | 883 | 885 | 890

357/42 Fin

B.C.O. Dy. No. 1085 S. 5/4/46 7/50 8-130

SECRET. CALCUTTA POLICE SECURITY CONTROL WEEKLY SURVEY.

Dated 29.6.46.

SUPERINT IDENT. 36684 2 JUL 1946 INTELLIGENCE BRANCH BENGAL.

Para 1. CHINESE AFFAIRS:

(a) Political .-

46. (i) LI Tieh-cheng (6884/11156/714), Chinese Ambassador to Iran and Ambassador-designate to Siam, is expected to arrive in Calcutta towards the end of the month en route to Nanking. He will take up his post in Siam after a short stay in the Chinese capital.

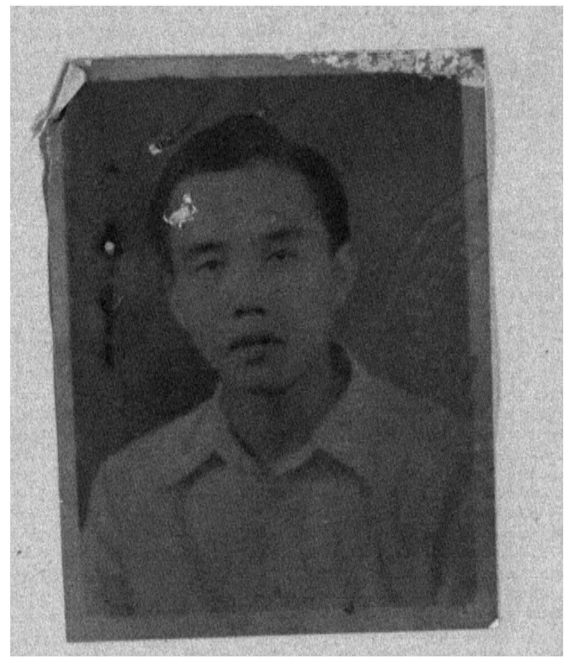
/45. (ii) The Department of Overseas Chinese Affairs of the Central Government of China plans to initiate a correspondence course of training amongst all Chinese school teachers abroad, according to a Chinese press announcement, in order to "raise the standard of teaching". Curriculum will include the Chinese language, citizenship, geography etc. It will be recalled that the Overseas Affairs Commission have recently taken over from the Ministry of Education responsibility for the education of Overseas Chinese.

15. (iii) The special course of training which was being held at the Kuomintang-in-India Headquarters, reported in para 2(A)(i) of this office Survey No. 20, has now finished, and a "graduation ceremony" was held at the Kuomintang Headquarters on 23.6.46, attended by 100 or so members. LI Wei-pin was Chairman, and speeches, exhorting the graduates to continue to work faithfully for the advancement of the Party, were delivered by LIU I-ling, Secretary-General of the local Party Headquarters, LIAO Chung-sheng (see sub-para H(ii) below), KUNG Hung of the Chinese Journal of India who will leave shortly for Hongkong to open a Kuomintang press, and YEH Kan-chung (12997/5810/2875). Richard TU Tao-chou (12043/10780/2450) of the Chinese School of Darjeeling replied to the speakers on behalf of the graduates. This individual is a former officer of the Chinese Army who was discharged by them irregularly in India, but whose stay for a period of six months has now been authorized by Government. TU's conduct during this period is being watched.

/47. (iv) Sherman WANG of the Chinese Supply Commission in India and Consul Y.Y.CHEN were heard a few days ago to discuss the expected arrival in Calcutta between 27th and 29th June of "Consul-General PAO Chun-chien", according to a very reliable report. This sounds remarkably like Dr. C.J.PAO @ PAO Chun-chien (8711/3269/1592), C.P.CHEN's predecessor as Consul-General in Calcutta and now China's Ambassador to Peru. Sherman WANG is reported to have mentioned that a Mr. YIN, described as "PAO Chun-chien's representative", but otherwise unidentified, was at present trying to buy pig's fat in Calcutta on PAO's behalf to be sent up to Lhasa.

(v) Reference para 2(A)(vi) of Survey No.18

ack from Political Cell. 3.7.46



(I) Miscellaneous .- Nothing to report.

LOOK-OUT.

LIANG Yun-sheng (7021/13812/9876), arrested for murder of a fellow Chinese, reference last week's Survey Para 1(D)(b), escaped from police custody in hospital on 1.7.46. Watch may please be kept for this man. At the time of escape from hospital he was suffering from a punctured gunshot wound ½" in diameter on the front of the left shoulder, and another ¾" in diameter at the back of the left shoulder. He is an opium smoker, and in 1945 was secretly reported as being a gangster and possessing a firearm. He has in the past associated with seamen, and has Bombay connections not known to this office. Copy of his photograph is attached.

(W.A.B.Gardener) JP.,
Additional Deputy Commissioner of Police,
For DEPUTY COMMISSIONER OF POLICE,
SECURITY CONTROL, CALCUTTA

SNC.

Copy forwarded to :-
(As per distribution list attached to
W.S.No.25 dated 22.6.46.)

dated 4.6.46, HSU Ying (4761/12308) and CHU Ping-ming (2544/9299/7946) arrived in Calcutta from the Andaman Islands to represent the Chinese labourers who were taken there during the war by the Japanese, and who are now anxious to return to Malaya, according to a report in the Chinese press. The delegates discussed the plight of their colleagues with the Chinese Consulate-General and the Kuomintang-in-India Headquarters, and these offices agreed, the report says, each to address their organizations in Singapore in order jointly to formulate plans for the early return to Malaya of this group of labourers. The press report indicates that these measures are being taken due to the lack of response by the Malayan authorities to an appeal made to them earlier by the Andaman Chinese.

(vi) A digest of press reports on Pandit NEHRU's entry into Kashmir appeared in the Chinese Journal of India of 21.6.46, and included the report that the Pandit received bayonet injuries. The correction which later appeared in the English-language press has not been published in the Journal. The newspaper's account also alleged that according to the Kashmir daily newspapers, "the reason the Government of Kashmir is so powerful is because it has the backing of the U.S.S.R.'s Communist movement".

(vii) In continuation of para 3(A)(ii) of last week's Survey, addresses of two other Calcutta contacts of RAPGA, disclosed in the course of interrogation of F.S. YOUNG, were searched on the 22nd June as follows :-

(a) GOH Kim-peck @ G.C.PECK @ WU Chin-pi (12748/2032/9009), photographer, of 42 Chittaranjan Avenue, a British subject of Chinese (Fukienese) origin. Nothing incriminating was found. He is reported as being frequently mentioned in RAPGA's Diary as an associate in smuggling ventures in earlier years, and further interrogation on this subject will be made when the relevant extracts from the Diary have been received.

(b) S.P.KHEE @ SIP Pwai-khee @ Shao Pei-chi Calcutta, Chinese national, of Fukienese extraction, a Dentist long resident in Calcutta at No.1 Wellington Street, where he operates under the name of S.B. SWAN & Co. His wife claims to be the grand-daughter of a former Raja of Sikkim, and is related to RAPGA's present wife. SHAO claims to have no interest in politics and to know RAPGA socially only. It appears from documents seen in the course of search that the Chinese Consulate in the past may have used his wife's connections with Sikkim and Tibet as opportunity to meet important Himalayan personages. It is also significant that while F.S.YOUNG is stated to have known RAPGA before becoming acquainted with SHAO, yet on learning from SHAO of his wife's connection with RAPGA he (F.S.YOUNG) became much more friendly with RAPGA.

RAPGA came to Calcutta on 21.6.46 and left again on 22.6.46. He appears to have feared further police attentions, for on leaving he took with him only one bet roll. The real purpose of his visit is not yet known.

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(B) Associations.-

.1082/44. (i) Representatives of the Chinese associations and organizations in Calcutta have been summoned to a meeting, which was to be held at the Chinese Consulate-General yesterday, to discuss arrangements to collect funds for the relief of war refugees in China.

(C) Labour .- Nothing to report.

(D) Crime.-

.1107/46-IV. The week's serious crimes among the Chinese community comprise -

(a) An armed robbery at No.2-E Damzen Lane, on 20.6.46 when WANG Chih-kuan (12493/10845/6382) and other Shantung cloth-hawkers were held up in their room allegedly by 3 unknown Chinese armed with revolvers, and robbed of money and watches of a total value of about Rs.8,600/-

(b) A shooting affray on the afternoon of 27.6.46 in Chinatown, as a result of which one Shantung Chinese, CHU Chih-ming (2544/1784/7946), has died of his wounds, one wounded Cantonese, LIANG Yun-sheng (7021/13812/9876), is under arrest in hospital for murder, and another Chinese, name unknown, is reported by secret sources to have been wounded, and escaped, leaving behind him the loaded automatic found on the scene. The guns used in the shooting are reported by secret sources to have been taken away by friends of the injured men. There is suspicion that this shooting is connected with a quarrel over the armed robbery reported under (a).

(E) Deserters .- Nothing to report.

(F) Registration of Foreigners .-

A.R.O. (i) Up-to-date the total number of Chinese registrees checked is 7073 and the total number of certificates re-issued is 6950.

" (ii) The following Chinese have been convicted for offences against the Indian Passport Act and/or the Registration of Foreigners Act :

Name.	Offence.	Penalty	Date
1. LI Tien-yao (6884/11177/12956)	Failure to Register	Fine of Rs.50/-	21.6.46.
2. KU Liang-yuan (6188/7035/13744)	Failure to report arrival.	Fine of Rs.20/-	-ditto-
3. STANLEY Ying-wang @ WANG Shou-hua (12493/10012/5005)	Failure to register.	Fine of Rs.50/-	28.6.46.

A.R.O.

(iii) The following Aliens Registration Certificates have been reported during the past week as having been lost :-

1. TSENG Chieh (7795/1499), Military Pass No.1489
2. HU Sen-lin (4930/9616/7157), Aliens R.C. No. 450 (Madras) transferred to Calcutta vide No.12939, and Consular R.C., number not known
3. HU Ching-yu (4930/2211/13429) Aliens R.C., number not known.
4. CHANG Wei-liang (416/12528/7017), Consular R.C.No.5518.
5. CHUNG Ti (2891/10965), Consular R.C., number not known.

(G) Passports .-

F. 727/46
F.I. 898.

Reference para 1(G)(iv) of this Survey No.15 of 13.4.46, one JOHN GILBERT ASHING, apparently of Chinese race, son of E.J.ASHING of village, P.S. and District Bhamo (Burma), an associate of the HUIE group of smugglers (one of whom, S. HUIE has recently been employed in the office of the Custodian of Property, CAS(B) HQ, SEAC, RANGOON), was arrested on 18.5.46 at Hellgate on the Assam frontier when leaving India for Burma with unauthorized exports. He was convicted and fined Rs.100/- by the Political Officer, Tirap Frontier Tract.

(H) Newspaper .-

FI.811/46-III.

(i) The weekly newspaper which the recently-reorganized China Press announced would appear this month (vide Weekly Survey No.23, para (H)(i) of 8.6.46) made its debut on 23.6.46, bearing the English name "The China Review". The journal bears the imprint "Edited", printed and published by Y.Y.LEE, and it appears to be the intention of the publishers to maintain continuity with the weekly news-journal of the same name formerly published by S.F.CHE, and which was later converted into a daily; the layout and contents are generally similar, and the former publication serial numbers have been adopted.

"

(ii) LIAO Chung-sheng (7064/2930/9892), newly-appointed Managing Director of the Chinese Journal of India, arrived from China by plane on 21.6.46, and will take over from LIU I-ling on July 1st. (vide Weekly Survey No.22, para 2(H)(i)). The post is a Central Kuomintang appointment, and has been filled by a number of temporary local appointments since T.T.KOO was recalled to China last year. T.T.KOO and his temporary successors have all been active in the political sphere, and the new incumbent seems to have plunged into Kuomintang party affairs immediately on his arrival. He officiated at the Kuomintang Training Class graduation a few days after his arrival, and two days later (26th) was feted with the instructors of the class at a "graduation" luncheon held by the Kuomintang headquarters.

(I) Miscellaneous .-

.516/46.

(i) Dr. Wellington KOO, Chinese Ambassador to Great Britain, left Calcutta on 20.6.46 in

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transit to London.

516/46. (ii) Several weeks before he himself received any information that a particular ship of his line would be arriving at this Port, the manager of one of the shipping companies in Calcutta says, his office was being daily filled with scores of Chinese who, somehow or other, had had news of the vessel's schedule and expected date of arrival, and clamoured for passage to Hongkong. This, he explains, is why his company turned all accommodation for Chinese passengers over to the Chinese Consulate, his organization being unable to cope.

Para 2. INTERNATIONAL SMUGGLING RING (H. ORGANIZATION).

The letter dated 21st June quoted in full below discloses, if genuine, the existence of an international organization operating before the war, and now being re-formed, for large-scale clandestine traffic of an unknown nature, having at least an Eastern Mediterranean, a Calcutta, and a Singapore centre, and another centre which could be either in China, South America or the west coast of North America. The letter was found on the 21st June on the deck of British s.s. HICKORY GHYLL. The conditions at the time render it possible that the letter had been dropped on deck, or blown out of the purser's cabin. The ship is in Calcutta for an indefinite period, awaiting orders from London as to disposal, and her destination is unknown. It seems improbable that the letter was written on board, and unlikely that it was written ashore and delivered to an addressee on board. The possibility that it was sent on board for coding and despatch by W.T. has been examined and discarded. The most likely possibility at the moment seems to be that it was sent on board through an agent of the writer, in order to be seen and returned by someone on board, before despatching to the addressee. Suspicion has been directed against John STEPHENSON, the purser, as a man who may have handled the letter or be a member of the organization referred to in it. From descriptions he seems able, ruthless, lacking in formal education, friendly with all and familiar with none, and living beyond his pay. He is said to have a record over suspicious remittances to U.K., earlier this year, but this cannot yet be traced. He was born on 9.5.1911 at Guemarri, Lancs, England. He is single, and his home address is given as Green Hill Farm, Shuttleworth, Bury, Lancs, England. He joined his present ship on first commissioning in June 1945.

All names mentioned in the letter have been referenced here, and all references to name beginning with McD have been turned up, without developing any promising line of inquiry.

Copy of letter dated 21st June 1946, in full.

"It annoys me intensely that ANDREWS should have made such an unholy mess of things, perhaps age is dulling the little brain he used to have, a sharp reminder may help him, if not use JORDAN and modify the usual procedure to suit present circumstances.

JENKINS is doing well, but it should be

7/25
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bourne in mind that the forces of law and order are becoming more organised, and risks, such as he has been taking recently must be cut out. It is much better to have one golden egg a week than none at all, your suggestion should be adopted immediately.

My part is ridiculously easy, so easy in fact that I anticipate some snag, but RILEY is with me at present and PETERS joins me soon, so the three of us ought to take care of anything that turns up. I'm still playing my part unsuspected, but before I leave my present companions I must pay a few debts. If I leave them in Ev(query E: Eo. written Ev) as I expect to, perhaps GREY and I will work the job together.

Its pretty good the way things (Comment: word might be "thugs") have hung together since 1939. I never expected the gears to run quite as smoothly as they are, HIUNG seems to think we're wasting too much time, if I thought we'd even the ghost of a hope, I'd ditch him. LING would do the job, and his end is too badly mauled at present to worry us much - ?

The Singapore end is functioning very well under present circumstances, on my first visit to the place at the end of last year I was amazed to find that the organisation was almost as perfect as it was in 1940. They sustained very few casualties, and their work for and against the Japs have taught them much. They are enthusiastic, and capable as ever. It's a pity that MARCEL was so unfortunate, still your counter measures ought to take care of everything; I would like to suggest however, that DESPREZ is given the job, he is the only man to handle such a delicate situation.

At the present moment a hand in the Palestine stunt is out of the question, we can spare neither the men nor the craft, the old markets are all open again, but we may have competitors, these will be taken care of in the usual manner. If freezing their source of supply, which HIUNG can take care of, fails, then it's up to you.

The idea of ex naval craft is absurd; they could be re-engined and run reasonably as HOGARTH suggests, but they're too conspicuous, no carry on with the usual jobs, they are peffect for the work in hand, besides being fast enough in case of trouble.

MARKUZESKII is still operating but finding things very difficult. LING doesn't trust him and he's having trouble with several of the receivers. Those Chinese stick closer than bloody Welshmen.

SIMONS is back in the Customs and will no doubt again co-operate, if he should prove unwilling perhaps OLD MUNBY could help, don't let MASSEY in on the job. Those half castes are too fond of using cold steel.

I expect to be here for quite some time yet, at least ten days, in the event of my being forced to move, communications will be forwarded to either myself or RILEY. If something very unforeseen happens information can be safely left and collected at the usual place in B.B.Lane

Sd (initials illegible) McD.

(P.T.O.)

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P.S. My Marriage needn't cause you any loss of sleep, what better front than that of a respectable married man at home. Out here a young, rather guache, usually "inebriated" bloke.

PPS. I expect to join the happy family in a few months. It will be good to see everyone, and to really get down to business.

Sd (initials illegible) McD."

Comment: Illiterate spelling as in original.

Deputy Commissioner of Police,
Security Control, Calcutta.

Copy forwarded to :
(As per distribution list attached to W.S.No.25 dated 22.6.46).

SPECIAL SUPERINTENDENT, INTELLIGENCE BRANCH BENGAL
SECRET 35966 24 JUN 1946 35967

CALCUTTA POLICE SECURITY CONTROL
WEEKLY SURVEY.

Dated 22.6.46.

Para 1. FRENCH INDIA :

FM. 1000/46.

A letter written by Nalini Kanta GUPTA of the Sri Aurobindo Asram, Pondicherry, addressed to Surendra Mohan GHOSH, Calcutta, was seen in interception. The writer mentions that he has given M. SARAVANE, the newly elected Deputy for Pondicherry to the French Constituent Assembly, a letter of introduction to the addressee asking the addressee to assist M. SARAVANE to obtain information with regard to the Congress attitude towards French India.

The writer goes on to stress the importance of the work of the Sri Aurobindo Asram and then mentions that this Asram has always received full sympathy and support from French officials, particularly from the present Governor M. BARON. The writer states Sri Aurobindo's philosophy is becoming popular in France, and that he considers it likely that France will become a centre for its propagation throughout Europe. For this reason the writer considers that it is most undesirable that there should be any rupture between French India and Indian nationalist circles. The writer speaks enthusiastically of the future of colonial territories as free consenting units in the French Empire and stresses the fact that there will never be any barriers between French India and Free India.

Para 2. U.S.-CONGRESS CONTACT :

Reference para 1 of this Survey No.20 dated 18.5.46, RIPLEY has appeared at this office and explained the reason for his not having been registered and his failure to report his departure from Calcutta.

It seems that he came to this office at the beginning of January but instead of seeing the Registration Officer saw some other unidentified officer who told him that he would have to have his passport properly visaed for his entry into India before he could be registered. This procedure is, of course, wrong. RIPLEY then went to see the Passport Officer in Writers' Buildings and received verbal permission to remain in India pending reference to Delhi. RIPLEY heard nothing more and went off to Madras, where, on the advice of the American Consul, he reported to the Police who, in turn, said they could do nothing until they had made a reference to Calcutta. Under the circumstances it has been decided to withdraw the case against RIPLEY and his stay in India up to the end of July is being regularised.

Para 3. CHINESE AFFAIRS :

(A) Political .-

(i) The Commissioner of the Republic of China in New Delhi, Mr. SHEN Shi-hua, is now in Shanghai, where his address is 1803 Avenue Joffre, Shanghai.

FP.1189
FP.1132

(ii) The activities of RAPGA, a Tibetan exile who has been working as an agent of the Chinese Government and is a member of the Mongolian and Tibetan Affairs Commission of the Chinese Government, have been under watch recently in connection with the formation by him of a Tibetan Revolutionary Party, an organization apparently founded upon Kuomintang ideology and pattern. Searches of his principal known Calcutta contacts were carried out on 19.6.46, to synchronize with a search of his residence and numerous contacts at Kalimpong also ordered by the Government of India. RAPGA was not in Calcutta at the time of the search, nor, so far as is known, were any of his principal associates in political matters. The places searched in Calcutta were :-

(a) The flat of YANG Fu-hsien (12878/3711/4513) @ F.S.YOUNG at 8 Madan Street. RAPGA has at various times used YOUNG's flat in Calcutta to stay in, to store papers in, and as a meeting place, and consistently uses it as a Calcutta address for his correspondence. There is no actual proof to contravene F.S.YOUNG's assertions that RAPGA's relations with him are confined to matters of business and friendship and do not extend to political matters.

(b) Various business establishments of F.S. YOUNG's in Calcutta.

(c) Premises of A.Z.ALLAM at 26 Zakaria Street. This firm ships Tibetan wool to the U.S.A. for the three Kalimpong Tibetan firms SADU TSHANG, PANGDA TSHANG (RAPGA's family firm, of which his elder brother is proprietor), and REDENG LADRANG (Manager Kumphel La, Tibetan exile and one of the RAPGA's two known principal political associates and fellow agents in India, the other being KUNG KUSHO, q.v.).

No documents of an incriminating nature, or relating to RAPGA, were found during the search, with the possible exception of a letter of 22.4.46, addressed to SADU TSHANG, reporting despatch of a Radio set to KUNG KUSHO (see above), regarding which further inquiry is proceeding in case it is anything more than the ordinary type of commercial Radio receiving set. Information obtained during the course of interrogation at places searched disclosed that RAPGA came to Calcutta on 14th June in response to an urgent telegram from the Consulate-General here, who informed him on arrival of the Government of India's orders that he must leave the country within a month, and asked whether he was willing to go to China, in which case passage could be arranged. RAPGA was said to have returned to Kalimpong on the 15th ostensibly to think this over and make arrangements regarding his property. A current association, purpose unknown, was disclosed between RAPGA and RAJA DORJE of Kalimpong, Samford WEI, a Calcutta businessman who is both flashy and shady, was mentioned as entertaining RAPGA and RAJA DORJE to Mahjong parties during their stay in Calcutta earlier this year. Names were obtained of two other Calcutta Chinese contacts of RAPGA's, one of them the husband of RAPGA's present wife's sister, and both of them sufficiently close to be worth searching their business premises and residences. One is a photographer and the other a Dentist, types of business which often serve as cover for Chinese engaged in collecting or disseminating information.

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FM.610/46-II. (iii) Entirely reliable information has on two recent occasions disclosed interest being taken in Siam by Chinese officials in India. The Chinese Commissioner's Office in Delhi has requested the Survey of India to supply certain maps of Siam. The Office of General LIN of the Chinese Air Force in Calcutta has recently required some Siamese translations to be undertaken. One LIN Ming-luan of the CHIEN KUO School, who is said to be preparing to go back to Siam, was recommended by Consul T.T.SHEN as a possible candidate for the work.

(B) Associations .- Nothing to report.

(C) Labour .-

.539/45-II. Information on the CNAC strike and reorganization, referred to in para 2(C) of this Survey No.23, dated 8.6.46, has been received from a source believed to be most reliable.

The Commission on Aeronautical Affairs has taken over the administration of CNAC in Shanghai. This is the immediate result of the CNAC strike, started by American pilots who demanded more flying pay in addition to their basic salary of U.S. $.1200 a month, and spread to the American ground-crew and Chinese air-crew. Major-General SHEN Te-hsieh (9849/10845/4400), Managing Director of the CNAC and concurrently holding position in the COAA, ordered the COAA to take over everything from the strikers. Only pilots of the Chinese Air Force and the Central Air Transport Company are permitted to fly CNAC planes. The LAN HUA Airfield in Shanghai was cordoned off to prevent American and other strikers entering. CHEN Hung-en (658/5269/3330) @ Hugh E. CHEN, principal Chinese pilot of the defunct CNAC, has been nominated Operations Manager under the COAA, in place of C.L.SHARP. The name CNAC has no longer to be used, except that the Calcutta office will still carry on under the CNAC name, since COAA planes are not permitted to fly or land in India. At Dum Dum, the Indian terminal for CNAC planes, the Operations Department has ceased operating, and Z.M.WONG has ceased to be administrative assistant there. Functions of the CNAC in Calcutta have been temporarily assumed by the Business Manager of the Company's town office in Victoria House.

(D) Crime .-

FM.727/46. (i) A method of exporting gold has been observed from a reliable information showing that S.C.LI in the Chinese Consulate General, Calcutta, has ordered from Phelps and Co, uniform buttons and stars in 14 carat gold costing just over Rs.2,500/-, and has sent them to LI Ti-han (6884/11156/3836), addressed as Minister of the Interior in Nanking, China. The gold was presumably despatched by the diplomatic bag.

FM.1279/46. (ii) Reference the criminal gang forming the subject of para 1(D)(ii) of last week's Survey, secret information now points to the possibility of FAN Ting-ken, the leader, secretly returning to Calcutta from FMS this month. His return here would be the occasion for meetings of his gang, at one of which it might be possible to round up a number of members, provided the current information remains reliable.

(E) Deserters .- Nothing to report.

(F) Registration of Foreigners .-

A.R.O. The following Chinese have been convicted for offence against the Indian Passport Act of 1930 and/or the Registration of Foreigners Act :-

Name	Offence.	Penalty.	Date.
1. YU Su-shin @ YU Shu-sheng (13537/2032/5974)	Failure to report change of registered address.	Fine of Rs.50.	18.6.46
2. TANG Chin-ken (10767/2032/5974)	Failure to register	-ditto-	-ditto-

(G) Passports .- Nothing to report.

(H) Newspapers.- Nothing to report.

(I) Miscellaneous .-

FM.516/46. Entirely reliable information shows that on a recent occasion the Chinese Consul-General in Calcutta receives coded telegrams which have to be decoded at the Consulate by the Officer-in-Charge of Telegrams at the Chinese Air Force.

Deputy Commissioner of Police,
Security Control, Calcutta.

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Acting Director (Mr. L.F.Knight),
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Deputy Commissioner of Police, Special Branch, CALCUTTA.

Superintendent of Police, I.B., Bengal, CALCUTTA.

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Military Intelligence Officer, CALCUTTA.

OF POLICE
35358
17 JUNE 1946

SECRET.

CALCUTTA POLICE SECURITY CONTROL
WEEKLY SURVEY.

No.24. Dated 15.6.46.

Para 1. CHINESE AFFAIRS :

(A) Political .-

2/42. (i) Although the Chinese Seamen's Wartime Service Corps has been disbanded, Col. LIU I-ling, formerly in charge of it, desires to remain in India for an indefinite period, to act as Secretary-General of the Kuomintang-in-India Headquarters, and Managing Director of the Chinese Journal of India, both of these posts within the gift of the Chinese Government in Chungking, and their tenure depending upon the wishes of the Chinese Government.

Between 1926, when he left college, and 1936, LIU twice visited Siam, the second time as Secretary to the Chinese Mission in 1936. On each occasion of proceeding to Siam he visited the FMS. He also spent 3 years in French Indo-China, and visited Java. Presumably some at least of his journeys were undertaken for Kuomintang purposes while he was serving in the Overseas Affairs Commission of the Chinese Government (Chiao-wu Wei-yuan-hui). During these ten years he also worked on the editorial staff of the Kuo Min Jih Pao in Shanghai (a post in which his immediate associate was SHAO li-tzu, now Secretary to the Political Council, and believed to be one of the more influential figures in the Kuomintang and CHIANG Kai-shek's entourage). He joined the Board of Overseas Affairs, a Department of the Kuomintang, at its inauguration in Hankow in 1938. He came to India in 1942 as Education Officer (i.e., as a Kuomintang Political Officer) in the Wartime Seamen's Service Corps. He subsequently assumed charge of it.

It appears from his known record that he is of some importance as a Kuomintang worker.

46 (ii) CHOU Hsiang-kuang (2450/4277/6383), Editor of the Chinese Journal of India and subject of numerous previous references in this Survey, continues in his personal contacts and conversations to develop his anti-British line. At a recent discussion with several Calcuttal journalists he is reported to have maintained that there was no sincerity in the British protestations of a desire to see the end of a political impasse in India; that the Cabinet Mission's proposals for an interim Government and a Constituent Assembly were sinister and anti-national; that the demand put forward by Mr JINNAH (whom he called the arch-enemy of India) for parity in the interim Government was absurd and undemocratic; that India was now in a state of unrest from which it could be delivered only if the British made an agreement with Congress, and not if they tried to appease the anti-national Moslem League; and that he recently came in contact with a well-known American journalist whose opinion was that unless the British Government listened to the advice of Mahatma Gandhi there would be a political movement at a very early date leading to the massacre of British men, women and children, which even Gandhi would not be able to stop.

/46. (iii) LIU Shou-shan (7270/10019/9663) of the Chinese Consulate-General, Calcutta, who has recently alternated between expressing a desire to leave

his present post, and indicating his intention to follow C.P.CHEN's fortunes, has applied for admission to the University of Virginia Law School.

F .516/46. (iv) A Chungking correspondent of Dr. W.P.TSAI (11519/12598/9291) of the local Consulate-General states that Communist power is getting felt in all parts of China now, and fears the possibility of big changes in the Government in the near future.

F .516/46. (v) A Malayan correspondent of Y.Y.CHEN 9658/5462/13704) of the local Consulate-General reports increasing anti-Chinese feeling, and its expression, among the natives of Malaya.

F .1178/45. (vi) A news item of 2.6.46 in the Chinese Journal of India shows that the Ministry of Overseas Chinese Affairs at Nanking has telegraphically advised all Overseas Chinese Kuomintang Headquarters that all Overseas Chinese who desire to go to Hongkong from abroad must obtain passports and visas for entering Hongkong, but that if they return to China before proceeding to Hongkong, passports and visas are unnecessary. Apparently KMT Headquarters abroad are developing consular functions under instructions from the Chinese Government.

(B) Association
(C) Labour
Nothing to report.

(D) Crime .-

IT. 1589
M. 1324/46. (i) In continuation of paragraph 2(D) of last week's Survey, the undermentioned eight members of LIN Shao Ju's gang which has been operating an extortion, intimidation and protection racket in and around Calcutta, were arrested on 8.6.46. The gang is of a mixed nature, comprising southern Chinese, Malayan Chinese, ex-Paiforce personnel specially allowed to remain in India by Government of India instructions, and Chinese long resident in India. There is no indication at present of political significance or of association with secret societies. Information possessed by other branches regarding any of these individuals would be appreciated. The usual handicap of Chinese refusal to make statements enabling non-cognizable cases to be opened by the police, at the time of receiving intimidatory warnings from gangsters, has been experienced during the follow-up of this gang's activities prior to its arrest, and may lead to some of the culprits evading their just punishment. The only case which formed the subject of a formal complaint to a police station was that of intimidation on 28.5.46 reported in para 2(D) of this Survey, dated 1.6.46.

(1) LIN Shao-ju (7157/9775/5668), R.C.9178/ Calcutta Leader, Ex-shoemaker, in India some 11 years.
(2) TUNG Shao-hsiung (10767/9746/4699), unregistered.
(3) CHIA Cho-han (658/2389/3836),R.C.355/Nasik.

The above-mentioned 3 men were found with 1 loaded .45 automatic, and 2 daggers with knuckleduster handles. When charged before the Magistrate with possession of unlicensed arms, they attempted to escape, and were recovered after a scuffle.

(4) WU Chih-sheng (12699/1849/9865), unregistered.

7/6
(P-113)

(5) MAI Chin-chao @ MAK Kim-chow (7602/2068/476), unregistered.

The above-mentioned 2 men were found with a dagger at the time of arrest. They are close associates of LIN and his gang.

(6) KU Liang-yuan (6188/7035/13744), R.C.No. 177/Burdwan)

(7) HSIEH Nan-ching @ NAM Keen (4432/8128/2122), R.C.406/24-Parganas.

The above-mentioned 2 men were arrested in an Opium Den frequented by the gang. They are understood to be members of the gang, possibly spies for it.

(8) LIN Tit-yee @ LIN Ti-ju (7157/10938/5668), R.C.14274/Calcutta, employed at New York Shoe Store, 21 Lower Chitpore Rd., Calcutta. Implicated in an attempt at intimidation and extortion by the gang.

73/46
67/46-III.

(ii) TONG Nee-dah @ TUNG I-ta (12259/5454/10473), subject of para 5(D)(i) of No.10 of this Survey dated 9.3.46, held in custody under paragraph 7 of the Foreigners Order, has been released from jail pending submission of a request for deportation orders. He is being watched. It has now been learned that he is a member, but not the leader, of a gang of over a score of Chinese whose real leader FAN Ting-ken @ VAN Ting-ken (3426/11248/5974) appears to have Malayan connections and is said to belong to the CHING HUNG PANG. It is possible that a TRIAD Society is really meant by the informant who stated that FAN is a CHING HUNG PANG member. Other known members of this gang are WANG A-ssu (12493/1/10291), second in command to FAN, and YU Mao-chi (13612/7698/832), both of the Park Restaurant, Darjeeling, and known at Calcutta and Bombay. The gang comprises mainly Chinese with sea-faring experience, of Shanghai extraction. Opium in large quantity, and arms, are reported to have been lately smuggled into the FMS by FAN - the arms being for the use of the Gang's members in the FMS.

Should TUNG leave Calcutta, information obtained by other branches regarding his contacts will be welcome. The secret society background of the gang renders it potentially dangerous.

FT 27/46.

(iii) K.Y.CHEN, using the address of a Mook & Co., 8 Lower Chitpur Road, Calcutta, has been observed to be using the mail for despatch of U.S. Currency to individual in the Bank of Communications, Kunming, China.

(E) Deserters.- Nothing to report.

(F) Registration of Foreigners .-

I.R.O.

(i) Up-to-date the total number of Chinese registrees checked is 6,993 and the total number of certificates reissued is 6873.

1530
19.6.46
I.R.O

(ii) SUN Chi-sheng @ SUN Kee-sheng (10431/966/9892), subject of para 2(F)(iii) of last week's Survey, has left India. The watch for him may be withdrawn.

(iii) The following Chinese have been convicted for offences against the Indian Passport Act of 1930 and/or the Registration of Foreigners Act.

Name	Offence	Penalty	Date.
LIN Ah-mah @ LON Yeh-mao 7343/7679)	Failure to report loss of Registration certificate.	Fine of Rs.10/-	10.6.46.

2) Richard TU Tao-chou (12043/10780/2450)	Failure to report arrival.	Fine of Rs.10/-	10.6.46.

(G) Passports.-
(H) Newspapers.- } Nothing to report.
(I) Miscellaneous .-

FM.685/46; The Commission on Aeronautical Affairs has recently advised the Commissioner of Police of regulations governing movement of CAF personnel proceeding to China, stressing that all such personnel must be in possession of a movement-order issued by the Commission and are not allowed to obtain passage, or to travel, independently of the Commission. It is not known whether this is a repercussion from recent cases in which the attention of the Chinese authorities had to be drawn to peculiar travel-documents.

CORRIGENDUM:

Reference para 1, 3rd sub-para, 2nd line of this Survey dated 8.6.46 -
For 'A.G.B.' please read "A.V.G."

Deputy Commissioner of Police,
Security Control, Calcutta.

SNC.

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(As perdistribution list attached to W.S.9 dated 2.3.46, to which the following may please be added :-

D.I.G. of Police, C.I.D. Burma,
Secretariat Buildings. RANGOON.)

B.P.O. Dy. No. 1001-88 22/6/46

CALCUTTA POLICE SECURITY CONTROL
WEEKLY SURVEY.

SECRET.

No. 23. Date 8.6.46.

Para 1. FIRE ARMS: ILLICIT (BLACK-MARKET) SALE.

FM 1270/46. With reference to Para 1 of last week's Survey, attached herewith is a photograph of JAMES MORISSON. Certain errors in the drafting of the note under this heading last week are regretted. The most serious was the statement that JAN SPITZ was a Czechoslav whereas he is a Czechoslavak.

MORISSON has now given up pretending that he is an American deserter, and admits being the son of a Canadian Missionary and American mother. His full name appears to be JAMES LIONEL MORISSON born at Canton on September the 28th, 1924. His father is J.C. Morisson of Manitoba, Canada, and later Missionary in South China. His mother is Mrs L.R.Morisson born at Big-Pine, North Carolina, U.S.A. They are at present living in Cleveland, Ohio, U.S.A.

MORISSON claims that he worked for a time for the ~~A.G.B.~~ A.N.G. as a civilian, and then later for the USAAF in Kunming up to 1942. He pretended to be older than he really was. He and his parents came to India in November 1942, and he went to school at Woodestock in Mussorie. During 1943, after leaving school, he went to Delhi and got a job with the Americans. He got mixed up with a gang of American military personnel who were engaged in black-market. He came to Calcutta and returned to Delhi via Lucknow from where he enticed a school-girl to go with him. He was picked up by the Military Police in Delhi and was sentenced by a Criminal Court to 6 months' R.I. for posing as an American soldier. After his release, he returned to Calcutta after visiting Agra and other places. He made contact with the black-market gang again. He found that an old contact, one JUG LARSEN, an American deserter, was selling arms and ammunition by the case. He was alarmed with this, and refused to have any thing to do with it and confined himself to ordinary black-market operations. LARSEN has been court-martialled for black-market operations (but not for dealing in arms) and sentenced to imprisonment. He has been sent back to the United States.

MORISSON has still not made a full statement with regard to his doings immediately prior to and at the time of his attack on SPITZ.

We have been looking for an alleged American deserter called McFIE, who is concerned with this black-market game. He has been twice stopped by the Civil Police, but twice escaped by threatening them with a revolver or automatic pistol. We have just received information that he has been arrested and is in custody of the British Military in Delhi. Apparently he is not an American at all but a deserter named LANYON from a British Parachute Battalion. He is wanted here on a charge of criminal intimidation and also for questioning with regard to his connections with the black-market.

Another American deserter giving his name as SHERMAN, who is connected with these operations, was arrested 2 days ago by Officers of this Department and is being held by us pending verifications of his finger-prints and photograph in the U.S.A. He is expected to make a statement.

Another American deserter named TONY BRONCATO, who is an important figure in the black-market game and is said to be holding money for other members already arrested and sent to America, is still at large. No full description of his is available, but it is said that he is about 5' 7" or 5' 8" in height with dark hair, dark eyes and brownish complexion. He is Italian by origin. He is said to have been living in Darjeeling, but due to the fact that most of the American troops in Bengal and Northern India have gone, he may have headed for Madras or Ceylon. If he is found he should be arrested and this Office should be informed.

Para 2.- CHINESE AFFAIRS.

(A) Political.

FM 1049/46. (1) Mme A. David NEEL, the French writer and lecturer on Lamaism and Tibet, has recently written to a Professor SI An-che of the China Frontier Research Institute, West China United Universities, Chengtu, advising caution should he pursue his desire to start a Chinese school at Shigatze, it is very reliably learned. The authoress warns him first to ascertain whether the school is being opened at the invitation of the Tibetan Government or whether it is solely an enterprise of

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the Chinese Ministry of Education. It is true, she says, that China has suzerain power over Tibet, "but Tibetans and the British do not see things in the same way", and warns that the Lhasa Government could cause trouble for her correspondent, that he might become involved in political intrigues, that "there are sly characters in that country and life does not mean much for them". Mme David NEEL expresses as her opinion that if the Chinese are clever enough, they may regain their influence in Tibet, but it will take time. .

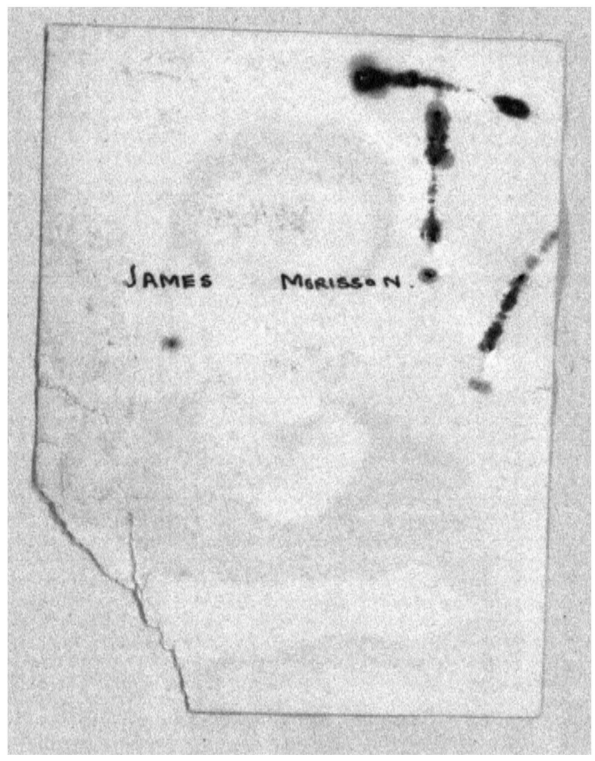
Nothing is known of the China Frontier Research Institute. There are some half-dozen Kuomintang organizations of somewhat similar name, but from Mme David NEEL's reference to a Dr Graham, the institute may have some connexion with the West China Border Research Society, a scientific Sino-foreign body sponsored by the West China Universities in Chengtu.

FM 685/46. (ii) Reference Para 5 (A)(iii) in Survey No. 19, a Chinese press notice says that the Chinese Air Force Training School in Lahore will close on June 27th., and all personnel, numbering over 400, will entrain for Madras en route to Hongkong. All other Chinese air-force personnel, including the Delhi Office of the Commission on Aeronautical Affairs, will concentrate in Calcutta to await Steamship passage.

FM 685/46. (iii) "Britain is the only nation in the world which has respect for China", says an editorial in the Chinese Journal of India of 30 May, welcoming the new British Ambassador to China. Referring to Sino-British friendship under Britain's Conservative Party, the writer says that when first the Labour Government came into power, China did not know at first whether British policy towards China would be in a new direction, particularly as Mr Bevin made no reference to China, except for an occasional mention of Hongkong, in any of his parliamentary speeches. "However, Britain today wants peace ... she is planning to withdraw her armies from India and Egypt ... in doing so she has won respect from all the nations of Asia and Africa". The editorial concludes with the assurance that Britain should never fear that China will become aggressive or imperialist "as Britain was during the past two centuries".

FM 732/46 (iv) What appears to be a new Kuomintang-inspired project is the commencement of open classes in Chinese studies at the Calcutta University scheduled for July. A press notice states that this is being done in consultation with TAN Yun-shan of Santiniketan and the Chinese Consul-General.




JAMES McRISSON.

FM 538/45. (v) Henceforth the education of Chinese Overseas will be a commitment of the Overseas Chinese Affairs Commission of the Chinese Central Government, and not of the Ministry of Education as heretofore, according to the Chungking radio. A sum of US $ 4,000,000,000 (?) is said to have been appropriated for the Commission's educational programme.

CP 1474. (vi) A second drive for funds for the relief of refugees in China is being launched by the Kuomintang. LI Wei-pin and twelve others have been appointed as committee in charge. Representatives from the Chinese Consulate will assist.

(B) Associations.

CM.732/46. Recent contacts of CHOU Hsiang-kuang in regard to the revived proposal to inaugurate a Sino-Indian Association, referred to in Para 1(B)(iii) of Survey No. 21 dated 25.5.46, include Dr Suniti Kumar CHATTARJI and Mr Kedar Nath CHATTARJI, Editor of "Modern Review" and "Prabashi", according to a secret report. These gentlemen are said to have expressed their approval of CHOU's suggestions, and to have promised to give their full support. KEDAR CHATTARJI is reported to have declared that such an association would have come into being long ago had it not been for the supine attitude of a certain section of the Chinese community and the sinister activities of the British. CHOU is alleged to have suggested to him that a select fewwx meet at the Kuomintang Branch in Meredith Street or some other suitable place, but K.N.CHATTARJI said that he was already in correspondence with TAN Yun-shan of Santiniketan and wished to wait for his reply before making any further move.

(C) Labour.

FM 539/45-II. The strike of CNAC employees, which within the past two weeks has spread to all stations and sub-stations in China, has created a critical situation in Chinese communications. The Calcutta Office remains at work. A source reports that there are but few Chungking-payroll employees in Calcutta, and any attempt at striking would be resisted by the Indian, Anglo-Indian and locally-employed Chinese. A telegram of sympathy is said to have been despatched to Shanghai Head Office strikers by the China employees in Calcutta, however. This source reports that a week ago Chinese military guards were placed on CNAC installations throughout China, as a precaution against "Communist activities".

An independent and usually well-informed source reports an interesting development in the situation. News is said to have been received in Calcutta Office of the CNAC on 6 June that the whole of the CNAC organization has been taken over by the Chinese Government Commission on Aeronautical Affairs, and the corporation has now become virtually a wing of the Chinese Air Force. American pilots are said to have been replaced by C.A.F. officers and Central Air Transport Co. pilots. Even the Calcutta Office is reported to have been affected by this 'blitz', Z.M.WONG of the Operations Department having been suspended and his work taken over by the Manager of the CNAC Town Office. The net result is said to be that the CNAC exists only in Calcutta, and this because the name must be retained, as C.O.A.A. planes are not permitted to land in India.

(D) Crime.

FP 1589. LIN Shao @ LIM South-yee (7157/9775/5668), a gangster who has been on the 'Wanted' list for some months, was arrested together with members of his gang at 21 Uma Das Lane early on the 8th June, 1946. An .45 automatic and three daggers, two of them with knuckle-duster handles, the property of members of the gang, were found and seized.

(E) Deserters.

Nothing to report

(F) Registration of Foreigners.

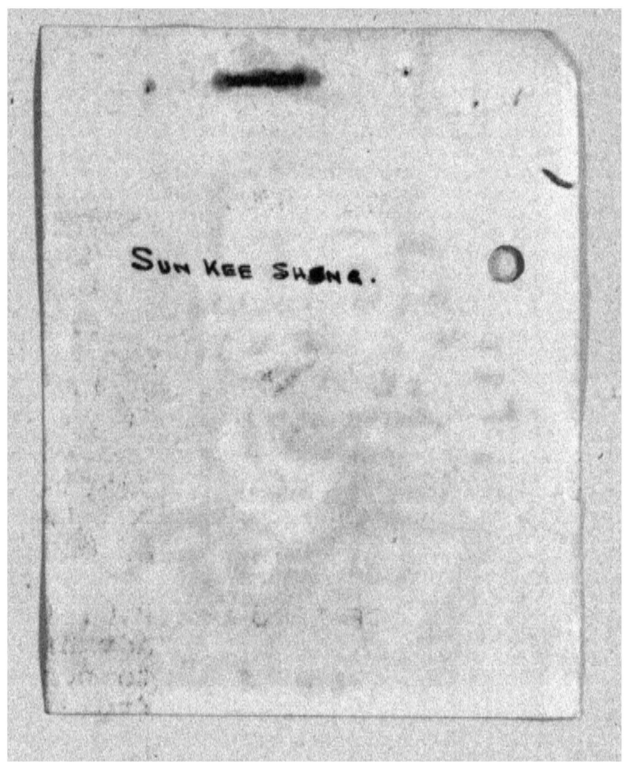
FM 1050&A.R.O. (i) The following Chinese have been convicted for offence against the Indian Passport Act of 1930 and/or the Registration of Foreigners Act:-

Name	Offence	Penalty	Date
LOK Chung @ LO Chang (7326/408) @ LO Shang (7329/9736)	Failure to register	Fine of Rs 20	6.6.46.

(ii) The following Aliens Registration Certificates have been reported lost:-

1. LI Yu-hsiang(6884/13630/4256), Aliens R.C. No. 10458 (Calcutta.)
2. LIU Hsi-cheng(7270/4157/687), Consular Registration Certificate, number forgotten.




SUN KEE SHONG.

FP 1530. (iii) SUN Chi-sheng @ SUN Kee-sheng (10431/966/ 9892) R.C.No.1052, who was warned to leave India by mid-March 1946 for violation of conditions of visa, has disappeared from his registered address, 19-A Tiretta Bazar Street, Calcutta, without reporting change of address or new address to the Police. It is requested that watch may be kept for him, and that if found he may be detained under section 5 of Registration of Foreigners Act and transferred to this Office. His photograph is attached.

FP 1585 & A.R.O. (iv) The opportunity given by, and the advantage taken of, Chinese identity papers to permit entry into India under exemption from the Registration Rules, of persons not entitled to such exemption, is again exemplified by a recent case concerning one HOU Chin-fu (4021/2052/3711). This person entered India by air on 18.12.45 as a Chinese military officer. When he came to leave India in early May 1946, scrutiny of the documents carried by him showed that they were defective in that his identity-card did not show that he possessed any military rank, while the document which had on arrival been taken as a movement-order was in reality a leave-certificate for him to proceed from China to Tibet via India on 3 months' leave from 16.12.45. At the time of his intended departure he carried a certificate from the Chinese Consulate General Calcutta, issued 30.4.46, to the effect that he was a Captain and had been in India on duty. Pending clarification of status, he was not allowed to proceed. During interrogation, he declared that he was a Captain in the Chinese Army working in the Secretarial Department of the National Military Council, Chungking, and was in India on leave, and he gave a fantastic story to account for his leave. The Chinese Consulate-General declared formally that he had come to India on duty. It has not been possible to ascertain whether he was really in India on leave and has sufficient pull with the Consulate to obtain documents certifying that he was here on duty, thus excusing him from registration and from the penalties for non-registration, or whether he was in fact here for secret work in connection with the Consulate or Tibetan affairs. He has been permitted to leave for China, and the case has been referred in full to Government.

(G) Passports

Nothing to report.

(H) Newspapers.

FM 811/46-II.(i) Further to sub-para (ii) under this heading in last week's Survey, during an interview with the new Manager of the China Press, LEE Hoo @ LI Hu (6884/4920), an old resident of the city who has been working as interpreter for both the China Press and the Chinese Journal of India, [redacted] stated that the whole business, plant and goodwill of the China Press, had been purchased by a syndicate composed of S.K.ROY, A. BOSE and N.L.GHOSE. The new proprietors, who have not yet been completely identified, have since purchased some linotype machinery (for English linotype printing) and will soon start publication. It has been considered, he says, that a purely Chinese press would not be a paying proposition with the present reduced Chinese community. Provision will possibly be made later to provide for Bengal or other Indian printing work. S.F.CHE is described as being in a very poor state of health, with but the one ambition of going back to Shanghai as soon as all matters connected with the transfer of the business are complete.

(ii) KUNG Hung (6579/5282) of the Chinese Journal of India was the principal speaker at the enlarged Kuomintang Memorial Service held on 2 June. His lecture was "Three Ways of looking at National Affairs" and he urged listeners not to be pessimistic about China's future. A farewell-party was given in honour of KUNG Hung at the Kuomintang headquarters on May 28th., when it was announced that he was soon to leave for Hongkong to work for the Overseas Chinese Publishing Company.

(I) Miscellaneous.

Nothing to report.

James Jamieson

Deputy-Commissioner of Police
Security Control, Calcutta.

RPC.

OFFICE OF H.C. TO G.O.I. BENGAL
3. JUNE 1946

B.P.O. Dy. No. 902-S. dy 10/6/46

CALCUTTA POLICE SECURITY CONTROL
WEEKLY SURVEY.

SECRET.

No.22 Date 1.6.46.

Para 1. FIRE ARMS; ILLICIT (BLACK-MARKET) SALE.

FM 1270/46 Investigations into large-scale black-market operations concerning American military equipment disclose that transactions with regard to small arms and hand-granades on a pretty large scale have apparently taken place. Certain clues are being followed, but persons interrogated, who have made fairly full statements with regard to other American property leading to the recovery of large quantities of miscellaneous articles, refused to make statements about arms, presumably out of fear of being implicated.

A Czechoslav Engineer named JAN SPITZ, a registree of this Office, was shot and seriously wounded. It appears that he was concerned in the black-market operations and his assailant, an unidentified European now under arrest, is also very deeply concerned. SPITZ's assailant says that he shot him due to trouble of a woman, but it seems more likely that it was a case of thieves falling out. The assailant has given his name as JAMES MORISSON. He is about 5' 9" in height, slimly built,-broad forehead with a rather long face and pointed chin, and has wavy fair hair brushed back from his forehead. He speaks with a slight Southern States American accent, but from his pronounciation of certain words an American Officer has given the opinion that he is probably not an American. He has been posing as a member of the American military police and is said to have undergone 6 months' imprisonment in Delhi or Lahore (probably the latter), at the end of last year or the beginning of this, for impersonating an American soldier. He was also concerned in the luring away of a school girl from a school in Lucknow, which offence was hushed up at the instance of the girl's parents.

Morisson has stated that the arms sold by American military personnel have been taken up towards the north west of India for use in the event of Civil War over the question of Pakisthan; he did not say which side was to use the arms. JAN SPITZ has made a very similar statement, but has been more explicit to the extent of saying that SMETACZEK (mentioned in this Survey No. 19, dated 11.5.46) had col-

Rels from duplicate copy.
5-6-46.

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lected the arms, which were found with him in Naukuchiatal, for the use of Muslims in the event of Civil War. SPITZ has also stated that American arms were being smuggled up to Afganisthan. No details of any sort are available to support these assertions.

If he really is JAMES MORISSON it would appear that his father was a Canadian Missionary in China and his mother an American from Ohio. He had in his possession a letter written for the alleged mother in Ohio, in which it was suggested that he returned to the States in the company of a BROTHER GEORGE WAGGONER, who is apparently a Missionary somewhere in India.

This man now claims that he is an American Air Corps soldier reported missing on the Imphal front in 1943 and is impersonating Morisson who managed to smuggle himself on to the ship "MARINE ADDER" which left the United States some months ago. As he has made contradictory statements with regard to the identity of the Air Corps soldier whom he claims to impersonate, no reliance can be placed on his statement.

He was arrested in the company of the American Army deserter named RICHARD HALL who was one of the leaders of the black-market gang.

Any information concerning this man will be very gratefully received. A copy of his photograph will be attached to the next issue of this Survey.

Sec. Perhaps medium to address destruct. a 4-6-46 C in/c

James Morrison my reference.

Para 2. CHINESE AFFAIRS.
(A) Political

FM 1179/45. (i) Ref. Para 5(A)(vi) of Survey No. 19 dated 11/5/46, during the course of a conversation TAI She-chung @ TAI Shih-chung (10567/9982/2876) declared that he had been sent to Malaya from Chungking in 1941 by the Chinese Army newspaper SAO TANG PAO to make a report on the Overseas Chinese communities, and his instructions emphasized that he was to report on every aspect of anti-Kuomintang activity in Malaya, particularly the activities of TAN Kah-kee. TAI added that apart from the reports he had despatched to his newspaper, he had compiled ' a book of some hundreds of pages' on the same subjects, but he was unwilling to say more about it as it was "a confidential report to the Central Government". TAI She-chung is now awaiting passage to Malaya, whither he has been summoned by LAU Paak-kuen (vide para 1(A)(ii) of last week's Survey) to join the staff of the PI HUA JIH PAO ('The Thunder of China'), a Chinese daily in Malaya of which LAU PAAK-Kuen is Managing-Director. TAI's purpose, he states, is to do all he can to spread Kuomintang principles amongst Chinese in Malaya, to fight against communism, and spread Kuomintang propaganda.

FM 1271/46. (ii) HUA Lo-keng (5005/7291/6001), a Chinese professor of Mathematics is said to have been invited by the Soviet Government to undertake a lecture-tour in U.S.S.R., passed through Calcutta during the week, leaving for China by plane on 25.5.46. According to a paragraph in the Chinese newspaper, he "paid visits to Generalissimo Stalin in Moscow", and brought back with him very deep impressions of the Soviet Union.

FM 538/45. (iii) New committees have been elected for the Ting Hsin, Wei Hsin and Hsing Chun Kuomintang Sub-branches. The first two are divisions of the Ming Hsin Branch Kuomintang, the last a division of the Hsing Chiao Branch. The offices are the same in each case- a Chairman, Business Manager, Member for Discipline, Member for Propaganda, and a Member for the New Life Movement. A 'fourth section' has been added to the Hsing Chun Sub-branch, and some special motions have been adopted to

cater for members who hail from the northern provinces of China. Another resolution was to "initiate correspondence amongst members in Shillong, Karachi, Dum Dum and New Delhi".

(B) Associations.

FM 1166/45 (i) The aggressiveness and cohesion of the Chinese business community in India is demonstrated in an article which appeared in a recent issue of the Chinese Journal of India. The author complains of the attitude of the Indian raw-hide merchants towards the Dhappa tanners, and urges a "perpetual boycott" of the skin dealers who, he alleges, have consistently heaped indignities on the Overseas Chinese whom they consider inferior. The root of the trouble, it appears from the article, is that the raw-hide merchants recently sprang on the Dhappa tanners a decision to demand purchase-money of hides at the time of concluding the bill of sale, instead of cash on delivery of the goods as was the case formerly, it is stated. "Any human being would regard such an attitude as a great insult". A meeting of Dhappa tanners was apparently called and transactions were suspended in order to induce the raw-hide dealers "to withdraw their unreasonable decision". The writer of the article urges that a circular be drawn up by the Dhappa tanners, listing the decisions taken by the tanners' association in connexion with the "incident" and distributed to all concerned "so that none may be able to make excuses and plead ignorance". This encourages the belief that some form of sanctions against the hide dealers have been adopted, particularly as the writer takes objection to the proposed "fine of Rs 500/-", which, he argues, is not enough in certain cases where the punishment should be confiscation of skins purchased secretly.

(C) Labour.

Nothing to report.

(D) Crime.

FP 1590. Attempted extortion has been reported by D-SHEEN & Co., Chinese Shoe-shop at 36 Bentinck Street. The owner has been receiving demands for "loans" from LIN Shao-ju (7157/9775/5668), Chinese national, R.C. No. 9178, present address unknown and no fixed address for the last 5 months. Shoemaker acquaintances

of LIN family who own the D'SHEEN Shoe-shop, and a leading member of the local Hakka community, have on one or more occasions advised the shop of these requests for loans and have recommended payment to avoid trouble from LIN and his reputed gang; said to be armed. The victim has consistently refused to pay, and has applied to the police for assistance, but has so far been unwilling to bring a case in the local Court, fearing reprisals. On 28.5.46 and Indian rickshaw-puller brought him a matchbox containing a live cartridge and a written threat warning him against nonpayment. He took the rickshaw-puller to the police, where it was ascertained that 2 Chinese, whom the puller professed himself unable to identify, had given the packet to the puller for delivery to D'SHEEN & Co.

(E) Deserters.

Nothing to report.

(F) Registration of Foreigners.

A.R.O. (i) Up-to-date the total number of Chinese registrees checked is 6,910 and the total number of certificates re-issued is 6,791.

A.R.O. (ii) The following Chinese have been convicted for offence against the Indian Passport Act of 1930 and/or the Registration of Foreigners Act:-

Name	Offence	Penalty	Date
LAM Foo @ LIU Fu (7157/3711)	Failute to register	Fine of Rs 10/-	27.5.46.

FM 684/42. (iii) Government of India have decided that Chinese and other foreign nationals employed at the Chinese Government Radio Station in Calcutta (closed from 1st April 1946), may remain in India until arrangements can be made for their transportation to China.

A.R.O. (iv) The following Aliens Registration Certificates have been reported lost:-

Mu Hua-tin (8082/5004/11276), Aliens R.C, and Guild membership Card, number and place of issue not known.

(G) Passports.

FM 1190/45 and FM 1312/46.

PEI Yun-lung (8556/13812/7479) and WANG Kuan-pao (12493/6841/8711) have been found to enter India illegally through Tibet in 1943. Prosecution for this offence is barred for technical reasons. Issue of deportation orders has been requested in view of Government instructions to deport if found guilty of illegal entry, as contained in the Government of India Express Letter No. 87/44-Poll(E), dated 6.12.44. The original offence, namely, illegal entry, has been aggravated by the operation of unlicensed boarding-houses where registers have not been kept.

(H) Newspapers.

FM 811/46.

(i) A number of changes have taken place in the editorial staff of the Chinese Journal of India, and further staff changes are exepected shortly. KUNG Hung, the Managing-Director (i.e. Supervisor responsible to the Central Kuomintang) has officially handed over to LIU I-ling, Acting Secretary-General of the Kuomintang-in-India Headquarters, but is working on the newspaper until his departure for China. KUNG remains in Chinese Government employ, according to LIU, and is being withdrawn to set up a new press for the Chinese Government in Canton or Hongkong, undecided as yet. LIU I-ling himself is an experienced journalist, formerly on the staff of the KUO MIN JIH PAO of Shanghai. Editorials in the Chinese Journal of India are mostly from his pen. He describes himself as "a diehard Kuomintang man". CHAO Ping-liang, the 'official' head of the editorial department under the Managing Director, is, according to LIU, probably leaving; the correspondence of CHOU Hsiang-kuang, the most influential of the lot, indicates that he entertains ideas of leaving India. The last-mentioned gentleman recently advertised in the Hyderabad (Deccan) Bulletin and other Urdu newspapers for an Indian bride, describing himself as "serving in Calcutta on a responsible post of the Chinese Government". Against this, it has been the policy of the officials of the Chinese Journal to refer to CHOU as only casually connected with the newspaper.

FP 1461. (ii) S.F.CHE, subject of para 2 (H) of Survey No. 20 of 1946, has informed HSIAO Chi-shan (4324/909/9697) of the Overseas Department of the Central Kuomintang, Nanking, that "everything has been settled concerning the Press" and he proposes to return to China next month, it is reliably learned. Demands for printing machinery from the China Press have been made from so many quarters that it is not clear what settlement has been made, but according to an undonfirmed secret report the Press has been sold to one N.L.Ghosh. CHE is understood to be planning to visit Bangkok, Manila and Formosa, travelling by plane of the U.S. Transport Command.

(I) Miscellaneous.

Nothing to report.

CORRIGENDUM.

Reference Weekly Survey 21, dated 25.5.46 paragraph 1(D)-Crime, After the word 'month' in the first line, pleaseread "of January 1946".

Deputy-Commissioner of Police,
Security Control, Calcutta.

RPC.

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27. MAY 1946
INTELLIGENCE BRANCH

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B.P.O. Dy. No. 839-S
30/5/46

CALCUTTA POLICE SECURITY CONTROL WEEKLY SURVEY.

SECRET.

Date 25. 5. 46

No. 21.

Para 1. CHINESE AFFAIRS.

(A) Political.

(1) A correspondent of Consul TSAI Wei-ping (11519/12598/9291), commenting on the political situation in China, writes (according to a letter seen in interception) "The Communist power is getting felt in all parts of China now. I am really worried about the future of our country. There may be big changes in the Government in the near future". The writer's views appear to be shared by the majority of Overseas Chinese, and no doubt explain the intensity of the present Kuomintang drive for increased membership amongst the overseas Chinese community in India. New branches are being opened (vide para. 5(A)(i) of Survey No. 19) and membership rolls of existing branches are being checked. A secretly intercepted letter from LIU Chuan-sheng (7270/3187/9889) of the Kuomintang-in-India Headquarters to LIAO Ling-chieh (7064/7228/1491) of the Chung Hua (China) School, Kalimpong, reveals that advice is being given to Kuomintang branches on how they should take stock of their membership and encourage members to report change of address and departure from the country. Dr. WEI Chien-chu (12567/1742/12744), Chairman of the Hsing Chun Sub-branch Kuomintang, whose activity on behalf of the Kuomintang amongst Chinese dentists throughout the mofussil was noted in para. 3(A)(vi) of Survey No. 14, has notified his correspondents in Shillong that "In keeping with Kuomintang propaganda and to encourage friendship amongst members" it was decided at a recent Kuomintang-in-India conference to start correspondence with any place where there were at least three resident Kuomintang members. The addressees in Shillong were asked to make a survey of members in the district.

A further stimulus to the membership campaign is provided by the announcement, in the Chinese Journal of India of 20/5/46, of plans for the establishment of a "Welfare Association for Overseas Kuomintang Members". An ambitious programme was announced, apparently on a pattern set by the Central Kuomintang of China, and is in the form of a set of

rules to be adopted by Kuomintang branches. These provide for various forms of relief, unemployment dole, personal loans and business loans, and include suggestions for raising the money necessary for such relief from party members.

A reliable source reports that, whereas admittance to membership of the Party formerly took about a year, it has now been speeded up, and the whole procedure is generally completed within 3 - 5 months. Women are now eligible for membership, source states, though the number of women-members is few.

FP 1565. (ii) LAU Paak-kuen @ LIU Po-chun (7270/934/3304), a member of the Central Kuomintang Supervisory Committee and Kuomintang leader in Ipoh, Malaya, who is understood to have reported to LIU Shou-shan of the Chinese Consulate-General here on the Malayan situation shortly after arrival in Malaya, recently addressed LI Wei-pin (see para B(ii) below) expressing sympathy with the Dhappa community over their losses in the tannery conflagration, it is learned from a reliable source.

FM 811/46-II (iii) Paul FENG, to whom reference was made in last week's Survey in connexion with contacts with Indian Nationalist leaders, is manager of the New Delhi Bureau of the Central News Agency of China.

(B) Associations.

FM 540/46. (i) YANG Hsi (12878/4130), who describes himself as Special Commissioner of the Chinese Seamen's Union headquarters in Shanghai, has approached CHOW Sang, the local seamen's boarding-house keeper and acting head of the Calcutta Branch of the Chinese Seamen's union, requesting the latter to compile a roll of Chinese seamen who were killed or injured while serving "in China or abroad with the Allied Forces", according to reliable information. CHOW Sang has been provided with register forms for this purpose, and the report is to be returned to the Union headquarters in Shanghai within a month. Names are being compiled for the purpose of a proposed payment of gratuities to the injured and inclusion in a roll of honour where seamen have been killed in action.

FP 1474. (ii) A new commercial enterprise about to be floated with Chinese and Indian capital of over CNC$ 2,000,000 (approx. Rs 200,000) is the Sino-Indian Cultural Enterprises Company. This has no connexion with the firm The Sino-Indian Cultural Exchange (the Ta Kung Pao agency), or the Chinese Government-sponsored society The Sino-Indian Cultural Association, but is of interest because one of the chief promoters is LI Wei-pin, the Kuomintang-appointed "leader" of the Overseas Chinese community of Calcutta, to whom reference has frequently been made in this Survey. The new company proposes to start a printing and publishing business, and CHANG Tao (390/10781), a member of the Preparatory Board of the venture, is endeavouring to come to India from Canton to expedite the Company's development. He is endeavouring to buy printing machinery from S.F.CHE of the China Press for shipment to Canton. LI Wei-pin's association with the company suggests a possible Kuomintang interest.

FM 732/46. (iii) Prior to the recall of Dr. C.J.PAO the former Chinese Consul-General, efforts were being made by him to establish in Calcutta an Indo-China Association to promote culture and friendship between Indians and Chinese. He was being helped in these endeavours by T.T.KOO, former Editor-in-Chief of the Chinese Journal of India. A source close to CHOU Hsiang-kuang, T.T.KOO's successor, now reports that a new approach to organize this association is being made, this time by Dr.[x] TAN Yun-shan of Santiniketan. According to CHOU, the inauguration of the association in Dr. PAO's time was thwarted by "sinister influences which tried to strangle the move at its inception". Dr. PAO's energy, he contended, would have made it possible to establish a feeling of comradeship between the progressive Chinese element and Nationalist Bengal. Prof. TAN has directed CHOU to contact Dr. Kedar CHATTARJI, Editor of "Prabashi" and "Modern Review", Dr. SUNITI CHATTARJI of Calcutta University, Dr. KALIDAS NAG and a number of prominent political leaders in Bengal, but at the same time has advised him to move very cautiously in the matter. CHOU is reported to have expressed the intention of going to Santiniketan to apprise TAN of developments.

(C) Labour.

Nothing to report.

(D) Crime.

FM 1107/46-III.

The unemployed Youth Gang, active during the month in extortion at Dhappa and elsewhere, has reappeared again. A demand for Rs 500/- was presented to a shoe-store at 14 Bentinck Street about 15.5.46, by letter, brought by an unidentified rickshaw-puller who returned a few minutes later to request return of the letter.

(E) Deserters.

Nothing to report.

(F) Registration of Foreigners.

A.R.O.

(i) The following Chinese have been convicted for offences against the Indian Passport Act of 1930 and/or the Registration of Foreigners Act:-

Name	Offence	Penalty	Date.
KU Yong-fong (6188/5740/3448)	Failure to report change of address and departure from Calcutta	Fine of Rs 20	20.5.46.

(G) Passports.

Nothing to report.

(H) Newspapers.

FM 811/46-II

It has recently been learnt that TAN Taik-gwan @ CHEN Te-yuan (658/10845/13704), President of the Burma-Chinese Association, is serving in the editorial department of the Chinese Journal of India. When TAN evacuated from Burma to Chungking he was known to have connexions with the Chinese Ministry of Overseas Affairs, through which, according to a secret report, he got himself appointed to the editorial staff of the Sao Tang Pao, a newspaper which was regarded as the official Army mouth-piece, and it was as a correspondent for this journal TAN is said to have come to India. TAN has now applied for a permit to enter Hongkong en route for China, where he proposes to collect his family and return to Burma.

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FM 1179/45. (I) Miscellaneous.

(i) Under the heading "Increase in Overseas Chinese Remittances", the local Chinese newspaper quoted a Bank of China report to the effect that remittances from Overseas Chinese to China for the period Jan to Oct. 1945 were as follows: From London £ 489,000; New York - US $ 9,220,000; Sydney - A£ 464,000; Calcutta - £ 120,000 and Rs 440,000; Havana - over US $ 1,000,000.
Remittances in 1946 are expected to be double those of last year, the report adds.

FP 1107/46-III (ii) A rumour now current in Chinatown throws an interesting light on the opinion of Chinese in China regarding the money to be made in India. According to this rumour the Shanghai proprietor of a shoe-shop in Calcutta returned to Shanghai with his wife in 1945. Gangsters in Shanghai, thinking he had made huge profits, demanded a sum beyond his capacity or willingness to pay. Upon non-payment they killed him. Another report ascribes his death to an act of revenge by creditors whom he had bilked in Calcutta.

A.R.O.-
By bi-cycle as usual.
27-5-46
27/5

The following Aliens Registration Certificates have been reported lost:

1. HUANG Shu fen (5124/10090/3529) Aliens R.C. No. 10079, Calcutta transferred to Delhi, and Consular R.C., number and place of issue not known.

2. HU En-hsi (4930/3330/4073), Consular R.C. number and place of issue not known.

Deputy-Commissioner of Police,
Security Control, Calcutta.

RFC.

CALCUTTA POLICE SECURITY CONTROL
WEEKLY SURVEY.

SECRET

No. 20. Date 18.5.46.

Para 1. U.S. CONGRESS CONTACT.

FM 733/42 EVERETT DANIELS RIPLEY, mentioned in Para 2 of this Survey No. 2, dated 12.1.46, ceased to have the benefit of exemption from registration, as being in American Field Service, from the beginning of the year, but has failed to register. He left for Madras on the 21st April without reporting his departure, and from Madras it is believed he has gone to Hyderabad. A case u/s 5 of the Foreigners Act has been started against RIPLEY. We should be grateful if recipients of this Survey will keep a look-out for RIPLEY, and if he is found please interrogate him and warn him that there is a case pending against him in Calcutta.

Para 2. CHINESE AFFAIRS.

(A) Political.

FM 538/45 (i) A new course of training, the third to be held in India, began at the Kuomintang-in-India Headquarters in Calcutta on 15/5/46. The syllabus is not known, but it is expected that a series of lectures will be given and prominent Overseas Chinese members, local Chinese Government officials, and others will be invited to speak on the Kuomintang party programme and policy. Kuomintang branches in India were requested to send representatives from amongst their members to take the course, and an announcement in the Chinese newspaper of 15/5/46 said that about "40 able members" had arrived from different branches throughout India for this training. These classes have not met with any great enthusiasm in the past, and from letters recently seen in secret interception it would appear the present series of pep-talks have had no better welcome, inspite of the free trip to Calcutta offered by the KMT HQ (who undertake to pay rail expenses, food and lodging for delegates). The Jalpaiguri Chun-Pei Sub-Branch chairman has written to enquire whether the 'course' could be sent by post; the Headquarters secretary refers to a report from the Bombay Kuomintang in which the latter said they could not send delegates "because there are so few members altogether".

FP 1352. (ii) It is learnt on good authority that Mr. CHEN Chih-ping, Chinese Consul-General whose return to Calcutta has been long delayed, recently visited Hongkong.

FM 516/46. (iii) HUANG Cheng-ming (5124/687/7945), described as a Special Commissioner of the Chinese Ministry of Foreign Affairs, arrived in Calcutta from China on 11/5/46, en route for Paris.

FM 811/46-II.(iv) LI Chien-san (6884/1612/9552), Calcutta representative of the official Central News Agency of China, is reported by a source to have referred to Mr. Jinnah as a typical opportunist, a degrading influence in Indian Politics, and a tool in the hands of John Bull, during the course of a conversation with a figure prominent in Bengal politics. LI is reported to have dissociated himself entirely from those Congress leaders who were of the opinion that the British were in earnest in their announced desire to transfer power to the Indian people, and to have remarked that it was the object of the British Government to create as many "Ulsters" as possible and thus sabotage the growth of Indian nationalism. LI is also reported to have said that Paul FENG, another Chinese journalist, disclosed to him that the late Srinivas Sastri told FENG India could expect nothing of Britain whose relations with coloured peoples had always been motivated by considerations of self-gain.

FM 1049/46. (v) TILAWA @ TI-LU-WA FO-YEH (10938/7388/12420-3589/12977), an influential Mongolian who arrived from Chungking in March and after a short stay left for Kalimpong, is reported by a source to have been met by the Assistant Abbott of Depon Monastery, with which TILAWA is said to be connected, who registered himself in China House under the name of SOKPU, which is said to mean Mongolian. According to the source, the Chinese Government intend to utilize TILAWA's service in Tibet for political purposes. According to a responsible British observer, who claims to know TILAWA well, the Fo-yeh's interests and outlook are essentially Mongolian, and he is not shy of voicing criticism of Kuomintang methods in Inner Mongolia. As a 'Living Buddha' TILAWA carries considerable weight in Mongolian affairs, and would be treated with respect in Chinese official circles even were they not able to use his services.

(B) Associations.

FM 1306/46. (i) In reply to a telegram from DARA SINGH, as President of the Nanchiao Mechanics Association, requesting them to take steps to arrange repatriation of the Malayan Chinese drivers who, it is alleged, are stranded in India, The Malayan Chinese Chamber of Commerce in Singapore have telegraphed to the Chinese Consulate in Calcutta in a very sympathetic manner, according to a report. As a result a discussion was held at the Consulate on 6/5/46 in which DARA SINGH took part, to find the best means of repatriating these Malayan Chinese. The prospect of an early return to Malaya is reported to have occasioned considerable satisfaction amongst the members of this Association.

(C) Labour.

Nothing to report.

(D) Crime.

FM 1312/46. (i) The murdered AMDO JAMCHO, referred to in paragraph 5(D)(ii) of last week's Survey, has been provisionally identified as WONG Kuo-tai @ Dorji Mindoo @ Amdo Dorji, Chinese national, who was prosecuted on 23.4.46 by Darjeeling Police for illegal entry into India at Kalimpong from Chinese Turkistan overland via Tibet. The murderer is now reported to be a Chinese from Yunnan province.

FM 1107/46-III. (ii) A robbery was committed in a shoe-shop at 59 Bentinck Street about 10.30 P.M. on 1/5/46 by 4 Chinese wearing khaki uniform, alleged to be armed with 2 pistols and 1 dagger. Rs 400/- is said to have been stolen. The victims were too frightened to report the robbery to the local police, who learnt of it from a Chinese journalist. A case u/s 392 I.P.C. has been opened. The victims, in answer to police queries, are still not being co-operative.

FM 1107/46-III. (iii) During the course of an attempted robbery at No. 25 Chhattawala Gullee, a bath-house, on the night of 12th May, a Chinese friend of the owner, remonstrating with the 2 Chinese gangsters who were demanding Rs 500/-, and attempting to secure the revolver carried by one of them, was shot in the thigh. The gangsters decamped as soon as the shot was fired.

FM 1160/46 and FM 1107/46-III.

(iv) It is reported that gambling, with its attendant gangster protection and general stimulus to crime, is again on the increase among the local Chinese community.

(E) Deserters.

FP 1454.

CHEN Pao-chen (658/8720/599), Chinese national with a criminal record, has been arrested as a suspected deserter upon expiry of the sentence served under the original conviction u/s 326 I.P.C.

(F) Registration of Foreigners.

A.R.O.

(i) Up-to-date the total number of Chinese registrees checked is 6,860 and the total number of certificates re-issued is 6,731.

A.R.O.

(ii) The following Chinese have been convicted for offences against the Indian Passport Act of 1930 and/or the Registration of Foreigners Act:-

Name	Offence	Penalty	Date
1. SHUEH Wei Liu @ AH Liu (12598/7175)	Failure to register	Fine of Rs 25	11.5.46.
2. YU Cheuk-po @ YU Chao-pao (13612/516/8711)	Ditto	Fine of Rs 10	15.5.46.

A.R.O.

(iii) The following Aliens Registration Certificates have been reported lost:-

1. SSU-TU Chong (10250/12126/2876), Calcutta Aliens R.C. No. 4731.

2. FU Hung-hsing (3687/5269/4611), Calcutta Aliens R.C. No.13385, Consular R.C. No (not known), Passport No. 473214.

(G) Passports.

FM 539/45-II.

L.P.CHEN @ CHEN Lu-ping (658/7248/9318) was convicted of illegal entry into India and fined Rs 150/- on 13.5.46. He is a CNAC employee, who had entered India as a Radio operator on CNAC freight-plane No. 142 without a passport or travel document bearing entry visa. Fault appears to lie primarily with CNAC.

(H) Newspapers.

FM 811/46-II. After a long period of silence, S.FITCHE, Proprietor of the China Press, has now informed his friends that he does not propose to resume publication of the daily newspaper, The China Press, for the time being, but he may publish a weekly news bulletin in Chinese, English and a vernacular language. It is reliably reported that he has sought the assistance of SHEN Tsung-lien (9849/11976/7132), former Chinese Commissioner in Lhasa who is now in Nanking, in getting himself appointed a Commissioner of the Chinese Overseas Affairs Commission, to facilitate his starting a publishing business in Singapore.

(I) Miscellaneous.

FM 743/42B Further information has been received regarding illegal transit of Chinese nationals between India and Upper Burma across the Assam frontier, a matter which has been referred to in previous Survey reports.

A party of 7 Chinese nationals left Calcutta in April 1946 carrying goods for sale in Burma. They wore military uniform, to which they were not entitled, in order to facilitate their journey. They did not report departure to Security Control. They travelled by train to Dimapur, and thence by various trucks via Tamu and Kalewa to Mandalay. The profit on their goods secured at Mandalay is given as 33⅓ % of the cost price, a reduction from the previously reported profit of over 300 %. They had no difficulty in crossing the border into Burma without reporting to the authorities, but stricter check at Tamu and Kalewa caused two to be arrested at Tamu on the outward journey, release obtained by bribery on the return journey, and necessitated the remainder passing as civilian petty traders at Kalewa. As a result of the bribes paid at Tamu, the guards there telephoned to Imphal to secure safe passage back to British India.

No action is being taken against this party, for fear of exposing the source.

There are indications that the numbers involved in this illicit traffic overland between India and Burma may be considerable, and increasing.

DEPUTY-COMMISSIONER OF POLICE,
SECURITY CONTROL, CALCUTTA.

RPC.

SPECIAL SUPERINTENDENT 23632 13 MAY 1946 INTELLIGENCE BRANCH BENGAL

B.P.O. Dy. No. 761-S 8/18/5/46

CALCUTTA POLICE SECURITY CONTROL
WEEKLY SURVEY.

SECRET.

No. 19 Dated 11.5.46.

Para 1. INDONESIAN AFFAIRS.

FM 1227/45 A letter from the INDONESIAN Youth Association in Calcutta, addressed to the AMRITA BAZAR PATRIKA, was seen during secret interception. In this letter the writer refers to an appeal by the Indians in Sumatra to the Congress President, asking him to intervene in order to prevent further attacks on Indian civilians by Indonesians. The writer explains that during an upheaval such as is going on in Indonesia today, in which thousands of innocent lives are being lost, it is not surprising that a few Indian civilians should be attacked, and that this does not indicate any anti-Indian feeling on the part of Indonesia, but that on the contrary Indonesians greatly appreciated the help that Indians have given. The writer points out that certain Indians resident in Indonesia had helped the Dutch imperialists in the past, and this coupled with the fact that Indian troops had been used against the Indonesian republic have resulted in a few hot heads getting out of hands and attacking Indian civilians. The writer ends up by stressing the necessity of solidarity between Indonesians and Indians in their joint struggle against imperialism.

Para 2. BENGAL FAMINE IN 1943-44.

C.L. 18. An agent reports that Mr T. HUTH, staff correspondent of the Associated Press of America, during conversation, remarked that the "elephantine clumsiness and the stark staring savagery of the high-ups of Delhi" were responsible for the BENGAL FAMINE in 1943-44. He went on to say that it was a good omen that such a distinguished figure as the Ex-President of the U.S.A. had come to India to look into the food situation, and that this visit had lifted a feeling of gloom and helplessness caused by the "dubious methods of an insolent and irresponsible bureaucracy".

Action for duplicate copy.
14-5-46.

Para 3. FIRE ARMS: ILLICIT (BLACK-MARKET) SALE.

FM 1270/46. Reference Para 3 of this Survey No. 17, dated 27.4.46, SMETACZEK was arrested at Naukuchia Tal near Bhimtal on a request from this Office, and o[illegible]arge number of unlicensed arms were recover[illegible] from his house. In a statement SMETACZEK admits purchasing a case of 9 carbines from an American, and claims that he only purchased them as he was going to live in a very isolated place and he was alarmed at the spreading unrest in India and wished to have arms which would be of some use to him. He has a rifle on a license, but has no ammunition for it. He claims to have exchanged 2 of the 9 carbines for ammunition with an American, whose name he does not know. 2 Revolvers that were found with him, SMETACZEK claims to have purchased from American Negro troops in Calcutta. SMETACZEK claims that he bought the whole 9 carbines, though he only required one for his own use, as he did not want them to fall into the hands of goondas who would undoubtedly use them against people like himself.

This somewhat unlikely story may possibly be true as SMETACZEK is not in want of money and also has quite a good record. He apparently intends settling down in India as he has married a Moslem girl, a graduate of the Calcutta University, and he has apparently bought the house in which he was found in Naukuchia Tal.

Para 4. RUSSIAN TRADE.

FM 922/43 A letter from J. F. BULSARA, Office of the Municipal Commissioner, Bombay, addressed to Mr A.N.ELSHIN, U.S.S.R. Trade Agent in Calcutta, was seen during secret interception. The writer states that he wishes to study civil administration in big Russian cities and asks for facilities in order to visit the U.S.S.R. between May and August 1947.

Para 5. CHINESE AFFAIRS.

(A) Political.

FM 1109/46 (i) According to a Kuomintang-in-India Headquarters announcement, branches of the organization are to be opened in Darjeeling and Colombo, and Kuomintang members residing in these places are asked to register. The following have been appointed by the

Calcutta Headquarters to organize the two branches, viz: Darjeeling - TUNG Chi-tang (12299/922/10767), CHIU Yun-kao (2310/13812/5943), CHEN Hsien-chuan (658/4513/2728): Colombo- HSU Ko-ching (4748/6115/2188), YU Yao-hsia (13612/12956/4201), YANG Ching (12878/2179) and LIAO Ling-chieh (7064/7228/1491).

F.M. 1109/46

(ii) Some ill-feeling is reported by a source to have been aroused amongst a number of British-Chinese who, it is stated, made application to the Chinese Consulate-General in Calcutta for assistance in securing passages for return to Hongkong and elsewhere in the Far East on the Chinese-chartered repatriation vessels. These persons were asked by the Consulate to produce Chinese passports before their application would be considered, and if they could produce only British passports were told in effect "If you call yourself British, go to the British for help". Chinese holding British and Chinese passports however were given accommodation. Source states this does not apply to American-born Chinese, and the feeling exists that there is definite discrimination against British-Chinese only.

(C.A.F. file)

(iii) A source reports that Lt Gen LIN Wei-cheng (7157/12567/762) head of the Commission on Aeronautical Affairs in Calcutta and senior Chinese Air Force officer in India, will withdraw his office from India at the end of this month. According to the same report, Gen LIN has been offered the post of Managing-Director of the C.N.A.C. or the Central Air Transportation Company of China, according to his choice, as a mark of appreciation by the Chinese Government.

F.P. 783

(iv) David K.C.LEE, subject of para 3(A)(iv) of Survey No. 14, returned to Singapore by RAF Transport Command on 2.5.46, and has informed friends here that he has left the NANYANG SIANG POU and joined another newspaper there, the KUNG PAO, in which he says he has financial interest.

F.P. 852

(v) SHEN Tsu-tung (9849/11286/12269), representative in India of the Chinese Ministry of Finance (not to be confused with SHEN Tsu-tseng, Acting Consul-General), left for Kunming on 2.5.46 accompanied by his Secretary and Private Secretary, en route for Saigon on an official Chinese Government mission.

F.M.1179/45.

(vi) TAI She-chung @ TAI Shih-chung (10567/9982/2876), a former employee of the British Ministry of Information in New Delhi, returned to India from Chungking on 10.4.46, for onward passage to Malaya, whence he is an evacuee. Though born in Malaya, he travels on a Chinese passport. The object of his first visit to India was to join LAI Ning, former Principal of the Chinese School in Bombay. The opportunity is being taken of ascertaining whether he is the individual of the same name referred to in Straits Settlements Police Political Intelligence Journal of 31/10/41 as a Kuomintang agent, a delegate of the Vice-Minister of the Overseas Affairs Department of the Kuomintang, and member of the staff of the Political Department of the Chinese Military Affairs Commission, sent to Malaya to investigate Overseas Chinese activities.

(KMT Policy)

(vii) The Kuomintang-in-India Headquarters held a rally on 5.5.46 to commemorate the "third anniversary of the founding of the Kuomintang-in-India Headquarters and also to commemorate the foundation of republican government in China". It was thus reported in the local official Chinese newspaper. This raises a point of interest. The foundation of the Chinese Republic is officially celebrated on October 10th (the "Double Tenth"), China's national holiday. The "Double Fifth", lunar calendar, is one of the three important festivals in China. The 5th May (western calendar), however, an anniversary connected with the founding of the National Revolutionary Party (Ke-min-tang) out of which the Kuomintang was a development, and the same day is often (but incorrectly) associated in the minds of even well-educated Chinese with the "May incident", when "British police" in Shanghai opened fire on student demonstrators in Shanghai in 1926.

The rally itself does not appear to have been of great interest. About 200 attended, a very poor figure, and speeches were made by LI Mo (6884/7994) and, of course, LI Wei-pin (6884/12577/9238). The history of the Kuomintang was reviewed, and LI described how a

branch was first started in India eight years ago and had to be closed for lack of funds, and how it was resuscitated three years ago as the Kuomintang-in-India Branch of the Central Kuomintang, due to the Chinese Central Government's interest in Overseas Chinese affairs. Listeners were urged to "eliminate greediness" and to achieve "moral strength through physical health".

(viii) The Assistant Manager of the Metropole Hotel, Calcutta, has stated during the course of police inquiries regarding a particular resident at the hotel who had come under security notice, that his hotel was a Chinese Government establishment under the supervision of the Chinese Consulate General in Calcutta, (for which reason it could afford to be run at its present loss). The run of the hotel by Chinese of Security interest has been known, and its affiliation with C.P.CHEN suspected, but this indiscretion is the first open statement indicating an official status or connexion.

(ix) A report has just been received that an official announcement has been made to the effect that Mr LI Tieh-cheng, Chinese Minister in Iran has been appointed ambassador of Siam. This will no doubt be a serious disappointment to Consul-General C.P.CHEN who is still in China, and will entail a considerable loss of "face".

(B) Association.

Nothing to report.

(C) Labour.

FM540/46 As no further demonstrations of Chinese seamen have been reported, it is believed that this group are temporarily satisfied with the relief and repatriation measures which have been announced. An item in the Chinese press states that of the 2,000 Chinese seamen in the Liverpool pool, 1,000 are already on their way back to China, 500 are due to leave by the end of this month, and the rest will remain there. The Chinese Seamen's Association, Liverpool Branch, is reported to have sent PENG Chin-yu (8887/2068/13376), WANG Chih-hua (12493/1918/5005) and SHAO I-hsing (9774/5367/4611) as seamen's representatives to Singapore, Hongkong and Shanghai respectively, for welfare work. As the Association is controlled from the Chinese capital, it would seem from this that Chinese Government

orders have been passed through the important Liverpool branch of the Seamen's Association.

The only confirmation received that the much-publicized relief funds from Chungking have been distributed in Calcutta is a letter in the correspondence column of the local Chinese daily, complaining that the distribution has been unfair, and appealing to the Consulate not to leave out 40-odd elderly members of the disbanded Chinese Seamens Wartime Service Corps, who, though still receiving support from the Shipping companies are alleged to have been left out of the distribution of Chinese Government relief.

FP 1584. (D) Crime.

(i) KOO Yone-fong @ KU Jung-fang (6188/5740/3448), Calcutta R.C. No. 12584, eloped with a Miss PEARL D'SILVA, a minor, on 3.5.46. The girl's father has been unwilling to open a case u/s 366-A I.P.C. (kidnapping) for fear of increasing the scandal. The pair is reported to have gone to Vizagapatam. As KOO is found to have changed his registered address without reporting of it, and left Calcutta without reporting departure, his arrest has been requested u/s 12 R.F.Act.

FM 1312/46. (ii) A man passing as a Tibetan under the name AMDO JAMCHO or AMDO GYAUMTSO was murdered by a knife-thrust in a street in Chinatown about 6 p.m. on 29.4.46. The murder is alleged to have arisen out of a quarrel on money matters. The assailant is reported to be Chinese speaking Tibetan.

(E) Deserters.

Nothing to report.

(F) Registration of Foreigners.

A.R.O. (i) The following Chinese have been convicted for offence against the Indian Passport Act of 1930 and/or the Registration of Foreigners Act:-

Name	Offence	Penalty	Date
1. YAO Chio-ming @ YAO Chio-min (12935/2216/7908)	Failure to report change of address.	Fine of Rs 10	6.5.46.
2. WONG Lup @ HUANG Li (5124/6954)	Failure to Register	"	7.5.46.

Name	Offence	Penalty	Date
3. GOH Tshin-po @ WU Tshing-po @ WU Ching-po (12748/2188/9336)	Failure to Register	Fine of Rs 50	7.5.46.

FM796/46 and FP 1541

(ii) WONG Lup @ HUANG Li (5124/6954) (No. 2 in List above) was arrested in Calcutta on 29.1.46 as a suspected deserter. He claimed to have been a member of the Chinese Army flown into India by the American authorities for work with U.S. Armed Forces in India. The American forces disclaimed responsibility on the grounds that they had no records remaining to show whether he was employed or not, and the Chinese authorities disclaimed responsibility on the grounds that he had been employed by the Americans in India. There is no record of his entry into India. He carries a Kuomintang membership card No. (Giles 9310). He has been prosecuted u/s 5 R.F.Act and was fined Rs 10/- on 7.5.46. Deportation orders are being requested.

(iii) The following Aliens Registration Certificates have been reported lost:-

1. LIANG Yu-chan (7021/13376/313) Jalpaiguri Aliens R.C. No. 280 transferred to Calcutta and Consular Certificate No. 5998.
2. TAN I-sheng (10681/5396/9889) Calcutta Aliens R.C. No. 13067, Consular Certificate No. 3757 and Passport No. 003717.

FM1062/45

3. CHOU Ju-shou (498/5666/10019) Nasik R.C. No. 411 dated 27.7.45.

(G) Passports

Nothing to report

(H) Newspapers.

FP 1503.

A casual source reports that CHOU Hsiang-kuang (2450/4277/6389) Editor-in-Chief of the Chinese Journal of India, whose activities in Indian nationalist circles have been reported in this survey from time to time, is planning to return to China in the near future. It is not known whether he is being recalled by the Chinese Government or is resigning. It will be remembered that his predecessor, T.T.KOO, whose contacts CHOU fell heir to, was reluctant to leave when summoned back to China.

(8)

(I) Miscellaneous:

Nothing to report.

Cancelled now 13/5

ADDENDUM: Reference para 2(A)(i) of last week's Survey, the Chinese characters for HUANG PIN are Giles (5124/9254).

Deputy-Commissioner of Police,
Security Control, Calcutta.

RPC.

Copy forwarded to:-
(As per Distribution-list attached to W.S. 8 dated 2.3.46).

OFFICE OF THE D.I.G. OF POLICE
26164
29 APR 1946
INTT. D. BRANCH

CALCUTTA POLICE SECURITY CONTROL
WEEKLY SURVEY.

S E C R E T.

No. 17. Dated 27.4.46.

Para 1. GREECE.

F.M. 592/44 During secret interception an article headed FAKE ELECTIONS LEAD TO FORMATION OF FASCIST CABINET from a correspondent in London was seen. The article alleges that the recent elections in Greece were "staged" in such a manner as to give Fascist successors to the METAXAS regime in Greece, full power. The article claims that the number of voters is shown to have increased by 5 lakhs since the 1936 roster was prepared, despite the very large number of people who were murdered by the Germans or died of starvation. The inference is that this extra 5 lakhs consists of "dead" voters. Correspondents of reputable newspaper such as the MANCHESTER GUARDIAN and CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR are quoted in support of this statement. The same correspondents are also quoted as having said that it was proved beyond doubt that large numbers of leftist people who wished to abstain from voting were terrorised into doing so. The article ends up by mentioning by name members of the new Greek Government who were collaborators with the Germans during the occupation.

This article was seen in an envelope containing a circular from P.C. JOSHI (C.P.I) addressed to the Bengal Branch of the Communist Party.

Para 2. INDO-CHINESE CONTACTS.

CL 18/II. An agent reports that Mr CHOU Hsiang-kuang (2450/4277/6389), Editor-in-Chief of the Chinese Journal of India, has expressed the opinion that the talk of India dissolving into chaos if the British army were to quit India was utter nonsense. The plea of Congress that India is one, is the truth as opposed to the drivel uttered by leaders of the Moslem League. CHOU went on to say that even priests of Budh-Gaya, Sarnath and Nalanda were saturated with hatred for the British.

The situation of both China and India with regard to famine was identical. The white man,

whether a John Bull or an Uncle Sam, was soaked with hatred for the coloured people of Asia. While 16 millions were facing starvation in China, food was being wasted in America. In India, where famine was imminent, Britishers boasted that there was more than ample food for them. Mr CHOU alleged that well-meaning British friends of his were aghast at the "cruel, callous and criminal negligence of the British Government in India". It was time that the British quit India.

Para 3. FIRE ARMS: ILLICIT(BLACK-MARKET)SALE.

FM 1270/46. From information, very recently received from the American authorities, it appears that the following 3 American servicemen, LARSON, BURNS and HALL, along with other military personnel and civilians, had organised a gang for the theft and sale of American military stores. The part of their activities of most interest to us is that part dealing with the theft and sale, at the beginning of January, of a case of 24 American Officers' carbines to a Czek national named FREDERICK SMETACZEK. LARSON has been convicted by a Court Martial, BURNS has turned an approver, and HALL and one other American (name not on our records) are absconding.

SMETACZEK is said to be at Dehra Dun at present and his arrest has been asked for. He has not reported any movements since November 1945, but it now appears that he has been visiting a number of places, Ranchi among them, without making any report to the Police. Information concerning the movements of this foreigner during the last 6 months will be welcome. His particulars are given below:

His Calcutta Registration No. is 1350.
Date of his birth is 2.10.1909.
Nationality: Czechoslovakian.

He has an Indian Moslem wife.

Para 4. CHINESE AFFAIRS.

(A) Political.

FM 516/46. (i) It is reliably learned that LIU Shou-shan of the Chinese Consulate, Calcutta, has informed N.K.LEE, Chinese Consul in Penang, that according to news 'trickling out from China' Consul-General C.P.CHEN has at last been selected as Minister to Siam. The appointment will be announced "as soon as the opportune moment arrives", according to LIU. LIU also mentioned to LEE "the sad news of our General TAI Li". It is of interest to note that C.P.CHEN, S.S. LIU, and N.K.LEE (a former Consul in Calcutta) have all been reported to have been members of the Tai Li organization.

(B) Associations.

FM 505/41. (i) Meetings of the Chinese Chamber of Commerce, organized at the beginning of the year, are being held in the Kuomintang-in-India Headquarters. "Many important questions" are said to have been discussed at a meeting of the Chamber on 16 April. From a conversation with the Chairman, Mr YU Ching-po @ GEE Tsing-po (13612/2188/9336), a fellow-villager and private informer of the Chinese Consul-General, it is learned that membership of the Chamber is extended to individuals as well as firms, and that at the present time individuals are preponderant.

FM 732/46 (ii) An item in the Chinese Journal of India
FM 1049/46 states that further to an announcement in the Indian English-language press to the effect that the Ministry of Education of the Chinese Government is to make an annual donation of Rs 12,000 to the International University at Santiniketan towards the study of Sino-Indian culture, the Chinese Government has also remitted to India a second year's scholarship fund of Rs 25,000 to encourage Indian students to learn the Chinese language.

It is learnt that a sum of money has been remitted by the Chinese government-controlled Bank of Communications to an educational institution known as "China School"; the location is indefinite, but as this information is said to have been telegraphed by Moh Heng in Calcutta to Lee Hoe-yein(?) in Lhasa, it is possibly for the Chinese School in the Tibetan capital. It will be recalled that two grants to the Chinese School in Darjeeling were also recently reported in this Survey.

(C) Labour.

FM 540/46 (i) TSAI Chih-ta (11619/1918/10473), who is acting as spokesman for the unemployed seamen in Calcutta, is reported to have informed his fellow-seamen that the Chinese Consulate-General have now received the relief fund promised by the Chinese Government. The seamen met at the Kuomintang athletic ground to discuss procedure for procuring relief, and the Chinese consular authorities were requested by them to publish a notice in the press.

(D) Crime

Nothing to report.

(E) Deserters

Nothing to report.

(F) Registration of Foreigners.

A.R.O. (i) The following Chinese have been convicted for offence against the Indian Passport Act of 1930 and/or the Registration of Foreigners Act:-

Name	Offence	Penalty	Date
1.CHANG Te-en (416/10845/3330)	Failure to report change of address	Fine of Rs 50	24.4.46
2.HO Chin-kun @ HO Chao-chun (3941/506/2304)	Failure to register	Do	25.4.46
3.KWOO Han-sun @ KU Han-sheng (6188/3836/9865)	Do	Fine of Rs 100	Do

A.R.O. (ii) The following Aliens Registration Certificate has been reported lost:-

1. LI Ya-chou(6884/12810/2444) Calcutta Aliens R.C. No. 14229, and Seaman Repatriation Certificate and Passport, Number & Place of issue not known.

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A.R.O. (iii) A decision on a matter of principle is involved in the conviction HO Chin-kun @ HO Chao-chun (3941/506/3304) u/s 5 of R.F.Act 1939 on 25.4.46 (No. 2 in the table on p.4 of this Survey).

This man surrendered R.C. No. 13001 on 30.7.45 when he left India for China as a driver in a convoy arranged by U.S. Naval authorities. He returned to India on 17.12.45 by Air, under an Emergency Certificate issued by the British Consul-General in Kunming apparently showing him as a British subject born in Hongkong. His declaration to the Consul-General in Kunming that he was born in Hongkong was false according to the cancelled Registration Certificate on file in this Office, which certifies him as a Chinese citizen born in China. He was found in Calcutta in late January 1946 without papers and unregistered. After correspondence with Kunming, in the course of which it transpired that Emergency Certificates have been issued to a number of Chinese drivers in this U.S. Naval Convoy, to enable them to return to India, on the grounds that they had only left India for temporary special service, he was prosecuted. C.P.M's decision shows that previous documentary evidence of nationality, in the shape of a surrendered Registration Certificate, is acceptable as a proof of alien nationality over an Emergency Certificate subsequently issued by British authorities.

(Reference to the foregoing case was made in para 3 (G) of this Survey No. 4 dated 26.1.46).

FM 1262/46 & A.R.O.

(iv) CHANG Te-en (416/10845/3330), No. 1 in the table at p.4, was formerly a PAIFORCE and as such specially permitted by Government of India to remain in India until repatriation, was fined Rs 50 on 24.4.46 under section 5 of R.F.Act 1939 for not reporting change of address. He was an associate of CHENG Chi-lu (757/1070/7379), reference para 3 (D) (ii) of this Survey No. 16 of 20.4.46 and para 3 (d)(ii) of this Survey No. 4 of 26.1.46.

(G) Passports.

FP852 A number of cases has been noticed recently where Chinese nationals came to India on passports visaed by British Consular authorities to enable them to take up work in Chinese Government offices in Calcutta, but shortly after arrival in India secured American Consular endorsements for travel to America. Occasion was taken during the week to question one of these people when reporting departure. The individual in this case was a Miss Angela CHANG, whose visa, valid for a six months stay in India, was given in Chungking on 13.2.46 to enable her to be transferred from the Central Trust in Chungking to their Calcutta office. She arrived in Calcutta 12 days after grant of visa, and had barely been here a fortnight before securing a visa to enter U.S.A. "for studies". She, together with a Central Trust official who was with her, explained that she joined the organization in Chungking to facilitate her departure from China, that it was easier for her to get a "students' visa" to U.S.A. in India, and that had she made direct application to go to U.S.A. from China she would have got no-where.

(H) Newspapers.

FM 811/46 It has been noticed that The Star of India, Muslim evening newspaper, often gives better coverage to telegrams on China affairs than other Calcutta English-language newspapers. Being an evening publication it would normally receive Chungking telegrams before the morning papers, and apart from city news this is one of the few features an evening paper can give first presentation. Editorial comment however, is generally lacking.

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(73)

(7)

(I) Miscellaneous.

Nothing to report.

LOOK-OUT

Photograph of LI LIANG, subject of Look-out notice in last week's Survey, is attached.

CORRIGENDUM: Ref para 2 of this Survey No. 14 dated 6.4.46. In line 7, after the words 'free platforms all over' please read "India" in place of "Calcutta".

Ref p. 5 of this Survey No. 16 dated 20.4.46. Before the item "Miscellaneous", please read (I) in place of (F).

Deputy-Commissioner of Police,
Security Control, Calcutta.

Copy forwarded to:-
(As per distribution-list attached to W.S. 9 dated 2.3.46.)

RPC.

S34/013/19/34/82/83/85/080.

P.P.O.Hy.No. 614-S.B 25/4/46.

SECRET

CALCUTTA POLICE SECURITY CONTROL
WEEKLY SURVEY

No. 16. Dated 20. 4. 46.

Para 1. INDONESIAN AFFAIRS.

1227/45 A letter in Dutch from the Vice-President of the Indonesian Youth Association India, S. L. OLII, addressed to the President of the Indonesian Association, 64 Main Street, Rayapuram, Madras, copy addressed to Calcutta branch, was seen during secret interception. The writer encloses a copy of letter addressed to Pundit Jawharlal Nehru, Maulana Abul Kalam Azad, Mr Sarat Chandra Bose and Mr Asaf Ali, and states that representatives of his organization had been to see the K.P.M. (shipping line) about the question of repatriation, and had laid before Mr LUCAS of K.P.M. the conditions which they insisted upon before agreeing to repatriation. Mr LUCAS stated that if Indonesian seamen refused repatriation their allowances would cease after Saturday the 13th. The writer ends up by urging all members of association to stand united behind the demands.

The demands mentioned above are laid out in an enclosure to this letter. They are that the seamen should not be repatriated in Dutch ships and that they should be handed over to the Indonesian republican authorities on arrival in Indonesia. Dr. SJAHRIR to be informed of their coming so that a reception can be arranged, and in addition a prominent Indian nationalist be sent with them to safeguard them.

The second enclosure to the letter is a copy of a letter sent to Messrs Pundit Jawharlal Nehru, Maulana Abul Kalam Azad etc (mentioned above), and in this letter it is stated that the K.P.M. intend repatriating Indonesian seamen in the Dutch steamer "OPHIR", and that the seamen have decided that they will not go in a Dutch ship. The addressees of this letter are asked to support Indonesian seamen in their demands.

This letter is signed by W.E.SUMANTI and the list of demands is signed by W.E.SUMANTI and J.T. DENDENG.

Para 2. THE COMMUNIST PARTY OF BURMA.

During secret interception a letter written by MOHUN KUMARMANGLAM of the central headquarters Communist Party of India in Bombay, addressed to Dr. AMAR NAG, Communist Party Office Calcutta, was seen. The writer mentions that he and JOSHI have

considered a letter written by the addressee on the subject of the crisis within the Communist Party of Burma, and have decided that they cannot accept the suggestions made therein.

This letter had an enclosure, copy of a telegram from JOSHI to Comrade THEIN PE. The telegram calls upon the two hostile factions to stop their public controversy and to unite at all costs. Failure to do this will be disastrous. The writer of the telegram states his inability to judge on the rights and wrongs of the case as he has not heard anything from SOE (presumably leader of the other faction), but that it is essential that agreement should be reached and erring Comrades should admit their mistakes. The addressee should do his best to gain the confidence of SOE whose sterling worth as well as limitations as a fanatic are acknowledged. The writer ends up by asking the addressee to give SOE a copy of this telegram.

Para 3. CHINESE AFFAIRS.

(A) Political

FM516/46 (i) CHOU Hsiang-kuang (2450/4277/6389),
and former Principal of the China School in Calcutta,
FP 1503 Editor of the Chinese Journal in India, and subject of previous Surveys, returned lately from a tour of Buddhist centres in northern and central India, during the course of which he visited Budh-Gaya, the University of Nalanda, Patna, Dehra Dun, and Bombay (ref: Para 2 of H.S.No. 51 dated 29.12.45). He states that he was elated to observe everywhere the wave of nationalism and anti-British feeling, according to a source, and describes LI Chen, Chinese Consul in Bombay, as vilifying British rule in India and working indefatigably for a Sino-Indian entente cordiale which LI calls "the supreme need of the hour". To this end LI has paid incognito visits to various political gatherings and, urged by prominent congressmen in Bombay, has tried to found a Sino-Indian Association in Bombay. This latter attempt has, according to LI, been frustrated by the British Government and pro-British Chinese. LI expressed the conviction that Indians of all shades of political opinion were pro-Chinese.

(ii) A good many Overseas Chinese who

1109/45 sought refuge in India during the war and have become wealthy during their stay, are now making elaborate plans for import-export networks between India, Burma, Siam, Malaya, Indo-China, N.E.I. and South China. One of the most recent to follow this pattern is Dr. TAN Eng-gwan, a Malayan Chinese medical man, who, however, rules out prospects in India so far as Chinese interests go. Writing to one of his partners and recommending that they give up the idea of business in India, he says "Indian nationalism is too sensitive. We never know what will happen to us Chinese here when independence comes". After describing how Chinese were molested during recent civil disturbances, he says "If Russia gives trouble India will be the first objective" and pays a tribute to the Malayan administration by adding "On the whole I think Malaya will be better than most places on the globe to live in". He hopes to be back in Malaya this month.

(iii) In a letter to a colleague in
616/46 New Delhi, Mr Y.Y.CHEN of the Chinese Consulate staff, who lives with the Consul-General, writes that Mr C.P.CHEN will probably be back from China within a fortnight. If this is so, it is thought probable that the Consul-General will have had news of his rumoured appointment to Siam.

(B) ASSOCIATIONS:

Nothing to report.

(C) LABOUR.

(i) It is anticipated that there will be satisfaction amongst Chinese seamen in Calcutta as a result of the announcement that allowances will be paid to all those who received them prior to enrolment in the Chinese Seamen's Wartime Service Corps. Another source of satisfaction to unemployed Chinese seamen should be the efforts now being made by their own organizations and the Bureau of Social Affairs in Chungking to secure repatriation of their seamen to China. Chinese seamen who wished to be repatriated to Shanghai were to register their names at the office of the Chinese Seamen's Welfare Association in Calcutta between April 10th and 12th, and those for Hongkong at the CHAO CHOW Association, a local guild of Cantonese seamen.

(D) Crime

FM 1305/46 (i) A robbery was reported at 3 Srinath Babu Lane, Chinatown on 11.4.46. Four Chinese armed with revolver and knife are said to have bound inmates on the first floor, and stolen gold ornaments from them. An arrest, of YAO Chung-ken (12935/2877/5974), was made by local police the same night

FM 1107/46-III (ii) Two undermentioned gangsters held
1165/46-II in custody under para 7 of the Foreigners Order
288/46. pending preparation of case for deportation, recently submitted Habeas Corpus petitions. Influential friends were the prime movers. The petitions have now been rejected by the High Court.

CHENG Chi-lu (757/1070/7379)
CHAO Hsiao-peng (498//4294/9318).

(E) DESERTERS.

FM 796/45-VII Twenty-two of the deserters held in jail custody in Calcutta pending repatriation, were sent to China by air on 16.4.46 under Chinese military police escort. Names are given in the following list:

1. YANG Chien-ting(12878/1659/1287)
2. CHUNG Kai-mun (11717/922/12633)
3. KUO Van-ching (6617/12486/2127)
4. HSU Ya-ping
5. CHUNG Hsing-hen(2291/4611/3836)
6. WU Shun (12748/10143)
7. CHANG Ching-lien(658/2143/7132)
8. LIN Wei-ling (7396/12621/7205)
9. LEE Po-sang
   @ LI Pao-sheng (6884/8711/9865)
10. TANG Pi-lang
   @ TENG Po-lang (10870/9340/6777)
11. CHI Yuan-tsung
   @ CHANG Ching-yun(1074/13744/11976)
12. CHEN Chao-tsai (658/466/11500)
13. LI Ching-tien (6884/2211/11212)
14. LU I-chang
   @ LU-I-chih (7432/5353/7008)
15. LIN Tsai-lai (7157/11496/6679)
16. CHANG Chi-lu (757/1070/7379)
17. HSU Yan-po (4761/13812/9336)
18. JUNG Pin (5746/9255)
19. TSANG Pin-wan
   @ CHENG Pang-wun(11601/9299/12633)
20. HSIEH Shui-jan (4432/10128/5732)
21. LIN Yu-hua (7157/13630/5005)
22. AH Shan @ CHIANG Chi-hsang (1208/1918/973[illegible])

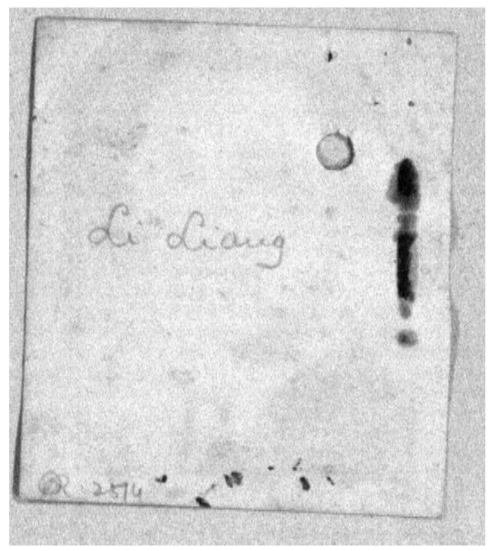
(F) REGISTRATION OF FOREIGNERS.

Up-to-date the total number of Chinese registrees checked is 6,757 and the total number of certificates re-issued is 6,576.

(G) PASSPORTS

Nothing to report.




Li Liang
R 2574

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(II) NEWSPAPERS.

FM 811/46-II

There is little news of what is to become of The China Press, which suspended publication in February after an explosion in the premises. Damage was negligible, and from all accounts barely sufficient to put the press out of action at all. One of the staff members, however, has not been content to remain inactive and, it is learnt, is acting as correspondent for the New Rangoon Evening Post. This is one LIU Tan (7270/10618), who, in recent copy on "A few points regarding the British Cabinet Mission in India", mentions that whenever the members travel by car, the vehicle wears a white flag; he writes that Indian reporters are now saying 'What will the colours on that flag be when the Mission leaves India ?' In the same copy he gives a story on how ~~Mrx~~ Cripps had to wait on Gandhi in the sweepers colony in New Delhi while the Mahatma finished his prayers.

(F) Miscellaneous.

FM 827/46

(i) From various sources during the last few months it is learnt that some of the more unscrupulous amongst the Chinese community have been paying off Indian tradesmen and others with practically worthless Chinese currency notes. A typical but perhaps more than usually mean case was seen during the course of secret interception during the week, where an Indian washerman was owed Rs 100 by a Chinese about to leave Calcutta, and, not being used to handling notes of this denomination, took a CNC $100 note believing it to be a discharge of the debt. Fortunately for the washerman, another literate client of his has taken the matter up with the Chinese Consulate.

Look-out

1290/46

LI Liang (6884/7017), Chinese national, holder of aliens registration certificate No. 2075, issued at 24-Parganas, Bengal, has been tried here as a proclaimed offender in a case under the Registration of Foreigners Act and fined.

His movements have been restricted under paragraph 8 of the Foreigners Order, 1939, within a radius of five miles, requiring him to report all changes of address at least 48 hours in advance and to report every Monday to this office.

P.T.O.

Sec.
Reply be circulated
24-4-46
24/4
reply for
duplicate copy
24.4.46

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(69)

He has violated this order and is liable under section 12 of the Foreighers Act.

His present whereabouts are not known. If traced, he should please be arrested and this office informed forthwith.

A copy of his photograph will follow.

Deputy Commissioner
of Police,
Security Control,
Calcutta.

py forwarded to:-
(As per distribution list attached to W.S.9 dated 2.3.46.)

S E C R E T. 23/28

No. 15

CALCUTTA POLICE SECURITY CONTROL
WEEKLY SURVEY

P.O. Dy. No. 601-SDy 24/11/46.

Dated 13.4.46

Para 1. CHINESE AFFAIRS:

(A) Political -

284/46 (i) The Tibetan Goodwill Mission which visited Calcutta late last month left by CNAC plane for Nanking, to which city the seat of the Chinese Government is once again in process of being transferred, on 4/4/46. The party consisted of nine members, three secretaries and 15 servants. CHIA-LO Den-tsu, an elder brother of the Dalai Lama, was one of the secretaries. Mr. SHEN Tsung-lien, Chinese Commissioner In Lhasa, accompanied the Mission to China. Their visit to Calcutta was uneventful, barring a bout of sickness when they arrived. Mr. T.L.SHEN and the officers of the Chinese Consulate appeared to be very active with some of the members of the Mission, who appeared to enjoy these attentions. It is understood that P.O.Sikkim has been the recipient of repeated requests for 'favours' in the way of trading permits by certain members of the party whilst they were in India.

1179/45 (ii) A source reports that resentment is being voiced by a section of those Overseas Chinese refugees who have returned to Burma from India and China over the alleged failure of the authorities to punish Burmese and Chinese collaborators. Many of these, it is claimed are better off now than they ever have been, and being on the spot have made the most of any opportunities offering. The China-returned evacuees are reported to be the most bitterly vocal, as they have largely returned to Burma without means, whereas the Chinese from India have had by no means a profitless sojourn abroad. The source reports that there is much talk about the proposed relief measures sanctioned by the Chinese Government for Overseas Chinese, and the Burma Chinese are looking to Chungking for the relief they had earlier anticipated would be forthcoming from the Burma authorities. A few of the Rangoon Chinese, however, do not view the proposed relief from China in so rosy a light, and take the view that though Chinese Government relief will be offered, it will be in the form of loans against repayment, and that such loans will not be available to any but approved borrowers. They are pessimistic about trade prospects, the report says, and feel that Burma will not have such a high priority for the world's exports, Malaya and N.E.I. being probably the first to be served in Asia.

FM 703/44 (iii) A source close to Chinese banking circles reports that the Chinese Government relief noted in the above para, will be administered in areas where there are large Overseas Chinese communities by the two Chinese Government banks, as follows: Bank of Communications - Burma, Philippines; Bank of China - Malaya, Singapore, Netherlands East Indies, Indo-China and Siam.

1132 (iv) In a letter from P. RAPGA to S.C. LEE of the Chinese Consulate-General, written from Kalimpong, the addressee is advised that the wife of Mr YOUTHOK, Governor of Kham, and her brother Surkhang Dapon, son of the Tibetan Foreign Minister and a brother of Surkhang Shappe, left Gangtok for Calcutta on 1/4/46. LEE is requested to give them entertainment and to inform T.L.SHEN of their arrival.

Extract to Lagpai P.F. Beaman 17/4

040/44 (v) The Chinese consular authorities have lately been publicizing INDUSCO, the Chinese Industrial Co-operatives, possibly to counter reports appearing in the American press on rural rehabilitation in the Chinese Communist areas. From interception of mail during the past week it is seen that pamphlets have been sent to The Indian Merchants Chamber, Bombay, and a press hand-out on Indusco was sent by V.G.NAIR (formerly employed in the Chinese Ministry of Information and now using Chinese Consulate stationery) to the editor of Harijan at Ahmedabad, in reference some remarks of Mr Gandhi in Harijan of 31/3/46.

(B) Associations.

1082/44 (i) For lack of a quorum the proposed annual general meeting of the Burma Overseas Chinese Association on 31/3/46 failed, and was recalled for 7/4/46. Even then there was a poor attendance, but it was decided to continue the life of the body, and elect a new committee. Some harsh words were addressed by members to past committees for their inability to secure early return to Burma of Association members, and it was pointed out that a good many of the past committee had been successful in securing their own return to Burma by appointment to Inspection Committees etc. The past President, SAW Taik-leong, who is now in Rangoon, was a particular target for criticism, as he appears to have walked out without any by-your-leave and taken his records with him. He is to be addressed by the new committee and a report called for. TAN Taik-gwan @ CHEN Te-yuan (658/10845/13704), the former Secretary-General, has been elected President, and WU Cheng (12748/692) Secretary-General.

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35/45

(ii) An intercepted letter from an individual in the Kuomintang-in-India HQ to a shoemaker in Simla seems to indicate a change in the wind in the leather industry. The writer reports that it is "still going as strong asx ever". All other accounts have been very pessimistic. The writer goes on to say that most Overseas Chinese want to return to China, that their day is finished and "the Indians will ignore us and treat us very coldly".

(C) LABOUR:

(D) CRIME:

(E) DESERTERS:

Nothing to report.

J.P. 1548

(F) REGISTRATION OF FOREIGNERS:

(i) The following Chinese have been convicted for offence against the Indian Passport Act of 1920 and/or the Registration of Foreigners Act:-

Name	Offence	Penalty	Date
1. LEE Chia-yu (6884/1139/13438)	Illegal entry	Fine of Rs 100	10.4.46
2. PAN Tze-feng (8628/12317/3435)	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto

Reference Para 4(F)(ii) of W.S. 9 of 2.3.46
They are being required to leave India.

A.R.O.

(ii) Up-to-date the total number of Chinese registrees checked is 6,719 and the total number of certificates re-issued is 6,531.

(G) Passports.

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(i) Mabel WONG @ WONG Yu-mei, who was the subject of several references in this Survey in 1944/5, left by ATC plane on 9/4/46 for Singapore. This lady is the daughter of S.Q.WONG, a wealthy Singapore Chinese, barrister, landowner and proprietor of "The Malaya Tribune", who was reported to have been a collaborator with the Japanese. His daughter came under suspicion for her very numerous personal contacts amongst senior Allied service officers, principally American, and her many evasions of wartime censorship. She was suspected of collecting military information, but a careful watch on her activities has failed to confirm this.

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FM 736/46

(ii) Ref. para 5(G)(ii) of Survey No. 2 of 1946, Government have asked the Chinese Consul-General to notify this Office beforehand of the names of such Chinese service personnel entering India on identity cards, and it is hoped that now the Chinese Army in India no longer exists, this measure will allow of better control. On 5/4/46 three Chinese Army M.P.'s reported arrival by plane from Kunming; it appears they came to escort deserters at present held in custody, but this was not reported to us until a week after the M.P.'s arrival.

FM 736/46

(iii) Further to para 4(G)(ii) of Survey No. 13 dated 30/3/46, it has since been learnt that Col. CHIN Kung (2093/6575), the chief staff officer to Genl; LI Chih-fu (6884/1846/3612) of the Commissariat Dept, Chinese Ministry of War Calcutta office, was in charge of the passengers on the JAMES BUCHANAN, Chinese chartered sailing for Shanghai. A second sailing is expected in the near future.

FP 898

(iv) Information continues to come to hand to shew that movement orders are being issued to Chinese in Burma and are being used by them for the express purpose of carrying on illicit trade. A letter recently intercepted from an employee of the Custodian of Property CAS(B) HQ 12th. Army Rangoon to his brother in Calcutta tells him how to apply for "another movement order", to whom to apply, and how he is to describe the goods required to be smuggled. Everything, he says, is"going very fine". The individuals concerned were mixed up in the Kominatos smuggling case in 1943.

(H) NEWSPAPERS:

811/46-II

(i) TAN Taik-gwan, referred to in para (B)(i), is reported to have joined the staff of the Chinese Journal of India as city news editor. A source reports that he formerly did similar work on the Rangoon Chinese Daily News. Documentation in this Office shews TAN to have little respect for the laws of the country which gave him refuge during the war, and still affords him hospitality, and the source reports him as a Communist, anti-British and anti-capitalist, and formerly active in the Burma Youth Organi-zation in Rangoon, a body said to have been formed in Rangoon for the purpose of ousting the British. Another member of the Executive Committee of the same association, WU Chang-pin(12748/390/9255) Chinese Secre-

tary, is also reported to have joined the editorial staff of this newspaper.

(I) MISCELLANEOUS:

10/46
1108/46-II

Two recent intercepts have again drawn attention to the Chinese community's practice of endeavouring to settle its own cases of crimes and misdemeanours, by direct action within the community, without regard to the law of the land.

One TAI Ju-lin (10567/5666/7164) was suspected of stealing Rs 1100 from the box of one LIN Wen-yun (7157/12660/13805) with whom he was sharing a room in Calcutta possibly at 88 Blackburn Lane. TAI disappeared after LIN had threatened to call for KANG Yuan-kuei(5903/13744/6430) unless the money was returned. Upon TAI's disappearance, LIN consulted KANG and, suspecting that TAI had fled to Bombay, requested his correspondents, addressed as Seamen of EMPRESS OF RUSSIA, at WEE WAH & Co, to hold TAI in custody if found and telegraph to LIN, to enable LIN and party to come to Bombay and bring the culprit back to Calcutta. LIN Wen-yun appears to have aliases FONG On-roon and LIN Wen-tsung (7157/12660/11976). One LIN Yu (7157/12596) in Bombay has informed LIN Wen-tsung that TAI is in Bombay, that "there is insufficient proof to arrest him ourselves", and that they will keep an eye on him until LIN Wen-tsung arrives. LIN Wen-tsung's present address is given as No. 88 Blackburn Lane,Calcutta.

None of the men whose names are mentioned above are recorded here as having registration certificates, and nothing is known about them beyond what is given in the preceding paragraph. If any branch has information about them it is requested that this Office may be informed. Overt action is not desirable until more is known of the evidently influential KANG Yuan-kuei, and the nature of these groups which treat making an illegal arrest and assuming police powers in such a matter-of-fact way.

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(P-63)

Noted for Comment
& Comments
17.4.46 23/4

CORRECTION:

For 'Prof. C.S.YA' in para 3(A)(vii) of last week's Survey please read 'Prof. CHOU Tzu-ya(2450/12317/12810)' and see also sub-para (v) therein.

TAILPIECE:

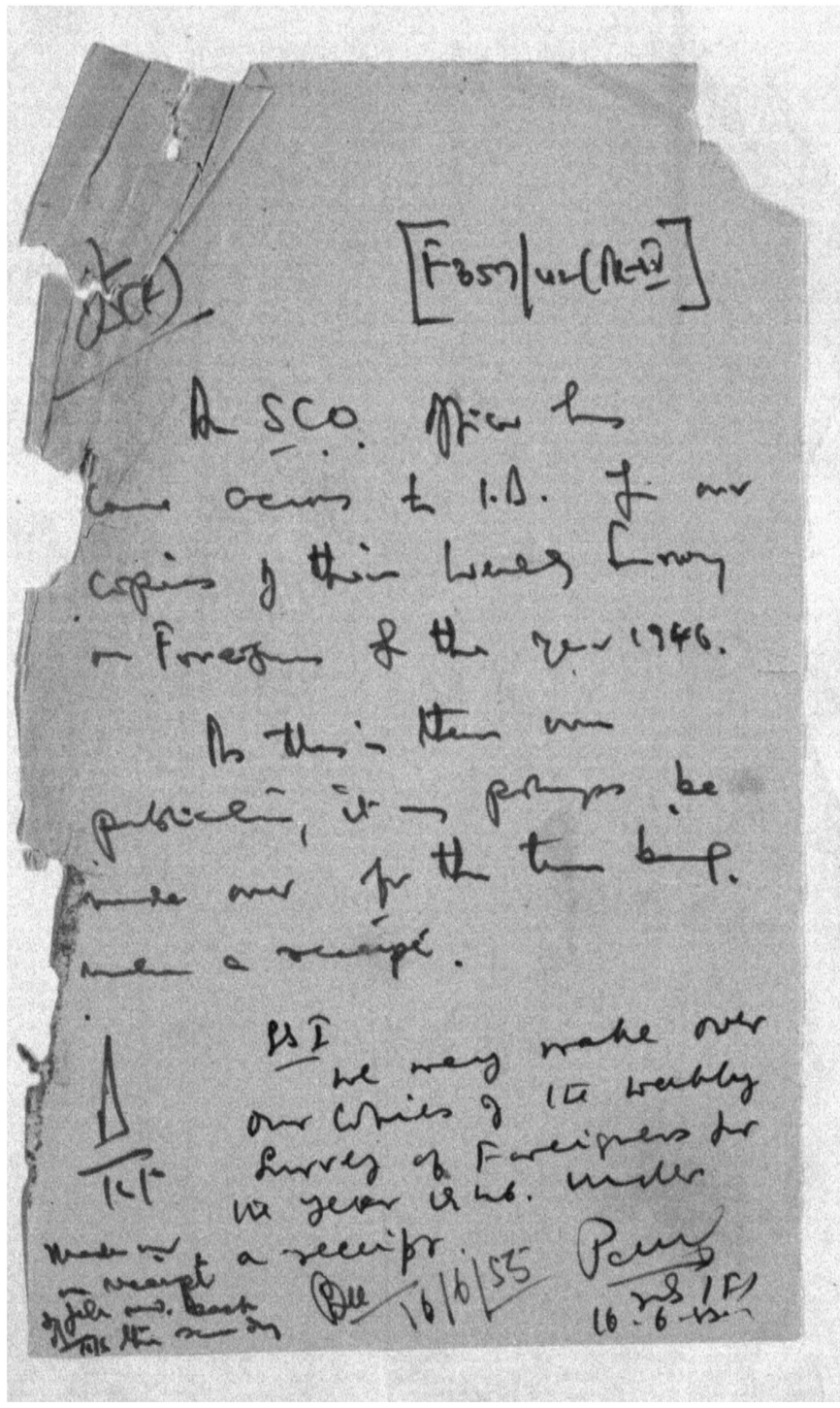
"I just do not know how to cover the deficit everlastingly. May God help us the poor public functionaries", writes a correspondent of LIU I-ling, Kuomintang-in-India Secretary-General, asking him to recover the writer's library left in Calcutta.

Deputy Commissioner of
Police,
Security Control,
Calcutta.

RPC
LNM

Copy forwarded to:-

(As per distribution-list attached to W.S. 9 dated 2.3.46).



S E C R E T.

CALCUTTA POLICE SECURITY CONTROL
WEEKLY SURVEY.

No.14. Dated 6.4.46.

21396
8 APR 1946

Para 1. JEWISH AFFAIRS :

FM.862/46.

A letter from the American Zionist Council, New York, addressed to the Sionist Association of Rangoon, C/o Zionist Organization in Calcutta, was seen in secret interception. It took the form of a Press Release headed "Dr. Silver and Dr. Wise warn British Government that Jews throughout the world will support any act directed against maintenance of inhuman regulations". The body of the Press Release deals with the recent defence regulations issued by the Palestine authorities which are branded as part of a "Regime of Terror". It is pointed out that the terms of the regulations have done away with the last vestiges of Anglo-Saxon judicial principles and makes Palestine one enormous prison for the Jews there. A parallel is drawn between the activities of the "Black and Tans" in Ireland and of the British forces in Greece and Indonesia today. The pamphlet ends up by stating that American Jewry stands for a Palestine wide open to Jewish immigration with the object of establishing a democratic state with a Jewish majority.

Para 2. MISCELLANEOUS :

.825/45.

A letter written by Anthony ELENJIMITTAM, The Indian Messenger, 211 Cornwallis Street, Calcutta, addressed to Dr. Shyamaprasad MUKHERJI, was seen in secret interception. The letter deals with the present political scene and recommends the holding of open-air meetings and free platforms all over ~~Calcutta~~ a after the manner of the Hyde Park meetings. The writer goes on to say with some relish that he has always condemned exclusive communal organizations which have political aims, such as the Hindu Mahasabha which, the writer is very glad to see, is being rapidly eliminated. The writer goes on to stress the necessity for Centres and Societies for the promotion of inter-communal, inter-religious and inter-provincial understanding. The writer ends up by asking for an interview with the addressee.

Note : Anthony ELENJIMITTAM is a Roman Catholic Priest, of Sinhalese origin. It has been reported that he was un-frocked because of his lack of orthodoxy (He has spent many years in the Continent, particularly Italy). He was in England during the war where he was in contact with Krishna MENON and the Indian Independent League, and holds anti-British views. He came to India in October 1945, landing at Madras from the s.s. "MAGDAPUR".

Para 3. CHINESE AFFAIRS:

(A) Political -

(i) It has now been officially announced in Chungking that the "secret police chief" reported to have been killed in an air crash outside Nanking on 17.3.46 was Gen. TAI LI, subject of para 4(A) (iii) of this office Survey No. 12 dated 23.3.46. The body is said to have been found.

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(61)

FP. 701. (ii) HUANG Yen-kai (5124/13080/5795), a follower of the Secretary-General of the Central Kuomintang and formerly Chief Secretary to WANG Ching-wei before the latter became a "puppet", left Calcutta for Hongkong on 28.3.46 on the victory ship JAMES BUCHANAN. HUANG returned from England with HEAH Wing-chew (vide para 3(A) (iii) of Survey No. 38 of 1945) after acting as the latter's secretary during his U.K. tour. He has been reported to be strongly anti-British. At one time he was Chinese Consul in Penang, and a well-informed source reports HUANG was recently offered the appointment of Chinese Consul in Medan, but turned it down due to the unsettled conditions prevailing in N.E.I.

FP. 701. (iii) HEAH Wing-chew @ LIEN Ying-chou (7109/13329/2445), referred to in the above sub-para, went to Singapore via Ceylon, after securing the necessary SEAC permits, instead of returning to China, according to the same source. This has caused some comment amongst Overseas Chinese, as it was expected that HEAH would be required to return to China to report on his mission to U.K.; the mission itself was of some importance and urgency, being to survey British postwar reconstruction and rehabilitation plans. Source reports it to be fairly widly known that HEAH has been entrusted by Gen. WU Te-chen, KMT Secretary-General, to foster the affairs of the Kuomintang in Singapore.

FP. 783. (iv) David K.C.LEE @ LI Chin-chuan (6884/2032/3186), a former employee of the Chinese Consulate-General in Calcutta, has recently returned to India from Singapore, entering on an Emergency Certificate issued at that port port and describing himself as a journalist attached to the NANYANG SIANG POU. During his earlier sojourn in this city, 1942-1945, LEE consistently cultivated Congress contacts and developed an intimacy with the girls of the Nehru family when he visited Allahabad in March 1942, a friendship which he fostered with a warm correspondence. During the period of his employment in the Calcutta Consulate he used periodically to contribute to the Bombay periodical BLITZ. A source reports that LEE went to Singapore after leaving Calcutta as an employee of CAS(M). His return to Calcutta on 27.3.46 was by the same plane as Pandit NEHRU. He was a contact of P. RAPGA of Kalimpong, with whom he corresponded on Tibetan affairs.

FN. 732/46. (v) The only point of interest raised when Prof. CHOU Tsu-ya (2450/12317/12810) lectured on "The Political Doctrine of SUN Yat-sen" at the Calcutta University on 30.3.46 was his interpretation of Dr. SUN's principle of racial equality. This meant, said Prof. CHOU, that all minority peoples should have equal rights in the political field, i.e., Mongols and Tibetans should have the same privileges as the majority groups.

.538/45. (vi) For some considerable time it has been the intention of this office to make a survey of those numerous Chinese dentists who are scattered throughout the mofussil and who appear to keep up some sort of correspondence with each other, mostly on personal matters, dental supplies, and family remittances but nevertheless providing a chain-contact. This has been partially done for us in a series of letters emanating from the Kuomintang - in-India Hsing-chaio Branch, Hsin-chung Sub-branch, sent out between 20-28th March. These letters, which call for subscriptions of Rs.20/- each for a fund for Kuomintang refugee relief work in China, have been sent by name to dentists in Tinsukia, Ranchi, Guntur, Tatanagar, Cuttack, Kurseong, Meerut, Darjeeling, Jhansi and Gauhati. The dentists are called upon to send their subscriptions to Dr. C.W.WEI @ WEI Chien-chu (12567/1742/12744) of Calcutta for remittance to China. The sum called for, the letter states, from Party members in India, is US $ 14,480 and "each member's share is Rs.20/-". Taking an exchange rate of 30, therefore, the number of party members in India is approximately estimated at 2100.

Chou Tzu-ya (2450/1231/2810)

C.L.18. (vii) From an agent's report it appears that Prof. ~~C.S.Yu~~, while talking to a Member of the Faculty of the Calcutta University, strongly supported Federation of all parties in South East area and added that if India had had a few more Jawharlals, such a Federation would have been established long ago. Cordial relation had existed from time immemorial between China and India despite the best efforts of the British. If only the two countries could be knit together in love and brotherhood , it would result in a serious headache for the descendants of Clive and Warren Hastings. The professor went on to say that the British were the most suspicious, dishonest and undependable people in the world. Their actions belied their professions. The British had always adopted a policy of appeasement to the "human beasts" (the Japanese) until the entry of America into the Pacific War had forced their hands. The professor ended up by eulogising the work of the late Chinese Consul-General Dr. PAO who was such a contrast to the present Consul-General C.P.CHEN who had done everything in his power to support the work of the Indo-China Association in Calcutta, aided and abetted by the pro-British Chinese element in the city.

FM.1109/44. (B) <u>Associations</u> .-

(i) TEOH Chen-joo @ CHANG Chen-yu (416/640/13639), one of the delegates representing the Burma Chinese Chamber of Commerce in Calcutta who were sent to Rangoon to investigate trade reconstruction in November, returned to Calcutta by RAF T.C. on 14.3.46. He was a contact of Mme. HUANG Su-yun (ref. para 5(A)(ii) of Survey No.47 of 1945), and was one of the Burma Chinese who attended an informal conference with Dr. LO Chia-lun, Chancellor of the Chinese Central Political Institute, when he passed through Calcutta.

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(59)

(C) Labour.- Nothing to report.

(D) Crime .-

FM.1264/-46. WU Ping-fu, subject of paragraph 3(D)(iii) of Weekly Survey No.6 dated 9.2.46, was convicted u/s 172 and 174 I.P.C. for violating summons issued by the Presidency Magistrate, and sentenced to two weeks' S.I., on 29.3.46.

(E) Deserters.- Nothing to report.

(F) Registration of Foreigners .-

A.R.O. (i) Up-to-date the total number of Chinese registrees checked is 6,681 and the total number of certificates re-issued is 6,491.

(G) Passports .-

(H) Newspapers .- } Nothing to report.

(I) Miscellaneous.-

FM.1049/46. ADDENDUM:

In extension of para 4(A)(ii) of Survey No.12 dated 23.3.46, it should be explained that the grant to the Chinese School in Darjeeling was regarded as an approach to Tibet because of the support afforded by the Tibetan Bureau of the Chinese Government, which is not known hitherto to have interested itself in matters unconnected with Tibet-Mongolia. Chinese textbooks are more disposed than others to sustain their students' memories on the territorial expansion of the CHING Dynasty and the period before the Sino-British convention of 1890, when the boundaries of and British protectorate over Sikkim were defined, and to that period earlier in the century when Darjeeling was part of Sikkim. Chinese popular memory would also recall that Tibetan Buddhism is the state religion and the reigning family traces descent from the Gyalpos of eastern Chinese Tibet.

Deputy Commissioner of Police,
Security Control, Calcutta.

SNC.

Copy forwarded to :-
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IB/

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JSP

R E T.

CALCUTTA POLICE SECURITY CONTROL
WEEKLY SURVEY.

B.P.O. Dy. No. 485-S.B. 6/4/46

Dated 30.3.46.

No.13.
19782
APL. 1946

Para 1. U.S.-CONGRESS CONTACT :

An agent reports that Mr. D. HUTH, Staff Correspondent of the Associated Press of America, subject of para 2 of this Survey No.10 dated 9.3.46, stated during a conversation that clouds were banking up on the horizon which might break into a devastating storm any moment. He was referring to the aggressive Soviet attitude. For this reason it was up to the British to come to terms with the Congress, as Russia had very few real supporters in India. He was convinced that the latest British move (referring to the Cabinet Mission) was a graceful recognition of the inevitable by the British, despite anything the cynics might say. Mr. HUTH went on to say that the truth could not be covered, as it was before Pearl Harbour, resulting in the blowing up of a number of illusions maintained by America's military leaders. Pearl Harbour demonstrated the fallibility of military as well as civilian judgments. To counteract the encroachment of the Soviets it was up to the Anglo-American axis to placate India immediately.

Para 2. INDONESIAN AFFAIRS :

Contact to Indonesian Youth's Assn. Dlh (224-46)

A letter written by J.T.DINDENG, Secy., Central Working Committee, "Indonesian Youth's Association", Bombay, addressed to the Editor, "Advance", Calcutta, was seen during secret interception. Enclosed with the letter was a pamphlet entitled 'Indonesian News Bulletin', issued by the Indonesian Youth's Association - India. The bulletin gave news from the Indonesian standpoint of events in the Dutch East Indies. There was nothing of very special interest in the bulletin but it distorted the news it gave in such a manner as to paint the Dutch and the British extremely black and the miscellaneous Indonesian nationalists extremely white. The covering letter stated that the association hoped to issue regular bulletins, copies of which would continue to be sent to the editor of "Advance".

Para 3. JEWISH AFFAIRS :

During secret interception 3 letters written by S.Sydz SILVERMAN, British M.P., addressed to Pandit Nehru, Mr. Jinnah and Dr. Ambedkar, were seen. In the letter addressed to Pandit Nehru the writer reminds the addressee that in the past he (the writer) had supported the cause of India's freedom and that although he did not press the addressee for a declaration now, he hoped the addressee would in future, when India had attained freedom, support the cause of the Jews who wish to set up a national State in Palestine.

In the letter addressed to Mr. Jinnah the writer thanks him for his courtesy in receiving him and giving him a hearing and expresses the hope that though the writer and

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the addressee have not been able to see eye to eye, world events would disclose the justice of the Jewish cause.

In the letter addressed to Dr. Ambedkar the writer thanks him for the literature which the addressee had given the writer, particularly with regard to a book called "Mr. Gandhi and the Emancipation of the Untouchables". The writer states that having read the book he understands what has made Dr. Ambedkar such an unyielding champion of the cause of the scheduled classes but he takes exception to a passage in Chapter 2 where the addressee has written "The sufferings of the Jews are of his own creation". The writer points out that 5½ million Jews were wiped out in Europe and that this could not be considered to be a trouble of their own creation. The writer ends up by saying that he is sure that the sentence was an inadvertent accident and hopes that the addressee will withdraw it.

Para 4. CHINESE AFFAIRS :

(A) Political .-

/46-II. (i) The progress of the provincial elections in Bengal has been followed in a desultory manner in the Chinese Journal of India, and some space has been devoted to brief accounts of clashes as reported in The Statesman. There has been no editorial comment of interest.

732/45. (ii) Prof. CHOU Tzu-ya (2450/12317/12810) of the Central Political Academy, Chungking, who incidentally is due to lecture today on the political doctrine of Dr. SUN Yat-sen at the Calcutta University, proposes to work "on the problems of the Indian constitution" in Bombay. In a letter written to him by Dr. Bool CHAND, professor of Political Science at Benares Hindu University, the writer says he (Dr. CHAND) is to become Director of the newly established Postgraduate School of Political Science, affiliated to Bombay University, in May, and the Chinese professor will be welcome to work at the school when it gets started. In another letter, written by Sampson C. SHEN, a government exchange student who has been studying at Benares Hindu University, Prof. CHOU is referred to as having been educated in Germany, where he secured his degree.

.P.1557. (iii) Dr. TAN Yun-shan of Santiniketan, it is learned, has recently been the recipient of congratulations from Abbot TAI Hsu (10573/4711) of Chungking. The latter informed TAN he knew that all he had been doing had been very successful, and added "I congratulate you on the independence of India which I have read about in today's newspapers". The ecclesiastic is also known to have sent Dr. TAN, at the same time, a communication addressed to Mr. Gandhi, Mr. Nehru and the All-India Congress, in which TAI Hsu expresses gratification at Mr. Attlee's recent statement on India "a result of the notable vitality of the people under your leadership ..... Blessings on the friends of China". Rev. TAI Hsu Ping-hsiao (9295/4341) is President of Sino-Tibetan Buddhist School in Chungking, and a contact - or perhaps a guiding influence -

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Ext. might be used as the Prof's P.F. is with Beaman 5/4

of Rev. FA Fang. It is not clear whether the message to the Indian leaders was for onward transmission of for Dr. TAN's information, but the former is probable.

(B) Associations .-

0/45. (i) Ref. para 4(B)(i) of Survey No.9 dated 2.3.46, a report in the Chinese press declares that the Chinese Seamen's Association, Chungking, has notified its India branch that the grant for relief of seamen in Calcutta has already been remitted to the Consulate-General, and the Chungking Headquarters has called for a detailed report from the India branch on the arrangements made by them for relief of distressed Chinese seamen. No reports have been received of any disbursements yet having been made, but the restiveness which was causing some concern a month or so ago appears to have been allayed, if only temporarily.

64/45. (ii) Further to para (B)(i) of Survey No. 11 dated 16.3.46, it is learnt that according to Dara Singh, TAN Kah-kee of Singapore has telegraphed the Chinese Consul-General urging him to arrange to repatriate to Malaya those Burma-Chinese who in the early days of the war volunteered for service on the Burma Road as truck-drivers and who are now unemployed in India.

165/45. (iii) An approach has been made by the newly-formed Bengal Tanners Association to the Chinese Tannery-owners Association at Dhapa to delegate four or five Chinese representatives to co-operate with the Indian association. Hitherto there has been little love lost between the Chinese and Indian tanners on account of what the former have described as "unfair competition" - a term probably synonymous with undercutting.

(C) Labour .- Nothing to report.

90/46. (D) Crime .-

LI Liang (6884/7017) @ PAR NER (ref. this Survey No.12 dated 25.3.44, para 4(2)), was fined Rs.25/- u/s 5 of the Registration of Foreigners Act as a proclaimed offender on 28th March 1946. This man was arrested on 17.1.46 on suspicion of complicity in Dhappa arson case, reference Weekly Survey No.4 dated 26.1.46, para 3(D)(ii). He was then found to be one of CHANG Hsiang's gang of mainly Paiforce personnel, some of whom are believed to be CHING PANG members. The Chinese girl whose abduction was reported in para 3(D)(ii) of Weekly Survey No. 6 dated 9.2.46, was abducted by associates of LI Liang who claimed to have been acting on his behalf when he was in police custody. Were it not that/has professed willingness to leave India by mid-April at his own expense, he would be taken into custody again pending application for and issue of deportation orders. He has been restricted to his present residence, No. 20A, Eden Hospital Road, Calcutta, and to the Calcutta Police area, under para 8 of the

Foreigners Order of 1939, pending his departure from India.

(E) Deserters.- Nothing to report.

(F) Registration of Foreigners .-

R.O. (i) The following Chinese has been convicted for offence against the Indian Passport Act of 1920 and/or the Registration of Foreigners Act :-

Name	Offence	Penalty	Date
LI Fun @ LI Pan (6884/8603)	Failure to register.	Fine of Rs.20.	28.3.46.

F.1252/46. (ii) LIM Eng-gyin @ LIN Jung-chin (7157/5740/2075), an ex-Burma driver of C.B.T.A. who later took up employment with the American forces and eventually joined the staff of BOTC was passed over with the amalgamation of the latter to China Supplies Commission (India). LIM claims British nationality, but can produce no substantial evidence; such as he has is unconvincing and he appears not yet to have made up his mind whether he was born in Rangoon or Singapore. He possesses a document which he declares is a copy of a letter of identity (issued for use in Yunnan) signed on behalf of the Superintendent, Northern Shan States, describing him as a British subject born in Singapore. On the strength of a declaration made before the British Consul-General, Kunming, in June 1942, he was given a certificate, having again declared birth in Singapore. He also bears a duplicate A.R.C.(No.C1238) issued Dibrugarh in April 1943, when he appears to have declared his birthplace Rangoon, nationality Chinese and produced a Chinese passport issued by the Chinese Consul-General, Rangoon. He has been registered as a Chinese national, and C.S.C.(I) have undertaken to guarantee his repatriation.

(iii) The following Aliens Registration certificates have been reported during the past week as having been lost :-

1) LIU I-ching, (7270/5454/2188), Aliens R.C. No.767 (Calcutta), and Chinese R.C.No.3867.

2) LIAO Yen (7064/13069), Oversea Chinese R.C. No.4306.

3) HSIUNG I-shen (4700/5454/9823), Aliens R.C. No.429 (24-Parganas) and Chinese R.C., number and place of issue not known.

F. 765. (G) Passports .-

(i) Arrivals from Hongkong by RAF T.C. on 14.3.46 included Peter WOO @ WU Han-ying @ HU Heng-ying (4930/3919/13308), a British-Chinese, former restaurant proprietor and contractor in Karachi. This individual, one of the subjects of para 8 of D.I.B. Survey No.18 dated 8.5.43, came under suspicion of espionage on account of his business activities and personal contacts.

From information collected at that time, it appeared that WOO was in fairly familiar personal touch with Dr. C.J.PAO, the former Consul-General in Calcutta, and also with a former Chinese Minister for Foreign Affairs.

(ii) The s.s.JAMES BUCHANAN, a US.,W.S.A. vessel chartered by the Chinese Government for the return to China of repatriates and the shipment of Government supplies, left the Port of Calcutta on the afternoon of 28.3.46, with 213 Chinese passengers on board. Reports have been heard of the possibility of a second Chinese-chartered vessel in the near future, but this office has no definite information. A Chinese source well-connected with official Chinese circles expresses the opinion that if there is a second vessel, it will be the last to take passengers at the reduced rate offered.

(H) Newspapers .-

11/46-II. (i) Since the last reference, in para 1(H) of Survey No.11 dated 16.3.46, to the explosion in the premises of The China Press, the undersigned has received a number of anonymous letters apparently emanating from the same source, accusing one AH MEI and his gang of engineering the explosion for purposes of extortion.

This man is described as a deserter, armed and the leader of a gang. Copies of the letters were sent by the anonymous writer to various other police departments, and he has been at great pains to incriminate his accused not only in regard to the above, but with dacoity, murder and other crimes.

(I) Miscellaneous .- Nothing to report.

Deputy Commissioner of Police,
Security Control, Calcutta.

SNC.

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(As per distribution list attached to W.S. No.9 dated 2.3.46.)

SECRET.

CALCUTTA POLICE SECURITY CONTROL
WEEKLY SURVEY.

P.P.O. Wly. No. 476-S
9/4/46

Dated 23.3.46.

25 MAR 1946

Para 1. U.S.-CONGRESS CONTACT :

725.

A letter from Dr. Peter BOIKE, D.C.Chiropractor, 6129 Madison Road, Cincinnati 27, Ohio, USA, addressed to Dr. R. Ahmed, 12 Esplanade East, Calcutta, was seen in interception. The writer mentions that in 1942 he had written to President Roosevelt and other prominent figures in the USA urging the United States to take up the question of India's freedom. The writer considers the present situation to be due to America's ignorance and lack of interest in world affairs. America is is an infant in the field of international politics and, in addition, there was the strong affinity between President Roosevelt and Mr. Churchill. When America entered the war she was neither physically nor mentally fitted for leadership with the result that Britain took the lead and maintained it by sending expert propagandists to tour the States during the war. The writer goes on to mention the part he took in arguing at meetings with British propagandists and mentions the names of Haridas MAZUMDAR of New York and Krishnalal SRIDARANI of the same city who took an active part in countering this propaganda at debates etc. One Dr. E. Stanley JONES, a missionary from India, also took an active part on the nationalist side and still continues to do so. The writer ends up by saying that India should not look to America for much help as "America's attitude had greatly degenerated" and because there is a growing American Imperialism. India's position is being improved by the general world situation and she should be able to achieve her goal in the near future.

BOIKE lived in Calcutta up to November 1939 and is a member of the Indo-American Association, Calcutta.

Para 2. FRIENDS AMBULANCE UNIT :

.718/45.

A note headed "M.K.Gandhi and the Friends' Service Unit" was seen in a letter written by Horace ALEXANDER at Poona to Harry ABRAHAMSON of the F.S.U., Calcutta, during secret interception. In the note it is stated that Pandit NEHRU had indicated that there were two main reasons why the Unit could do very good work in India during the next five years. The first reason was that in a free India there would be an urgent demand for quick result in social reconstruction and that very few Indians were trained in this field of work. The second reason was the rising tide of racial feeling; a group of western workers known to be India's friends would help to combat this. The note goes on to say that when the writer mentioned this to Mr. Gandhi, Mr. Gandhi replied that he was doing his best to uphold the principle of non-violence but due to many factors at work in the East he could not say what would be the result of the growing feeling against Europeans. For this reason anyone from the West who could prove himself to be a true friend and servant of the people of India was worth his weight in gold but that suffering and sacrifice may be involved. Mr. Gandhi went on to

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praise the work of Rewi Alley, George Hogg and others in China, and pointed out that foreigners could help the people to regain sufficient self-confidence to work for their own salvation in fighting the coming famine.. Mr. Gandhi ended up by agreeing with the writer that independent workers "who are not 'suspect' either in the eyes of the Government or the people" could do much to help draw attention to official and un-official corruption, black-marketing, and hoarding.

Para 3. BURMESE AFFAIRS :

. 25. An agent reports that DAW KHIN KHIN KYI, a Burmese lady who came to Calcutta from Rangoon very recently, has left for Bombay.

DAW KHIN KHIN KYI is President of the Burma Women's Freedom League, an association which claims to take no part in politics but which, in fact, takes a very leading part and is said to have a membership of 80,000. Mrs. AUNG SAN (wife of General AUNG SAN) and Mrs. MYABU (wife of the Chief Justice) are influential members of this association.

DAW KHIN KHIN KYI used to be a school mistress and was also at one time on the Rangoon Police Advisory Board. It is possible that this may have had something to do with her influence in saving AUNG SAN and others from prosecution as war criminals. She negotiated on their behalf with the British authorities.

It is believed that she intends meeting Indian national leaders.

Para 4. CHINESE AFFAIRS :

(A) Political .-

.1573. (i) In a recent conversation with the editor of one of the Indian nationalist newspapers, LI Chien-san (6884/1612/9552) of the official Chinese Central News Agency (ref. para 4(H)(i) of this Survey No.3 dated 19.1.46) is reported to have referred to "the remarkable letter of CHIANG Kai-shek to the late President Roosevelt, anent the mailed-fist policy of the British Government in India which impeded the war effort in the China-Burma-India front". The Generalissimo, according to LI, disapproved of British methods of coping with the Indian political situation, because "the greater the oppression, the greater the reaction".

The source reports that LI states he was informed by TAN Yun-shan of Visvabharati that when the latter saw the Chinese Generalissimo in Chungking, CHIANG Kai-shek was deeply distressed by British bungling in the Indian political situation.

. 1049/46. (ii) A Chinese approach to Tibetans in India is seen in a grant which has been authorized by the Ministry of Education for the building extension fund of the Chinese School in Darjeeling. It is noteworthy that the Mongolian and Tibetan Affairs Commission is also lending its support. Another Chinese government organ, the Overseas Affairs Bureau, will also assist in the project. The grant, sanctioned at Rs.10,000 will be remitted through the Chinese Consulate in Calcutta.

16/46. (iii) The American magazine "Collier's" of 16.2.46 contains a long and interesting article, under the caption "China's Mystery Man", on General TAI Li, the head of CHIANG Kai-shek's 'national security police' and the so-called 'MILES Scheme" of U.S. co-operation with TAI Li. It is learned on very good authority that a copy of this article has been sent to Consul-General CHEN Chih-ping, who is at present in China, by LIU Shou-shan of the Calcutta Consulate. CHEN has frequently been reported as being 'a TAI Li man', and the above may lend some weight to rumours that S.S.LIU (who is chiefly preoccupied with seamen's affairs in India) is also. Both CHEN and LIU are Malaya-born: the former, it is understood, originally held a British passport, or at least claimed British nationality when enrolled as a student at Raffles College, Singapore.

(B) Associations .- } Nothing to report.

(C) Labour .-

(D) Crime .-

48/46. (i) Amongst the resolutions adopted at a conference in the Kuomintang-in-India Headquarters on 19.3.46, was a motion that an appeal be made to the Chinese Consulate-General in Calcutta and the local authorities to clean up gambling houses and opium dens in Chinatown and to remove the causes of the "present unsatisfactory situation". The meeting, it may be noted, was a special conference of delegates from various branches of the Kuomintang-in-India, of which minutes would be passed to Chungking. Similar resolutions, passed in similar circumstances, have come to notice heretofore, but such do not seem to have interfered with the award of honours - in the form of Commissionerships of the Overseas Affairs Commission of the Chinese Government etc. to those prominent, influential or wealthy Chinese most concerned with organized rackets of this sort.

107/46-III (ii) A dacoity took place during the early hours of 18.3.46 when six masked men, four of them armed with pistols, are alleged to have forced their way into the premises of KWONG YICK, dry-goods dealers in Chinatown, and, procuring a key to the safe, removed cash variously reported as about Rs.75,000 and Rs.85,000. They are also reported to have taken a quantity of miscellaneous gold ornaments and diamond jewellery. Enquiries are proceeding in conjunction with local police, but are hampered somewhat by a distinct reticence and lack of co-operation on the part of the complainants.

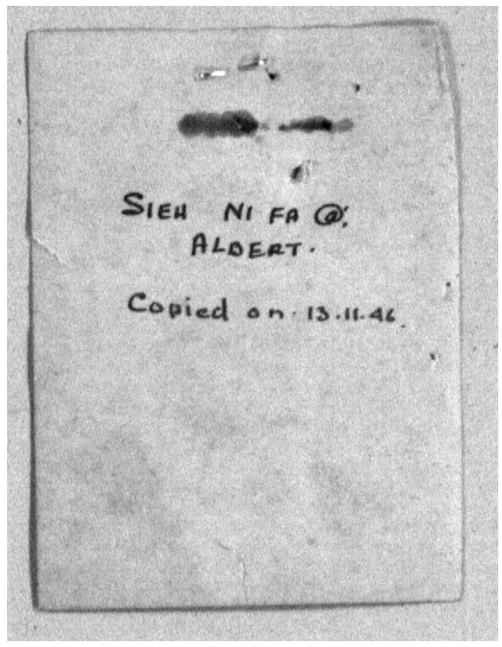
(E) Deserters .- Nothing to report.

(F) Registration of Foreigners.-

R.O. (i) Up-to-date the total number of Chinese registrees checked is 6,602 and the total number of certificates re-issued is 6,389.

.O. (ii) TAM Yai @ CHEN Huan (658/5051), a Chinese seaman who came to Calcutta in 1942




SIEH NI FA @
ALBERT.
Copied on 13.11.46.

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and later joined the Chinese Seamen's Wartime Service Corps (now disbanded), was prosecuted for failure to register and has been fined Rs.25.

F.P.1573. (iii) LING Li-an (7228/6949/44), a Chinese shoemaker, reported loss of his registration certificate, giving a plausible statement which, however, on verification proved to be false, and it transpired he had never registered. He has been prosecuted under rule 47(2)(d) D.I.R. and fined Rs.25.

(iv) No certificates have been reported lost (except the case in the above sub-para) during the past week - a situation considerably more satisfactory than six weeks ago.

(G) Passports .-

610/46. (i) SHEN Liang-hsiu (9849/7017/4661) @ SENG Lean-sieu @ Sister Agnes , and TUNG Fang-feng (12259/3445/3560) @ TONG Won-von @ Sister Andree, two nuns of Chinese nationality, natives of Chekiang, arrived in Calcutta by plane from Hongkong on 9.3.46. They were not in possession of passports or other means of identity, but travelled on Air Movement Authorities issued by RAF Hongkong. They declared they had entered a convent in Shanghai four years ago with the purpose of becoming nuns: last month they were flown to Hongkong by RAF, and had come on to India, via Bangkok, Singapore and Rangoon, under the auspices of HQ Land Forces Repatriation Section, Hongkong. It was their intention, they declared, to attach themselves to the Little Sisters of the Poor, Madras. S.P., Madras has been informed and they have been allowed to proceed.

[illegible].1168/45. (ii) Michael TOW Siang-yew @ TU Hsiang-yao (12043/4277/12956) an employee of the CNAC, was found to be amongst passengers embarked on s.s. 'ISLAMI' on 15.3.46 for Singapore. As he entered India on a Chinese passport bearing conditional visa for service in the CNAC, and could shew no release from them nor authority from this office to leave the country, he was off-loaded. He claims British nationality by reason of birth in Singapore, and to have been discharged in India by the CNAC. A reference has been made to CNAC.

(H) Newspapers .-
(I) Miscellaneous .- } Nothing to report.

Deputy Commissioner of Police,
Security Control, Calcutta.

SNC.

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IB/357/42 Fov. 20.3.46

SECRET.

CALCUTTA POLICE SECURITY CONTROL
WEEKLY SURVEY.

No.11.

Dated 16.3.46.

Para 1. CHINESE AFFAIRS :

(A) Political .-

.538/45. (i) The membership drive launched by the Kuomintang-in-India, reported in para 4(A)(ii) of Survey No.9 of 2.3.46, seems to have got off to a good start, and a competition has been organized between the various Branches and Sub-branches to keep them up to scratch. The competition will be spread over three periods, the first between Branches for efficiency, number of members attained, and state of collection of fees; this period will be from January 1st to March 31st. Branches and Sub-branches will compete during the second period, and thereafter all units and individual members.

Presumably the party headquarters in India foresee a time when, with a new representative government installed in Nanking, they will cease to be the agency of the one authorized political party in China, and will be unable to count on the Central Kuomintang for funds as heretofore. The new subscription of US $ 6, however, represents a considerable rise, and is hardly likely to be popular unless some substantial return is shewn.

.516/46. (ii) Thirteen new appointments have been made to Chinese consular staffs in Malaya, Borneo and N.E.I., according to an announcement by the Chinese Ministry of Foreign Affairs, reported in the Chinese press.

.732/45. (iii) Professor CHOU Tzu-ya (2450/12317/12810) of the Central Political Academy, Chungking, who is visiting India at present, is reported to have declared that he proposes to go on a lecture tour of Indian universities stressing the need for further development of the cultural ties between China and India.

.538/45. (iv) In an intercepted letter from the Kuomintang Headquarters in India to the Burma Overseas China Association, Calcutta, a notice was seen advising that the Kuomintang proposes to hold a valedictory meeting for CH'IN Ming-fang (2093/7960/3448), who is leaving for Nanking soon to attend the Chinese National Congress. Chinese associations have been requested to send a representative to the meeting. The individual has not been completely identified yet, but it is believed he is a businessman of Kalimpong who interested himself in education.

(B) Associations .-

.1164/45. (i) Dara Singh, leader of the South Seas Mechanics Association, has recently expressed himself as quite disillusioned over the "politics" of the Chinese Government. It appears that many of the Malayan Chinese members of this group who

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were recruited in Singapore by TAN Kah-kee and sent to China as truck-drivers in the early part of the war, until recently were counting on being given further employment by the Chinese Government, but now, in Dara Singh's own words "something has popped up - politics, the same politics that made me resign from the Chinese Government in 1942". Now, he says, "only a certain sect are wanted", and he agrees with his Malayan Chinese colleagues" when they have been sold as cattle to the butchers". What sect he refers to is not known, but some of his unemployed drivers have found jobs through him with the China Supplies Commission (India).

(C) Labour .- Nothing to report.

(D) Crime .-

0/45. (i) A Chinese deserter, LEE Po-sang @ LI Pao-sheng (6884/8711/9865) was received from Bombay Police under escort on 10.3.46. He is believed to be one of a gang of extortioners and protection racketeers, and admits having bought his Registration Certificate and Chinese Consular R.C. in Calcutta for Rs.150/- and altered the names. He has been detained under para 7 of the Foreigners Order 1939 pending repatriation.

.S.24 (ii) Further reports have been received of small arms offered for sale on the streets by US coloured troops. A source reports he was approached to buy three ·38 pistols with 200 rounds of ammunition each, offered at Rs.300 per gun.

(E) Deserters .- Nothing to report.

(F) Registration of Foreigners .-

A.R.O. (i) LI Ho-ping (6884/3945/9310), came to Calcutta in March 1942 when he signed off his ship, and was issued with R.C. No.3503 dated 24.3.42. He subsequently joined the Wartime Seamen's Service Corps. It transpires that he lost his R.C. in June 1944, but failed to notify the proper authorities, nor did he apply for a duplicate. He has been prosecuted u/s 5 of the R.F.Act 1939 and sentenced to pay a fine of Rs.20/-.

P.1571. (ii) CHEN Chin-an (618/2032/44), a Chinese carpenter who is employed by Hall & Anderson Ltd., was found on enquiry to have been living in Calcutta since 1908, but unregistered. He was prosecuted and fined Rs.25/-.

A.R.O. (iii) THAM Tu-shieh @ TAN Tsao-she (10681/11626/9784), a free-lance carpenter who was found to have been in Calcutta since 1925 without registering, was prosecuted and fined Rs.25/-.

P.1572. (iv) NG Wah @ WU Hua (12699/5005), a restaurant employee claiming birth in Singapore, was prosecuted for non-registration and entering India without a permit. He has been fined Rs.50/- or in default one month's R.I. under the

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Registration of Foreigners Act, but discharged with a warning under the passport rules as he was an evacuee. Deportation orders have been requested.

278/46. (v) LI Hsien-nu (6884/4539/8419), a ship's cook and carpenter who has been in India since 1925, was prosecuted for failure to register and fined Rs.20/-.

/46. (vi) POON Wai-shun (8692/12598/4587) and THANG Cher-zee @ TIEN Chi-yu (11236/992/13631) were fined Rs.50/- and 75/- respectively for failure to register as aliens. They are both truck drivers who were sent to India by the C.B.T.A., later joining the B.O.T.C. and the China Supplies Commission (India).

/46- prosecuted II. (vii) TAN Fu-chang (10681/3707/762) was for non-registration and fined Rs.50/- or one month's R.I.

.R.O. (viii) The following Aliens Registration Certificates have been reported during the past week as having been lost :-

1) Liang Yu Ming (7021/13615/7946), Chinese Passport No.246 issued by Chinese Consulate-General, Calcutta.
2) Hsieh Shih Yuan (4432/9921/13718), Aliens and Chinese Registration certificates, number and place of issue not known.
3) Huang Shao Ying (5124/9775/13308), Aliens Karachi R.C.No.2443 transferred to Calcutta vide No.14744. Passport No.957 and Chinese R.C.No. 5162.
4) Chou Chi Hsieh, (2450/1026/4400), Chinese R.C., number and place of issue not known.

(G) Passports .-

1209. (i) Application was made to this office in January by the Manager of the Bank of Communications for five Chinese nationals to come to Calcutta to join his staff. Following customary procedure, he was requested to provide their full names and addresses. It was somewhat surprising therefore to find that before he could reply we were in a position to get the information first-hand from the five employees who had arrived by plane on 15.2.46, bearing Chinese passports in the "O" series for Chinese government officials (as they were employees of one of the Chinese government banks), and, presumably because of their status, their passports had been endorsed with single-journey visas by the British Consul-General, Chungking, without reference. It was perhaps more surprising to find that one of these men, TSAI Chun (11519/5294), was an old client of ours and of Bombay, having been arrested as a deserter from the Chinese Army by Bombay on 6.2.44 on information from this office, and sent to Calcutta under escort, whence he was returned to Ramgarh. When interrogated here at the time, he maintained that Vice-Consul CHEN of the Bombay Consulate knew his real position and had helped him to get registered as a civilian. While in prison in Ramgarh he was in correspondence with a lady Vice-Consul in

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(46)

Calcutta, and wrote to a friend in the Bank of Communications telling him of his determination to come to Calcutta as a civilian. He now denies having been to India before, and is arranging to bring his wife here. The case is being reported to Government.

(H) Newspapers.

16-II. (i) Despite only slight damage having been caused to the printing shop of The China Press in the recent explosion, its presses are still silent and there has been no announcement as to whether it will recommence. With reference to the paragraph under this heading in last week's Survey, a letter has been seen during the course of secret interception in which the Manager of the China Weekly, Bombay, writes to The China Press, Calcutta, to say that he has heard the Calcutta newspaper will be selling out, and if so the Bombay establishment would be willing to take over the whole of their equipment. This is an interesting suggestion, in that the China Press of Calcutta is believed to have the most up-to-date and elaborate Chinese-owned press in India, Mr. S.F.CHE having removed his own founts when he left the Chinese Journal of India and to have augmented his equipment with new type from the British Ministry of Information, New Delhi, all to the annoyance of his former competitior Mr. T.T.KOO. It would perhaps be interesting to know what sources are providing the funds for a newly established press which, having suffered damage itself, can afford to make a blanket-purchase of the China Press equipment.

(I) Miscellaneous .- Nothing to report.

James James
16/2

Deputy Commissioner of Police,
Security Control, Calcutta.

SNC.

SECRET.

CALCUTTA POLICE SECURITY CONTROL
WEEKLY SURVEY.

Dated P.P.O. Dy. No. 370-SS 15/3/46

Para.1. CONGRESS AFFAIRS :

An agent has reported that H.N.BRAILSFORD, the British publicist who has recently come to Calcutta, while talking to a member of the staff of a nationalist daily, expressed the view "Britain could no longer monkey with India's demand for independence". During his tour of the North West Frontier Province, "the land of virile, strong and determined Pathans", he had been convinced that unless Britain quitted India, this country would remain a cauldron boiling with violence, disorder and lawlessness. He considered the victory of the Congress party under Dr. Khan Sahib as sounding the death-knell of Pakisthan and the machinations of pro-League Government officials in the Frontier Province during the elections had come to naught. BRAILSFORD ended up by saying that he hoped and believed that the present Labour Government would, if necessary, by-pass the Muslim League and come to an agreement with the Congress to resolve the deadlock.

Para 2. U.S.-CONGRESS CONTACT :

An agent has reported that D.E.HUTH, a U.S. War Correspondent attached to SEAC, has been in contact with nationalist newspaper-men in Calcutta and has been expressing violently anti-British views. He claims that "John Bull" has been fanning the flames of communal strife in India and cited as an example the alleged attempt by the Bombay Police to convert the political disturbances in Bombay into communal disturbances. He accused the late Governor of Bengal of bungling and mismanagement in connection with the disturbances in Calcutta. HUTH went on to say that the disturbances in Calcutta were a magnificient example of Hindu-Moslem unity and that the statement that they were due to the goonda element was an utter travesty of the truth. He claims that he and a Chinese colleague have taken photographs of police and military brutality on innocent and helpless men, women and children.

HUTH claims that he has ample evidence that the American-made tear-gas grenades used by the civil police to quell the riots in Bombay had been given to the British for use against invading Nazis in London. He inveighed against the "reptile Anglo-Indian press of the country" which used the word "smoke" instead of the word "gas".

Tear smoke is the commercial name

Note : HUTH appears to have rather over-reached himself in his statements with regard to goondas not being responsible for the disturbances in Calcutta last month in view of the fact that the Congress has been very busy telling everyone that the goondas were entirely responsible, with of course, the addition that Government mismanagement gave the goondas their chance.

Para 3. RUSSO-TURKISH AFFAIRS :

A contact reports that there is a strong feeling in Turkish diplomatic circles in Chungking

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(44)

that war between Russia and Turkey is imminent.

Para 4. JEWISH AFFAIRS :

F. 1087/46. From an interception it appears that Camille HONIG, Head of the Organization Department, World Jewish Congress, has arrived at Bombay and will be followed in a few days by Mr. S.S. SILVERMAN, M.P., Chairman of the same organization. These two men intend calling a conference of representatives of Jewish communities in India at Bombay to give a detailed report on the condition of European Jewry, and presumably also to enlist the aid of Indian Jewry.

Para 5. CHINESE AFFAIRS:

(A) Political .-

F.M.516/46. (i) Reports continue to be received of dissatisfaction amongst the staff of the Chinese Consulate-General, and the efforts of Mr. C.P. CHEN to keep his present staff together. These efforts, according to our sources, do not meet with much success, even though the Consul-General has suggested better conditions for his followers should he be appointed to Siam. One informant reports that Mr. T.T. CHEN has turned down a suggestion that he should follow Mr. CHEN to Siam, and from another source it is learnt that LIU Shou-shan (7270/10019/9663) "Chancellor" in the Consulate, has now tendered his resignation despite Mr. CHEN's objections and offers of promotion in Siam. LIU says he wants to go home to Malaya to "rest". Besides tendering his resignation to the Consul-General, LIU is understood to have written to the Assistant Director of Personnel, Ministry of Foreign Affairs, pleading ill health. LIU may not have resigned from the Foreign Service, however, and it is reliably learnt that LAU Paak-khuan, the Kuomintang representative in Ipoh, recently congratulated him on his promotion to a post in "the South Sea Islands"-a term which embraces Malaya, N.E.I., and even the Philippines.

F.M. 516/46. (ii) An employee of the Chinese Consulate-General, writing to a friend, says "In one or two months time everything here will take a new turn". The same writer suggests that in a few months' time all those Chinese who intend to return to China will have left Calcutta.

F.P. 1557. (iii) Dr. CHIU Chia-hua (2544/1138/5010), Chinese Minister of Education, has expressed a desire to visit India, according to a reliable source. This may have some connection with the "five year plan for Sino-Indian cultural exchange" referred to in para 3(B)(iii) of Survey No.6 dated 9.2.46, and should he do so would lend weight to the suggestion that TAN Yun-shan consolidated his party position when last in Chungking (vide para 3(A)(iv) of Survey No.5 dated 2.2.46).

F.M.517/45. (iv) Well-to-do Chinese in Calcutta are apprehensive that sooner or later Indian nationalist propaganda will have so penetrated the ranks of India's armed forces that the three services will unite together to evict Britons from India by force, a source reports. These

circles believe that the diminished and war-weary British troops would be unable to cope with the situation, and would have no wish to be made to do so, according to the report, hence many of the more prosperous Chinese merchants and others plan to take advantage of the cheap passages to China which have been offered by the Chinese Consulate on vessels chartered by the Chinese Government.

F.M.1503. (v) Interception of a letter written by CHOU Hsiang-kuang (2450/4277/6389) Editor-in-Chief of the Chinese Journal of India, to Sarat Chandra BOSE in New Delhi, reveals that the latter has been asked to supply a foreward to a Bengali translation of "Sunyatsenism".

(B) Associations .-

F.M.811/46-II. (i) In order to promote Sino-Indian ties in Buddhism, according to a Chinese press report, CHIANG Kai-shek has authorized a grant of Rs.3,000 to a Chinese Buddhist temple in India for a pagoda to be erected, to commemorate the peace and to be named after him. The temple is referred to as that of the "Deer Forest", and is presumably therefore at the historical site near Benares. The grant is said to have been remitted to TAN Yun-shan of Santiniketan for transmission to TE-Yu (10845/13630), the priest in charge.

F.M. 1557. (ii) Dr. TAN is also negotiating with V.G. NAIR, a former employee of the Chinese Ministry of Information who now appears to be working in the Chinese Consulate, in regard to some proposed publications in English, Hindi and Bengali of the Sino-Indian Cultural Society, of which TAN Yun-shan is one of the principal officials. Writing to Dr. TAN, NAIR says he will quit his work in the Consulate at the end of March, and will submit himself to TAN's orders in April; meanwhile, NAIR is making enquiries for suitable publishers for distributing the Society's books throughout India.

Whilst referring to Dr. TAN Yun-shan, it is interesting to note that a source reports his youngest son has been adopted by CHIU Ching-chang (2310/2211/427), former managing partner of The China Co., a wealthy remittance firm, as his son and heir. CHIU was detained by the Chinese authorities at Kunming for smuggling, but was released through TAN's influence in 1943, CHIU was refused re-entry to India by Government, since when TAN has taken care of his interests in the United Chinese Corporation, successors to the China Co.

(C) Labour .- Nothing to report.

(D) Crime .-

F.M.1279/46
F.M.1107/46-II,
F.P.1569. (i) TONG Nee-dah @ TUNG I-ta (12259/5454/10473), Chinese, R.C.Calcutta 10948, no visible means of support, was arrested at 18, Bow Street, Calcutta on 19.2.46, and remanded for enquiries into suspected breach of the Passport Act and the Registration Order. From December 1944 to July 1945 he had worked as agent for an alleged American-Chinese, CHEN Te-hung (658/10854/5252), said to be an agent of OSS. He claims to have investigated the activities of certain Chinese

in India on CHEN's behalf, to have successfully burgled premises at 27, Central Avenue, Calcutta, on orders from CHEN allegedly emanating from Major White of OSS, and to have received Rs.5,000/- for his services over the 8-month period. TUNG has been involved in police cases at Bombay and Darjeeling. There is suspicion that he is involved in opium deals and other illegal activities, and American black-market sales, and strong suspicion that he is the leader of a criminal gang, some of whose members may be remnants of the Pacific Ocean Gang referred to in previous Surveys. He has been living for 3 years with the daughter of E.J.ASSIN. British subject of mainly Chinese blood, of 18/1, Bow Street, a former Chinese Seamen's boarding house-keeper, a former restaurant keeper, and a still notorious gambler who is connected by marriage etc. with certain tanners at Dhappa. There may be a line on protection of Dhappa gambling houses here. Another woman connected with TUNG is a Tibetan or Bhutia named MAI Li @ AH Say, kept by a Chinese seaman allegedly in TUNG's gang. MAI Li and her protector are alleged to work a racket in enticing Chinese seamen and others to her apartment, and there fleecing them on charges of having dishonoured her. MAI Li is also the name of a woman kept by HUA Ting-fu (5002/11253/3624) who was arrested on 26.2.46 for unlawful possession of a revolver (reference para 4(D)(ii) of last week's Survey). It is not yet known whether the women are identical.

During interrogation it also transpired that in November 1945 TUNG entered Burma overland via Dimapur and Tamu to Kalewa. He returned three weeks later. His journey was made by favour of truck drivers, including Royal Mail. His departure from and return to India does not appear to have been reported to the registration authorities.

I ..1165/46. (ii) The case of arson at Dhappa referred to in para 3(D)(ii) and para 4(D)(i) of Surveys Nos.4 and 3 of 1946, has been dropped for lack of evidence, and the four accused held by 24-Parganas Police have been discharged. One of them, TAN Fu-cheng (10681/3707/762) has been rearrested under suspicion of illegal entry into India. The other 3 appear to be members of a criminal gang started among Chinese personnel serving in Paiforce, a number of whom are believed to be members of that large and potentially-dangerous Chinese secret society, the CHING PANG. They have been dealt with as follows:-

(1) LI Liang (6884/7017), arrested u/s 54 Cr.P.C. as a proclaimed offender. After disposal of this charge he may be wanted in the case of kidnapping a girl referred to in para 3(D)(ii) of Weekly Survey No.6 of 9.2.46.

(2) CHANG Hsiang (416/4277) and (3) SHEN Chiu-ming (9849/2273/7945), arrested under para 7 of the Foreigners Order, pending completion of investigations into the current gangster activities of this gang, and their rivals the South Sea Mechanics.

I.I. ..7/46-II. (iii) Reports indicating criminal activities by gangs are increasing. On one day recently anonymous accusations and known source reports were received of:

(a) An armed gangster, alleged to be living at 1 Tiretta Bazar Street, who, the informant states, is concerned in the China Press explosion referred to in last week's Survey, para 4(H);

(b) A gang, whose names were given, involved in drug traffic;

(c) Suspicious Chinese activities contacting troops in Old Court House Street (discovered to be solicitation by pimps).

Increased reports of illegal activities do not necessarily indicate that illegal activities are, in fact, increasing. It is possible that they may be mere indications that the Chinese public temporarily has enough confidence to provide a little information.

(E) Deserters .- Nothing to report.

(F) Registration of Foreigners .-

A.P.O.

(i) Up-to-date the total number of Chinese registrees checked is 6,500 and the total number of certificates re-issued is 6,293.

(ii) The following Aliens Registration Certificates have been reported during the past week as having been lost :-

1. CHEN Sheng-hu (658/9865/4920), Chinese Registration Certificate No.13933.

(G) Passports .- Nothing to report.

(H) Newspapers .-

P.I.811/46-II. Secret interception reveals that damage was done to the plant of a Chinese publishing house in Bombay during recent disturbances, and so delayed publication of the first number of The Chinese Weekly. This is the first reference the undersigned has seen to this periodical, the Chinese name of which bears the translation "Salvation of the Nation" - a name which might indicate a journal of a revolutionary nature. The choice of name, on the other hand, may be related to the ideas underlying recent Chinese press comments on the Kuomintang Party conference in Chungking, which lead one to believe that the Kuomintang are facing up to the fact that before long "National Government" and "Kuomintang" must cease to be synonymous terms.

(I) Miscellaneous .- Nothing to report.

James Jameson

Deputy Commissioner of Police,
Security Control, Calcutta.

SNC.

Copy forwarded to :-
(As per distribution list attached to W.S.No.9 dated 2.3.46).

will be the defeat of World Democracy.

The pamphlet ends by giving a list of the members of Mr. Sjahrir's Cabinet.

Para 4. CHINESE AFFAIRS :

(A) Political.-

/46.II. (i) Russia's relations with China and other powers have been occupying an increasing amount of space in the official Chinese newspaper, Chinese Journal of India, so much so that in the issue of 27 Feb. there is very little in the foreign news that does not bear some relation thereto. Students' anti-Soviet demonstrations in China on the "Quit Manchuria" issue are reported at length, and deteriorating Anglo-Russian relations are reported together with a New York Times comment, through Reuter, that the U.S. would "again rush to the aid of Britain to preserve the Empire" were it necessary.

(ii) A drive to collect a total of Rs.50,000 to form a general fund for Party expenses is reported to have been launched by the Kuomintang-in-India Headquarters. The assessment is said to be based on the anticipated collection of the equivalent of US $ 6.- per member. LI Wei-pin, as might have been expected, is in charge of the collection. Source reports suggest that if this initial attempt to make the local Party partially self-supporting is successful, the collection may become an annual affair.

FL.[illegible]/46. (iii) Ref. para 3(A)(ii) of Survey No.5 dated 2.2.46, William T.S.KWONG, Deputy Consul in Calcutta, left for Chungking during the week. His liaison duties have been taken over by Dr.W.P.TSAI, Consul. An informed source reports that KWONG's resignation from his service was partially due to the probability of changes in the staff of the Consulate-General.

" (iv) Consul-General C.P.CHEN left by plane for Chungking on 21st Feb. Major-Genl. Irving W. DOOH, Resident Military Officer in India, travelled on the same plane. A source reports that the Consul-General's trip is connected with a Chinese Foreign Office conference about to be held in the Chinese capital. The Chinese Ambassadors to Britain, U.S.A., and U.S.S.R. have been called back to Chungking to take part.

" (v) Reference para 5(A)(iii) of last week's Survey, the Chinese Consul-designate for Kuala Lumpur, HSU Meng-hsiung (4761/7795/4699), arrived in Calcutta from Chungking on 16.2.46.

Dr. WU Pai-sheng, Consul-General for Singapore, left Calcutta for Malaya by air on 21.2.46.

.M.[illegible]14/45. (vi) The methods of Chinese semi-military organizations in India, in respect of compliance with registration regulations, are illustrated by the following case. HSIEH Wen-hsiang (4432/12633/4277) and TSAI Ya-chiu (11519/12810/2263) were recruited in China by SOS US Army for service in India. Being liable to deportation to China by the SOS on expiry of their term of service, they were at the US Army Replacement Depot at Balijan awaiting transport, and absconded on 1.2.46. They made their way to Calcutta. Upon their being found here and arrested, Mr. T.T.WANG of the Chinese

Supply Commission, India, wrote urgently to request their release on the grounds that they were now employed by the Chinese Supply Commission, that their services were indispensable, and that the Commission would assume full responsibility for their future repatriation to China. Prior to the men being discovered and arrested, the Commission had not approached any British authorities in India notifying their employment and offering to assume the U.S.Army's responsibility to repatriate them.

(B) Associations -

1082/44. (i) The Chinese Government policy of controlling their nationals abroad by, inter alia and as previously noted, requiring all associations of Chinese abroad to register in Chungking and report names of their officials, is still being pursued, if a statement is to be believed made by an office-holder in the South-Sea Mechanics Association that he cannot be openly appointed to his post because he is not Chinese by race.

(C) Labour -

M.540/45. (i) A local Chinese press report carries a Shanghai despatch to the effect that the Executive Yuan of the Chinese Government, in compliance with a request from the Ministry of Social Affairs, have decided to make a grant of Rs.150/- each to 1600 unemployed Chinese seamen stranded in Calcutta. UNRRA is being appealed to, says the despatch, to repatriate the seamen to China where they will be utilized by the Ministry of Communications.

(ii) Reference para 5(C) of last week's Survey, 69 "elders" chosen by the unemployed Chinese seamen in Calcutta went in deputation to the Chinese Consulate on Feb.21st. They were received by T.T.SHEN on behalf of the Consul-General and S.S.LIU of the Consulate who deals with seamen's affairs, and were informed, it is reported, that the matter of their early repatriation to China is under negotiation, and hopes were entertained that the matter could be settled within two weeks.

(D) Crime -

.1526. (i) HSIAO Chen (4294/658) @ WU Tai-ken (12697/10596/5974) @ CHEN Ju-ken (658/5668/5974) @ LO Mao-mao (7291/7679/7698) @ LO Chung-chih (7291/2876/1788) (reference this Survey No.39 dated 29.9.45: para (d)(i)) was released on termination of prison sentence on 23.2.46. He was rearrested under paragraph 7 of the Foreigners Order on the request of the police at Bombay, where he was wanted on a criminal charge.

F. 1107/46-II. (ii) On 26.2.46 the local police recovered a Colt revolver marked "Official Police", and 110 rounds of ammunition, from a room at 90 Phears Lane, 1st Floor, occupied by a Chinese named HUA Ping-fu. The arms were

kept in a secret hiding place. HUA and two Tibetans, Chipen and Tundra, were taken into custody.

(E) Deserters .- Nothing to report.

(F) Registration of Foreigners .-

3/44.

(i) With reference to this Survey No.5 dated 2.2.46, para 5(g)(ii), there have been further instances of Chinese nationals entering India via Tibet and Sikkim, disguised as Tibetans in order to evade passport control at Kalimpong. The Chinese Consul-General here issued passports on arrival, and requested facilities for the travellers to leave India.

(a) PAN Tzu-fang (8628/12317/3435) and LI Chia-yu (6884/1139/13438), who claim to have been in business in Lhasa for some years, entered in circumstances which suggest that Mr. T.L.SHEN, Chinese Commissioner in Lhasa, if not actually conniving at this illegal entry of his nationals into India, does not appear to be assisting his nationals to conform to Indian regulations.

(b) LI Yin-ho (6884/13294/3945), who claimed to have been trading in tea at Pharijong in Tibet for two years.

.1551.

(ii) KO Yee-swee @ KAO I-shui (5927/5341/10128) was convicted on 25.2.46 under Rule 47(2)(c) of DIR for using a false registration certificate. Sentence: fine of Rs.200/- or two months' R.I.

A.I.O.

(iii) The following Aliens Registration Certificates have been reported during the past week as having been lost:

1. Li Pin (6884/9254), Aliens & Chinese R.Cs., numbers and place of issue not known.
2. Ou Wen Kuei (8492/12633/6461) Chinese R.C. No.14626.
3. Chao Ju Shou (498/5666/10019), Aliens Calcutta R.C.No.9517 and Chinese R.C.No.11264.
4. Mai Chao (7602/519), Chinese R.C.No. and place of issue not known.
5. Liang Kao Hai (7021/5933/3767) Aliens R.C. number and place of issue not known.
6. Chen Tien Cheng (658/11208/762), Chinese R.C.No.12998.
7. Ting Shu Chen (11263/10090/610), Aliens R.C. No.320, place of issue not known. (probably Delhi).
8. Huang Chih Min (5124/1845/7908), Aliens R.C. No.10956 issued at Calcutta and Chinese R.C. No.12123.

(G) Passports .- Nothing to report.

(H) Newspapers .-

F.No.11/46-II.

The China Press remains closed following the explosion in their premises (reported in the last Survey) and the subsequent discovery of an unexploded grenade within the premises when sweepers on the staff were cleaning the printing plant. The Chinese Journal of India is therefore, presumably temporarily, the only Chinese newspaper publishing in Calcutta at present.

There has naturally been much speculation

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amongst local Chinese over the incident. A reliable Chinese source reports the consensus of opinion as being that the bombs were placed by deserters from the Chinese, to bring pressure to bear in support of demands for money, though S.F.CHE is said to have denied this. A senior Chinese Government official is reported to have said he did not believe any political motive lay behind the bombs, as the China Press, according to him, was anti-everybody but pro-nothing, and nobody took it seriously.

The same source reports that a suspicion has arisen that the explosion was engineered by persons financially interested in the newspaper, a put-up "victimization" being suggested as a graceful way of winding up a losing proposition while retaining public sympathy with, if anything, enhanced "face".

(I) MISCELLANEOUS :

F.No.744/46. Incomd R.4/3

(i) Chinese shoe-shops are reported to have ceased retail sales as a protest against the increased rate of sales tax.

A casual source reports that a section of the Chinese shopkeeper community suspended business on Feb. 23, when a hartal was observed by a number of Indian shopkeepers in sympathy with the ratings involved in the recent R.I.N. mutiny. The source reports that the Chinese had sought prior advice from their Consul-General, who had advised them to follow the lead of their Indian neighbours as friendly relations existed between both national groups.

Deputy Commissioner of Police,
Security Control, Calcutta.

SNC.

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Assistant to the D.I.G. of Police, NWFP C.I.D., PESHAWAR.

Intelligence Bureau Asstt. to the Dy. Inspr.-Genl. of Police, C.I.D., Bihar, PATNA.

Superintendent of Police, U.P.Special Branch (Aliens), LUCKNOW.

Assistant to the D.I.G. of Police, Central Provinces & Berar Special Branch, NAGPUR.

Superintendent of Police, Orissa Special Branch, C.I.D., CUTTACK.

Deputy Inspector-General of Police, Colombo C.I.D., CEYLON.

Superintendent of Police, S.B. & C.I.D., Sind, KARACHI.

Superintendent of Police, C.I.D., DELHI.

Deputy Commissioner of Police, HQ., Lalbazar, CALCUTTA.

Deputy Commissioner of Police, Special Branch, CALCUTTA.

Superintendent of Police, I.B., Bengal, CALCUTTA.

Central Intelligence Officer, CALCUTTA.

O.C., Eastern Command Intelligence Centre, CALCUTTA.

Military Intelligence Officer, CALCUTTA.

SECRET.

CALCUTTA POLICE SECURITY CONTROL
WEEKLY SURVEY.

Dated 25.2.46.

B.P.O.Dy. No. 281-S/ 28/2/46

Para 1. INDONESIAN AFFAIRS :

A lengthy open letter written by the Indonesian Youth's Association of India, Colaba, Bombay, addressed to the members of the Central Legislative Assembly, but in an envelope addressed to the Editor of the 'Amrita Bazar Patrika', was seen during interception. The letter stresses the connection between India and Indonesia dating from 2000 years back and points out what a contrast the activities of Indian troops in Indonesia today makes with this long history of contact. Indonesia has learnt much from India's struggle for freedom and now Asia is awake and breaking the chains of foreign imperialism. The letter goes on to draw a contrast between the help given to the Indonesian cause by strikes amongst British troops and Australians and the action of Indian troops in suppressing the Indonesian nationalist movement. The letter ends up by eulogising the All-India Indonesia Conference held at Lahore by all parties and points out that India can help Indonesia by demanding the withdrawal of Indian troops.

Para 2. INDO POLISH ASSOCIATION :

1. .1048/44. A letter written by the Secretary of the Association addressed to Sarat Chandra BOSE containing a copy of an appeal to the Members of the Parliaments of All Nations from former Deputies and Senators of the Polish Parliament, was seen in interception. The appeal opens with a reference to the debate in the House of Commons last year in which it was stated clearly that there should be free elections in Poland. The pamphlet goes on to point out how impossible free elections are when communists have been drafted into the governing bodies of the various political parties and while the country is still occupied by the Red Army and there is no liberty of the Press. The pamphlet points out that a number of high offices in the State are being held by Soviet citizens and points out in particular that Mr. Bierut who is the Provisional President of Poland is a Soviet citizen and worked for a long time for the Commintern. The pamphlet ends up by stating that free elections cannot be held until certain conditions are fulfilled such as, the removal of the Red Army and Political Police, the return of deported Polish citizens, full freedom of speech and press etc. etc.

Para 3. R.A.P.W.I's:

F. .1505. Eric LEASK @ Eric Shaw CAMERON, subject of para 2 of this Survey No.4 dated 26.1.46, is still at large and enquiries made so far to apprehend him have produced no effective result. Reports received from the Commissioner of Police of the Metropolis, New Scotland Yard, London, and the Chief Constable, Dumbartonshire Constabulary, suggest that Eric Shaw CAMERON may

be identical with Yane FERGUSON alias Donald CAMERON alias Norman CAMPBELL alias James MILLER alias Alan STEWART alias J. STEWART who has a criminal record at New Scotland Yard of 9 convictions for larceny and fraud. It is possible that he may pass under any of the above aliases.

Para 4. FIRE-ARMS: ILLICIT (BLACK MARKET) SALE:

F.No. 883/45. Two Americans, J.O.POWEL, 2nd Gunner, US Navy, and MARTIN, Oiler, on the American vessel "Albert K. Smiley" were arrested just after leaving the Docks with a suitcase containing thirty-three .45 pistols and 319 rounds on 22.2.46. A third American who is suspected to be a merchant seaman, succeeded in escaping at the time of arrest. A source reports that the crew of the American vessel "Albert K. Smiley" have been selling small arms and ammunition intended for dumping in the sea, since last December. Members of the crew are said to be extremely wealthy as a result of this flourishing business and are quite prepared to sign off with their ill-gotten gains. On the morning of 23.2.46 the 3rd cook threw two pistols out on to the Dock after an argument with the 2nd cook over the question of disposal. The informant also reports that an offer of Rs.13,000/- had been made for the suitcase of pistols and ammunition seized on 22.2.46. Enquiries are proceeding.

Para 5. CHINESE AFFAIRS :

(A) Political .-

F.No.516/46. (i) The Chinese Consulate-General in Calcutta is in a state of considerable confusion, according to a very reliable source, over a parcel of diplomatic mail from Bangkok which should have been received by them a few days ago but which until yesterday was still missing. The parcel was despatched by the Chinese Goodwill Mission to Siam to the Consulate-General, through the U.S.Army authorities, and contains important documents relating to the Sino-Siamese Treaty for forwarding to the Chinese Government. According to the report, it was handed to the A.T.C. in Bangkok for transmission on 13 Feb.

F.No.1179/45. (ii) An editorial in the Chinese Journal of India of 14 Feb. comments on the disturbances early this month. The writer declares that neutral observers cannot but be in sympathy with Indian nationalist aspirations, but observes that the recent movement was a case of raking up some subject as an excuse for action. The subject, says the writer, was an undignified one; "If some subject must be found as an excuse for action, then a good one should be found" or international goodwill may be forfeited.

F.No.516/46. (iii) LI Neng-keng (6884/8184/5994), a former Consul in the Calcutta Consulate-General (who was relieved by T.T.SHEN), has again arrived in Calcutta from Chungking with his family. He has been appointed as Consul for Penang, and is awaiting onward passage.

.M.538/45. (iv) Further to para 2(A)(v) of last week's Survey, mail of a routine nature intercepted between The Kuomintang Headquarters in Calcutta and the Bombay Branch indicates that secretarial duties in Calcutta are being undertaken practically solely by KUANG I-ping (6397a/5342/9310). No announcement has been made that he has been appointed Secretary. His correspondent in general matters in the Bombay Branch is LI Tien (6884/11177), though, as previously reported, negotiations are under way for a new secretary to be sent to Bombay.

(B) Associations .-

F.M.1109/44. (i) In a press interview the Chief Secretary of the Burma-Chinese Association, TAN Tai-gwan, has placed the number of Chinese who evacuated Burma and came to India at 1000, those who went to China at 100,000, and the number of Indians in Burma who came to India as 500,000. He stated that the return of the Chinese to Burma was being taken up with Burma Government, but Overseas Chinese could not expect any special privileges excepting those individuals who can assist the Government in their rehabilitation plans.

F.M.1082/44. (ii) According to a news item in the Chinese Journal of India, the Chinese Marine Engineers' Association will close the Calcutta branch next month, due to the departure of the majority of members.

F.M. 510/45. (C) Labour.-

Chinese unemployed seamen appear to be shewing some impatience at what is considered by them to be the slow rate of negotiations regarding their repatriation. As far as reports received shew, there has fortunately been no disorderliness; the seamen, however, have not been inactive. At a meeting held on the evening of Feb.14th, dissatisfaction was expressed that nothing had been done by the shipping authorities or others whom reference had been made, even though a month had elapsed since the matter was officially raised. A further meeting, said to be attended by over 500, was held at the Chinese Seamen's Welfare Centre on Feb. 17th, when it was decided to put more "pep" into their representative committee. Three now members were elected to negotiate, and telegrams were despatched to the Generalissimo and to the Chinese Ambassador in London. A decision was taken to elect 100 from the 300 "elders" in the Association, to call on the Chinese Consul-General on Feb.20th.

(D) Crime .-

F. 1134/45. (i) Reference para 2 of Survey No.6 dated 9.2.46, an independent source states that U.S. coloured troops have been offering .45 calibre automatics for sale outside the Broadway Hotel, near Chinatown, for as little as Rs.60/-, buyers being mostly Chinese.

F.M.345/46.

(ii) CHEN Fu-chang (C58/3711/427) and LI Yung-chi (6884/13507/1005), arrested by British authorities in Burma and handed over to ECIC, have been found to be collaborators with the Japanese. They have been handed over to this office and are held in jail custody pending transmission to the Chinese authorities.

FM.1271/46. Another source reports that Indians are attempting to buy weapons from Chinese, who fear police traps in the matter. Purchase price of as much as Rs.2,500/- is mentioned. Preference is shown for .45 automatics.

F.I. 7/46-II. (ii) A Chinese, LEW Yim @ LIAO Yen (7064/13069) reported to local police that he had been shot at and slightly injured on 11.2.46 in Chinatown by three Chinese, two of them armed.

FM.1165/46-II. (iii) CHEE Chee-yong @ HSU Chih-hsiung (4748/1918/4699) @ Ai-tsu (Shorty) @ "King of Chinatown", an unregistered Chinese with no visible means of support, Secretary of the South-Sea Mechanics Association, a protection racketeer, who was one of the principals in the detention of CHANG Hsiung (reference this Survey No.4 dated 26.1.46, para 3(D)(ii)), and is reputed to be the leader of one of the chief gangs dealing in criminal activities in the city, was arrested on 14.2.46, and is under interrogation regarding complicity in the arson case at Dhappa (reference this Survey No.3 dated 19.1.46, para 4(D)(i)), other suspected criminal activities, and his breach of the Passport Act and the Registration of Foreigners Order.

(E) Deserters .-

FF. 1541. (i) WONG Lup @ HUANG Li (5124/6945), unregistered Chinese, was arrested on 29.1.46 on suspicion of being a deserter. The position is being clarified by the Chinese Consulate-General.

(F) Registration of Foreigners.-

A.R.O. (i) Up-to-date the total number of Chinese registrees checked is 6,362 and the total number of certificates re-issued is 6,121.

(ii) The following Chinese have been convicted for offences against the Indian Passport Act of 1920 and/or the Registration of Foreigners Act.

	Name	Offence	Penalty	Date.
A.R.O. 1)	CHI Fat-team @ CHU Fuar-theam @ HSU Fa-tien (4748/3376/11212)	Failure to register.	Fine of Rs.50/-	18.2.46.
F.F. 1547. 2)	HO Hung-mei (3941/5270/7705) @ HO A-mei (3941/1/7705)	Illegal entry and failure to register.	Fine of Rs.50/-	22.2.46.
	(Issue of deportation orders has been requested)			

A.R.O. (iii) The following Aliens Registration certificates have been reported during the past two weeks as having been lost:

1. LI Huai-tsung (6884/5032/11976), Chinese Registration Certificate, number and place of issue not known.
2. HUANG Sen-hua (5124/9616/5005) @ HUANG Ching-hua (5124/2188/5005), Chinese R.C.No.14276, place of issue not known.

(P-31)

3. HUANG Pen-jang (5124/8846/5575), Aliens R.C. and Chinese R.C., number and place of issue not known.

4. WANG Chun-sheng (12493/2854/9865), Chinese R.C.No.3571, place of issue not known.

5. CHIN Pao-ching (2032/8720/2211), Aliens Calcutta R.C.No.10978 and Chinese Regn. certificate No.12092.

(G) Passports.- Nothing to report.

(H) Newspapers.-

F.C.311/46-II. The CHINA PRESS, the daily newspaper owned and operated by S.F.CHE, temporarily ceased publication on 21 Feb. following an explosion in the printing office of the newspaper shortly before noon the previous day. Two Indian labourers were killed, and some of the presses were slightly damaged. Police enquiries are in progress.

(I) Miscellaneous .-

F.M.840/45. The CHINA PRESS of 7.2.46 quoted a Central News report to the effect that all U.S. troops in India and Burma, who are not about to be repatriated, will be removed to China by plane, via Manila and Bangkok.

This Survey has once again been delayed due to unavoidable circumstances connected with the strained situation in the city.

James Jamieson

Deputy Commissioner of Police,
Security Control, Calcutta.

SNC.

Copy forwarded to :-
(As per distribution list attached to W.S.No.1 dated 5.1.46).

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/45. (v) The Kuomintang-in-India have recently established a Staff Training Class Alumni Association. There are 49 graduates in the association, which is headed by KUANG I-ping (6397a/5342/9310), local Kuomintang bigwig. LIU I-ling (7270/5507/7728) has been elected Secretary of the association; it will be recalled that he is acting Secretary-General of the Kuomintang-in-India and until recently C.O. of the Chinese Women's Wartime Service Corps. It is known, however, that LIU proposes to return to China next month.

R-30

the villages in the Diamond Harbour neighbourhood.

F.N.1107/46. (ii) Chinese shopkeepers were amongst the many who suffered damage during the past week's disturbances. There is nothing to shew however, that they were particularly singled out for window-breaking. A source reports having observed a group of Chinese amongst the crowd of youths going down Mission Row to Dalhousie Square on Wednesday. It is possible that some of the lawless Chinese elements who are known to be in Calcutta would join the goondas for chances of loot, having had previous experience in these operations in Rangoon.

F.N. 516/46. (iii) Malayan Chinese in Calcutta take an interest in the arrival here of Dr. WU Pai-sheng, newly-appointed Chinese Consul-General in Singapore, who was feted by C.P.CHEN on 10.2.46. Dr. WU, it is understood, is unable to proceed to take up his post for the time being due to transport difficulties, but if precedent is anything to go by, he will have as busy a social round here as did his Rangoon colleague.

F. . 915. (iv) With reference to Weekly Survey No.34 of 25.8.45, Dr. Stephen Chao-yin PAN (8628/478/13308), Chief Secretary to Bishop Paul YU Pin, arrived in Calcutta by CNAC plane from Chungking on 5.2.46. He was accompanied by HSIEH Tsu-hung (4849/4826/3919), additional secretary to the Bishop. Stephen PAN is an American-educated journalist who was believed to assist the Bishop in checking up on the activities of Roman Catholic priests for the Chinese Government and TAI Li in particular. They were travelling on the same plane with FRANCIS CLOUGHERTY, American missionary in China proceeding to Italy on U.S. Passport.

(B) Associations .- Nothing to report.

(C) Labour .-

F. .533/45-II. The Calcutta base establishment of the CNAC will be closed by the end of this month, according to a well-informed source. This will have the effect of releasing about 200 temporarily employed mechanics on the already overburdened Chinese labour market in Calcutta. Many of these locally-employed are members of the recently-formed CNAC shop union.

(D) Crime .-

F.N.1107/46. (i) A development in the "pavement market" in U.S. military goods is reported by a source, according to which a group of Fukienese Chinese offer to escort U.S. coloured troops to pseudo-Chinese brothels in exchange for favoured black-market terms. In exchange for introductions to these houses, which are in fact Tibetan and Nepali, negro troops from Post-Exchange and Quartermaster units are said to be offering fountain pens, watches, blankets etc. Some of the Fukienese concerned have been recognized by the source to be former employees of the 28th Air Depot, U.S.Army.

.N.1100/46. (ii) Thirteen Chinese nationals were charged under the Gambling Act on 12.2.46. Six have been fined Rs.30/- each for gambling with an

additional fine of Rs.60/- each for keeping gaming establishments, and the other seven were fined Rs.50/- each for gambling.

(E) Deserters .-

46-V. CHANG Chi-shang (1208/1918/9738) [illegible] Shan, deserter from C.A.I., has been re-arrested on expiry of previous sentence served for attempting to escape, and is being held in jail custody pending deportation by the Chinese military authorities.

(F) Registration of Foreigners.-

(G) Passports .-

(H) Newspapers .-

(I) Miscellaneous .-

Nothing to report.

The delay in issuing this week's Survey is regretted. It was due to the disturbances during which the office could not function normally.

Deputy Commissioner of Police,
Security Control, Calcutta.

SNC.

Copy forwarded to :-
(As per distribution list attached to W.S.No.1 dated 5.1.45).

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I.B.

SECRET.

CALCUTTA POLICE SECURITY CONTROL
WEEKLY SURVEY.

No.6

C.P.C. Dly. No. 226/S, 18/2/46

12. FEB. 1946
C.I.D. BENGAL

357/42

9644 18/2/45

11. FEB. 1946.
S. C. I. B.

Para 1. SOVIET AFFAIRS :

An interesting letter from Pilee R. ALBLESS, Prem Court, Church Gate, Reclamation, Bombay, to A.N.Elshin, Trade Agent of the U.S.S.R. in India, was seen in interception.

Apparently the Soviet Society for Cultural Relations with Foreign Countries (abbreviation VOKS) has invited ALBLESS to visit the Soviet Union. In the letter ALBLESS explains that "my position as a friend and well wisher of the Soviet Union does not make it easy for me to leave the country". He suggests to comrade Elshin that he should be provided with one of three alternative 'covers' for the purpose of his journey (a) special correspondent of a newspaper, (b) student at first hand of child welfare and organising creches for children, and (c) business representative of people wishing to trade with the U.S.S.R.

Para 2. FIRE-ARMS: ILLICIT (BLACK MARKET) SALE :

Agents' reports show that American troops are attempting to sell revolvers in Calcutta, and that Chinese are coming forward as purchasers. Specific information has been received on the attempted sale of a revolver by American troops who visited one of the black-market exchange areas in a jeep whose number and other identification marks were taken. This information was passed on to the U.S.Army Provost Marshal and the U.S.,C.I.D. on 2.2.46, with the request that the result of their enquiries should be transmitted to this office. To date no result has been reported. The sale of arms appears to be a development of the black-market activities of American troops selling general supplies. A secondary racket is also reported to be developing out of the sale of general supplies, viz., the decoying of Chinese purchasers, by the offer of further sales, to places where they can be safely set on, beaten up, and robbed.

Para 3. CHINESE AFFAIRS :

(A) Political .-

(i) From a very reliable source it is learnt that C.P.CHEN, Chinese Consul-General, has expressed his personal gratitude to LIU Chieh, Chinese Vice-Minister of Foreign Affairs, for the keen interest LIU has taken in the Siamese question, and especially with regard to the part that C.P. CHEN himself may have to play in the newly-established Sino-Siamese relations.

(ii) Chinese in India and in their own country are not content with mere sympathy towards the Indian Nationalist cause, but are taking what action they can to counter British imperialistic propaganda on the Indian question, a source reports the Ta Kung Pao correspondent T.T.MA to have declared to the editor of a leading Nationalist daily in Calcutta. The Chinese correspondent is said to have urged that qualified Indian intellectuals and political leaders should

go at intervals to China to propagate the Nationalist cause.

.033/45. (iii) A letter written by KUANG I-ping (6397a/5342/9310), prominent member of the Kuomintang-in-India executive committee, to the Bombay Branch Kuomintang reveals that HSIEH Ying-jui (4432/13294/5726) has been appointed to be Secretary of the Bombay Branch and will soon be sent there to take up his duties. HSIEH is said to be a former school teacher in Bombay, and to be at present in Patna. KUANG added that on instructions from Chungking, new elections for the Kuomintang-in-India committees would be held in March.

F. 102/44. (iv) Criticism of the Indian authorities by Burma Chinese has been noticed during the course of secret interception. The writers allege discrimination against Chinese wishing to return to Burma. Indian repatriates, it is alleged, are given priority over Chinese even where the latter hold British passports.

F. 811/46. (v) The speech delivered in the House of Lords drawing attention to the Chinese factor in Malaya drew an editorial retort in the China Press of Feb. 1. The peer's speech is therein described as alarmist in the extreme, and an unfounded allegation.

F. 811/46. (vi) In a leading article protesting against "encroachment by the French and British on our sovereign rights", the official Chinese newspaper, the Chinese Journal of India, on Feb 1 declared Britain and France to have "broken to pieces international goodwill, infringed China's sovereign rights and seriously threatened world peace". The "unfortunate acts" which gave rise to this tirade are, in the case of Britain the Pingshan Airfield construction, and in the case of France the alleged kidnapping of a war criminal at Shanghai. Various demands are made in the article including the return to China of Hongkong and Kowloon. It is considered unlikely that the editor of this newspaper would go to such lengths without some direction from Chungking.

(B) Associations .-

F. 1054/45. (i) The Chinese Seamen's Wartime Service Corps, a group of unemployed seamen who have been maintained at Bankura at the expense of the Government of India for the past three years, was disbanded on Feb 1. Col. LIU I-ling, in charge of the group, is concurrently acting as Secretary-General of the Kuomintang-in-India headquarters. The 60-odd remaining members of the Corps have been transferred to Calcutta.

F. 1054/45. (ii) An India branch of the Chinese Association for the Promotion of Aviation is to be established in Calcutta, according to a news item in the official Chinese newspaper in Calcutta. The Generalissimo who, the paper states, is the president of the Association in Chungking, has appointed GEE Tsing-po @ YU Ching-po (13612/2188/9336) of the United Chinese Corporation to be president of the Calcutta

branch. LI Wei-pin, KUANG I-ping and other well known local "leaders" are also sponsoring the branch Association. The purpose of the new society is not known. The Chungking Government have long had organised associations for the promotion of various pursuits, the object of many being very vague. Whether this new activity is more than an embellishment of Mr. GEE's visiting card remains to be seen.

F.732/45. (iii) A "five-year plan for Sino-Indian cultural exchange" is the topic of an article contributed to the Chinese Journal of India by the Secretary of the Royal Asiatic Society of Bengal. The plan advocates the establishment of a Sino-Indian club and a library.

(C) Labour .-

FM.539/45. (i) The C.N.A.C. Mechanics Association, a newly created Labour Union within the C.N.A.C., referred to in para 3(c)(i) of last week's Survey, was formerly inaugurated at a meeting held on the afternoon of Feb.4 at the Kuomintang Headquarters. The Consul-General was represented by Mr. T.T.SHEN, and the ubiquitous Mr. LI Wei-pin was also present. Initial membership of the Union has been variously reported as "about 300" and "over 400".

F.540/45. (ii) LENG Tsun @ LENG Chien (6869/1648), Chinese delegate to the International Labour Conference, is descending on Calcutta on his way back to China. LENG is understood to have followed up his Paris Conference with another in Denmark on seamen's affairs after which he visited the U.K. He is now on his way to reorganize the Seamen's Union in Shanghai, his former headquarters. Chinese seamen in Calcutta met at the Kuomintang Headquarters on Feb.5 to welcome the visitor and a reception was also arranged by the Chinese Seamen's Union, Calcutta branch.

(D) Crime .-

...1107/45. (i) The opportunity afforded in cases of petty offences, of detecting unregistered Chinese who form the bulk of the Chinese casual criminal class, is emphasised by a recent case in which LEE She-pan, unregistered, said to be of 15/1, Chattawalla Lane and son of AH Pan of that address, was released after conviction for gambling, and promptly disappeared before Security Control could obtain him for interrogation regarding his lack of identity papers.

...107/46. (ii) LI Yung-leong @ LI Yun-lung (6884/13812/7479), R.C.No.2032 of 24-Parganas, schoolteacher in the Pei Mei School, Dhappa, Calcutta, was arrested by local police under suspicion of kidnapping a Chinese girl of about 15 years of age, on 31st January 1946. Investigation disclosed that this kidnapping plot had been initiated by Liang one of the men arrested under suspicion of arson and extortion at Dhappa earlier in January (ref. this Survey No. 4 dated 26.1.46, para 3(D)(ii)); and produced more names of suspect gangsters. LI Yung-leong had been sentenced and imprisoned in 1945 for

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entering India illegally.

[illegible]107/46. (iii) WU Ping-fu (12699/9299/3711), a proclaimed offender (ref. this Survey No.81 dated 13.11.43, para 6), was arrested on 22.1.46 (ref. this Survey No.4 dated 26.1.46, para 3(D)(i)) and fined Rs.100 in default two months' R.I., on 30.1;46. He is serving the prison sentence. Deportation orders will be requested.

(E) Deserters .-

I .796/45-VII. TAO Cheng-ree @ YAO Cheng-pai (12935/761/8806), CHANG Fan (416/3429) and CHIH Sheng-hsiang @ CHIU Cheng-hsiang (2313/9889/4271), deserters handed over to this office by the Dibrugarh Police, have been taken over by Chinese military escort and despatched to China by sea in s.s. "GROVE CITY" on 2.2.46.

(F) Registration of Foreigners .-

A.R.O. (i) Up-to-date the total number of Chinese registrees checked is 6,180 and the total number of certificates re-issued is 6,000. The work is definitely slowing down on account of the reluctance of Chinese to re-register, in spite of various notifications published both by this office and by Government, and also special patrols in Chinatown in connection with the check of registration certificates and re-registration.

A.R.O. (ii) The following Aliens Registration certificates have been reported during the past week as having been lost :

1) T'AN Ya-tung (10681/12807/12248), Chinese Passport, number and place of issue not known.
2) LI Yun-chen (6884/13812/599) Aliens R.C. and Chinese R.C., number and place of issue not known.
3) WANG Shao-chang (12493/9775/427) Aliens R.C. No.4576 and Chinese R.C.No.468, place of issue not known.
4) CHUNG Ai-wo (2891/15/12680), 24-Parganas Aliens R.C.No.426 and Chinese R.C., number and place of issue not known.
5) PAN Tso-sheng (8628/11754/9876), Aliens R.C. and Chinese R.C., number and place of issue not known.
6) KU Chin-kan (6188/2068/5851), Aliens R.C. and Chinese R.C., number and place of issue not known.
7) WANG Mei-ting (12493/7705/11274), Calcutta R.C.No.3765 and Chinese R.C., number and place of issue not known.
8) WANG Ching-yu (12493/2179/13671), Calcutta Aliens R.C.No.787 and Chinese R.C.No.5125 and Chinese Passport No.336462.
9) HOU Shun-hsui (4006/10149/4675), Aliens & Chinese R.C. number and place of issue not known.
10) CHANG Chung-yun (416/2877/13805), Chinese R.C.No.9848 and Chinese Passport, number and place of issue not known.
11) LIN Te-liang (7157/10845/7017), Passport, number and place of issue not known.
12) TENG Kuan-wang (10870/6341/12497), Aliens R.C. and Chinese R.C., number and place of issue not known.

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13) HU Hsiang (4930/4277), Aliens and Chinese R.C. number and place of issue not known.
14) MAI Pang (7602/8648), Aliens R.C.No.7602 and Chinese R.C. No.13149, place of issue not known.
15) SU Hsiao-hsiang (10320/4334/4277), Chinese Passport and Chinese R.C., number and place of issue not known.

(G) Passports .- | Nil.

(H) Newspapers.- |

(I) Miscellaneous .-

F.811/46. Further to para 4(I)(ii) of this Survey No.3 dated 19.1.46, a very reliable Chinese source reports that Chinese smugglers and black-market racketeers are left unscathed for the most part by the recent Government of India ordinance on the exchange of high denominational notes. The two Chinese banks, according to this source, would not dare to refuse those influential Chinese who are the biggest operators; from the lesser fry, the Chinese Bank of Communications in particular, has been making good money in the process of exchange. A public advertisement inserted in the local Chinese papers by a number of individuals thanks this bank for its assistance in arranging for the exchange of their notes and for remaining open the whole of Saturday afternoon (19th) for this purpose.

The exchange for

The same source reports, however, that many Chinese Government officials in China who have been holding high denominational rupee notes were badly caught by the ordinance.

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The undersigned will hand over charge of Security Control within the next three days and proceed on transfer. For the information of other branches corresponding with this office the following details may please be noted:-

Deputy Commissioner, Security Control ... Mr. W.J.Jameson, IP.,JP.

Addl. Dy. Commissioner (Chinese Affairs) .. Mr. W.A.B.Gardener

Chinese Intelligence Officer (I) .... Lt.Cdr.E.O.B.Cowen, RINVR.

Chinese Intelligence Officer (II) (Law & Order matters) ... ... At present vacant.

Senior Chinese Interpreter - Major R.F.Lankester.

Deputy Commissioner of Police,
Security Control, Calcutta.

SNC.

Copy forwarded to :-
(As per distribution list attached to W.S.No.1 dated 5.1.46)

SECRET

CALCUTTA POLICE SECURITY CONTROL
WEEKLY SURVEY.

No.5

Dated 2..

P.S.O. Dy. No. 208-Sg 11/2/46

Para 1. MISCELLANEOUS FOREIGNERS :

Complications have again arisen in connection with the transit through India of Dutch and French nationals from Dutch and French territories in the Far East, until recently under Japanese occupation. With the consent of Government and the military authorities an arrangement had been reached with the French Military Mission whereby French nationals who were unable to obtain transit visas before leaving Saigon or other places east of this frontier would have their papers put in order after arrival in India. This agreement is frequently being transgressed by the French authorities in Saigon, one of the worst breaches being the recent despatch to India by air of an Italian national. The matter has been taken up with Government and with Eastern Command.

Dutch nationals from Dutch colonial territories have also been entering India under similar arrangement and the Dutch Consulate in Calcutta has been readily co-operative in getting their papers put in order. This arrangement is now threatened with dislocation since, as the Dutch Consul verbally informs us, henceforth no Dutch passports may be issued by the Consulate in Calcutta, but only by the Dutch Consulate-General in Delhi. This matter is also being urgently referred to Government.

4. FEB. 1946. C.I.D. BENGAL.

4. FEB. 1946. S. S. I. B.

Para 2. JEWISH AFFAIRS (in continuation of para 5 of this Survey No.48 dated 8.12.45) :

After nearly two months' silence "The Voice" has now re-appeared with Bulletin No.4 and with a distribution list of 285. The text of this bulletin concerns itself with a "Home for the Aged" and the welfare of Jewish children. There is nothing objectionable in the subject-matter.

A protracted secret investigation has now established beyond any reasonable doubt the identity of the author - or rather authoress - of this bulletin. She is a Jewish office employee of a commercial organization in Clive Street, and it is interesting to note that in this work she appears to be associated with a senior office assistant in the same organization who, although employed for many years in that office, is believed by his employers to be non-Jewish and has himself always maintained this fiction, while our investigation shows him to be a Jew. As our enquiries were concerned primarily with establishing the identity of the person or persons concerned, no further report will be made on this subject unless the bulletin tends to become politically objectionable.

Para 3. CHINESE AFFAIRS :

(a) Political .-

(i) Mr. T.S.Shen @ SHEN Tsung-lien (9849/11976/7128), Chinese Commissioner in Lhasa under the Mongolian and Tibetan Affairs Commission of the Chinese Government, arrived in Calcutta on the 30th January. He was accompanied by WU Kuei-nan and staff of 4 others.

..016/45. (ii) Mr. William Kwong of the Chinese Consulate will return to China this month, and is temporarily leaving the Chinese Foreign Service to become the Private Secretary of Dr. CHU Chia-hua, Minister of Education in Nanking.

F.. 1429. (iii) HSIEH Hsi (4432/4115), until recently Head master of the Mei Kuang School, has been replaced by MEH Kan-chung (12997/5810/2875). HSIEH, a graduate of Santiniketan, expects to leave India soon for the United States.

F'.782/45. (iv) In a letter written by Prof. TAN Yun-shan (10681/13812/9663) of Santiniketan, to WANG Fu-shih (12493/3707/9921), former Manager of the Sino-Foreign Cultural Exchange Service, Calcutta Branch, Dr. TAN refers to a newspaper article WANG contributed to the Chinese Journal of India recently, and reveals in his letter that most of what WANG had written was considered by the Editor CHAO Ping-lang to be too "hot" for publication. The professor regretted that only a small portion of WANG's article was published, and he cautioned "recently ..... the papers have been greatly concerned as regards a certain movement in India, i.e., I.N.A. trials, rule by a foreign power, etc. These articles are not safe these days; so please do not misunderstand me, I am only giving you a friendly warning and advice". A reproof thus administered lends weight to the suggestion that Dr. TAN returned from Chungking with some sort of a new directive from the Chinese Government.

(B) Associations .-

..32/44. (i) The South Seas Mechanics Association, to which reference was made in last week's Survey, is identical with the group of drivers of the same name mentioned in paragraph 5(b)(i) of this Office Survey No.41 dated 20.10.45. This club was dissolved when the U.S.Navy recruited most of its members in their final big convoy to China last autumn, but with the return to Calcutta of a number of these individuals (reference para 3(g)(i) of last week's Survey), new club premises were taken near Chinatown and this unsavoury Association again brought into being.

" (ii) With reference to para 3(B)(iii) of last week's Survey a member of the committee of the Sze Yap Association has admitted to the police that a committee meeting of the Association on 15.1.46 declared that a reward of Rs.500/- would be given to any man arresting PO Chai (8711/11493). whom the Association blamed for creating a disturbance at their premises three days before (reference last week's Survey para 3(D)(iii). It is reported that contributions have been collected from members towards a fund for punishment of this individual (presumably including paying the reward above-mentioned). Some of the more indignant members are said to have contributed sums of Rs.100/-.

" (iii) Chia Ying Association, a guild which controls the Mei Kuang Primary School, held a Joint-Board meeting on 10.1.46 under the Chairmanship of LI Wei-pin (6884/13577/9238). A decision was taken to enlarge the School premises due to the increased number of students now enrolled, the cost of which is to come partly from the Association-fund and partly from private subscriptions. Reliable sources have reported that this

Association obtains considerable revenue from the proceeds of gambling within the premises, and it is believed to be one of the richer guilds.

(C) Labour .-

I.O.O/45-II. (i) Dissatisfaction is reported amongst the mechanics of the C.N.A.C. on account of the new personnel regulations which have recently been promulgated. Information received indicates the crux of the trouble to be the difference in pay between employees on the Chungking pay-roll and those locally recruited. Allowances paid to the home-staff are reported by a source to bring the consolidated pay to nearly double that of the men employed on a local basis. Arising from this trouble, a section of the mechanics, believed to be mostly locally recruited, are organising a labour-union with the C.N.A.C. Meetings have been held at the Kuomintang Headquarters by a nucleus of about 50 of the 200 disaffected mechanics with a view to getting the labour union under way.

A source believed to be reliable also reports that members of top-ranking Chinese pilots in the C.N.A.C. have resigned to join the newly organised Central Air Transport Service, an organisation financed jointly by the Chinese Government and a private group of Chinese bankers. The only foreign element in the service, it is reported, is the rate of pay, which is said to be of generous proportions and in U.S. currency. An important reason contributing to the resignation from the C.N.A.C. of these Chinese pilots, source reports, is a belief by them that American pilots in the Corporation secured preference in the matter of over-time flight schedules, and thus better chances of earning extra pay.

(D) Crime .-

[illegible].1[illegible]7/46. (i) A Chinese photographer at 278 Bowbazar Str., reports that three unknown Chinese each armed with a revolver entered his studio on the first floor about 20.00 hours on 31.1.46, demanded a loan of Rs.1,000/- and under threat of shooting collected Rs.300/- and a gold ring from himself and his wife, and left.

[illegible]/46. (ii) An intercept shows that a Chinese shop in Bentinck Street received a letter demanding a loan of Rs.500/-, under threat, to be paid on 31st January. The shop did not communicate with the Police. Watch at the appropriate time did not reveal anything suspicious, or any inclination to pay.

(iii) A Chinese family living in Sun Yat-sen Street, Chinatown, was visited by two Chinese in the forenoon of the 31st January when the head of the family was out at his work, demanding money under menaces. They left when the women of the family promised to arrange to collect the sum agreed on.

(iv) CHANG Chiu (416/2263) @ CHIU Hai (2263/3759) @ CHOW CHoi was arrested by local police on 24.1.46 on suspicion of complicity in the murder of F/O Mooney (Ref. para 5(d)(i) of W.S. No.49 dated 15.12.45).

(E) Deserters .-

(i) TSANG Pin-wan @ CHANG Pang-wun (11601/9299/12633) was arrested as a deserter on expiry of sentence under the Opium Act.

(ii) Two deserters, HSIEH Shui-jun (4432/10128/5732) and LIN Yu-hua (7157/13630/5005), and two escaped prisoners of war, HUANG Shao-wu (5124/9746/12698) and LI Lung-feng (6884/7479/3560), have been brought here from Chittagong by ECIC, and handed over to this office for transmission to the Chinese authorities.

(F) Registration of Foreigners .-

(i) HUANG Tao-yun (5140/10780/13812), an unregistered Chinese found to be living in Calcutta after entering India illegally, was fined Rs.100/- by the Chief Presidency Magistrate, Calcutta, on 25.1.46, and has been ordered to leave India as soon as possible.

(ii) The Following Aliens Registration certificates have been reported during the past week as having been lost.

1. HSU Li-shen (4748/6954/9816), Chinese Registration Certificate No.13813, place of issue not known.
2. CH'EN Wei-chiao (658/12528/1392), 24-Parganas Aliens R.C.No.677 and Chinese R.C., number and place of issue not known.
3. CHEN Lan-chin (658/6721/2114), Aliens R.C. and Chinese R.C., number and place of issue not known.
4. LI Yun-chen (6884/13812/599), Calcutta Aliens R.C.No.7389 and Chinese R.C.-number and place of issue not known.
5. TAN Ya-tung (10681/12807/12248), Chinese Passport, number and place of issue not known.
6. WANG Mei-ting (12493/7705/11274), Calcutta Aliens R.C.No.3765 and Chinese R.C., number and place of issue not known.
7. LIANG Yung-huo (7021/13462/5324), Aliens R.C. and Chinese R.C., number and place of issue not known.
8. LIU Chin-hua (7270/2053/5005), Aliens R.C. No. 2570 and Chinese R.C. No.3844, place of issue not known.
9. LIU Feng-lan (7270/3560/6721), Aliens R.C. No. 1587, place of issue not known.
10. FAN Yu-hsieh (3426/13630/4513), Chinese R.C. No.2963, place of issue not known.
11. HSIEH Chieh-wei (4432/1518/12598), Calcutta Aliens R.C.No.1417, Chinese R.C. and Consular Passport, number and place of issue not known.

(G) Passports .-

(i) CHU Chao-tso (5044/478/1175) was prosecuted under the Indian Passport Rules, 1921, and sentenced to one month's S.I. on 31.1.46 for entering India illegally a year ago and remaining in Calcutta since that time without passport and registration papers. Deportation orders are being solicited.

(ii) MA Han-ching (7576/3828/2193), a Chinese from Chinghai, arrested on 22.1.46 when found without passport or registration certificate, stated during interrogation that he and three others, JEN Ching (5627/2211), TO I-chih (11302/3345/1499) and TSUN Te-hsun (11972/10845/4855), had entered India via Tibet and Kalimpong late

P-19 6/4

in 1945, for purposes of trade. He stated this party were Tibetan dress, calling themselves MA Amdo etc. No doubt for this reason they passed as Tibetans, and so were not subject to passport control at Kalimpong. He stated that it was his intention to return to Chinghai in the same guise, with the merchandise he intended to purchase in Calcutta. From his statement that TSUN Te-hsun... has used the same methods before, it appears that this may be a customary method of bring into India Chinese who desi... to evade passport control and registration.

(H) Newspapers .-

(i) Reference paragraph 4(h)(i) of this office Survey No.3 dated 19.1.46. Mr. C.H.Lowe and family left Calcutta on 29.1.46 by an Americ... vessel for the United States. For the past 4 years he has been India representative of the Chinese Ministry of Information.

(I) Miscellaneous .-

Indian Customs authorities effected seizure of undeclared goods from 3 C.N.A.C. planes during the past week. The articles, concealed in various parts of the fuselage, covered a wide range from blankets to Tangee lipsticks, some of them in 'wholesale' quantities.

Tailpiece.

A.W.Jones of "U.S.A. Army Centre, Marcus Square", Calcutta, addresses the Editor of the "Statesman" in a letter entitled "A Warning to the British". The letter contains a number of somewhat naif suggestions regarding Indian Independence, and concludes with nine suggested ethical principles for approaching this problem. These are also somewhat ingenuous, in that while the first one is "Don't be one-sided, imperialistic" the fourth, fifth and sixth are respectively "Don't Support Moslem League", "Support Congress alone", and "Support Hindu Sabha, Nationalist Moslems siding with Congress".

The phraseology of the letter is so noticeably akin to that of the average Calcutta University undergraduate, that perhaps even the Editor of the "Statesman" will not be deceived !"

SNC.

Deputy Commissioner of Police,
Security Control, Calcutta.

Copy forwarded to :-
(As per distribution list attached to W.S.No.1 dated 5.1.46)

SECRET. CALCUTTA POLICE SECURITY CONTROL WEEKLY SURVEY.

No.4. Dated 26.1.46.

Para 1. P. O. Ws :

John COLETTI, who claims to be an American citizen of Italian descent, was handed over to this office by the American Consulate-General, to whom he had reported in Calcutta. Apparently COLETTI escaped from Bairagarh P.O.W. Camp on the 16th of this month and proceeded to Bombay. In Bombay he made contact with U.S. military elements and was given American uniform, without insignia of rank, to wear. From Bombay he travelled to Calcutta and made a statement at the American Consulate-General to the effect that he is an American citizen, born in West Virginia. In 1939 he proceeded from the United States to Italy for the purpose of disposing of property inherited by his father. He claims that at the outbreak of war he was required to join the Italian Military Forces on the argument that he was born of Italian parents, and on refusing to comply with this order was arrested and ultimately sent to a camp in Libya. Early in 1941 this particular area was overrun by Australian troops and he was sent to India as a P.O.W., which status he has retained ever since, in spite of allegedly frequent attempts to explain to the camp authorities that he is, in fact, a U.S. citizen. When questioned on matters of detail COLETTI's answers were unsatisfactory and it is suspected that he did, in fact, join the Italian forces but now wishes to gloss over this circumstance. He has been handed over to an escort from Bairagarh Camp which arrived yesterday and in the meantime the American Consulate-General are referring to Washington to verify his claim to American citizenship by birth.

Para 2. R.A.P.W.Is. :

Eric LEASK @ Eric Shaw CAMERON, subject of para 1 of this Survey No.45 dated 17.11.45, is reported to have absconded without paying the fines imposed upon him or answering certain charges which are still pending. This conduct tends to confirm the suspicion that he is guilty of offences more serious than those which have so far come to light. A copy of his photograph is attached hereto and if he is traced, this office should please be informed by telegram.

Para 3. CHINESE AFFAIRS :

(A) Political .-

(i) Panda RAPGA, an exiled Tibetan resident in Kalimpong, was reported last month to have come to Calcutta. On local enquiries being made from his usual Calcutta contact, this office was informed that RAPGA is still in Kalimpong, but is expected to visit Calcutta on 26.1.46. RAPGA, an individual of considerable political interest, last year declared himself in an interview with the undersigned as being an official of the Chinese Commission on Tibetan and Mongolian Affairs.

F.P.1508. (ii) Ordhendu GANGULY, whose return from a lecture tour in China was referred to in para 5(A)(ii) of this office Survey No.2 of 12.1.46, has delivered to the Vice-Chairman of the Calcutta University a message of greetings from university professors in China addressed to the Universities of India. The message is in the nature of a testimonial to Mr. GANGULY, and is signed by half a dozen or so Chinese academic individuals, none, however, of any great consequence.

F.I.736/46. (iii) A Chinese Military Mission of ten persons, headed by General SHANG Chen, arrived in Calcutta from Chungking on 23.1.46 en route to U.K. to attend the United Nations Chiefs of Staff Conference in London. As originally planned, it is reliably reported, General HO Ying-chin was to have headed this party, and was expected in Calcutta last week. Arrangements are understood to have been changed at the last minute. General SHANG's arrival on Wednesday, coincided with an Area Command restriction on the movement of military vehicles and personnel, due to the Nationalist demonstrations.

(B) Associations .-

F.P. 1502. (i) LAI Ning (6696/8339), last referred to in para 5(B)(ii) of Survey No.2 dated 12/1/46, has signed on S.S. LOVSTAD (Norwegian) as Third Officer. He appears to have lately been undecided as to what to do, as his correspondence, and statements attributed to him, have variously referred to him as assuming charge of the Chinese School at Kalimpong and of entering Santiniketan for study. LAI Ning appears to have held a Master's Ticket up his sleeve. The vessel on which he has now signed is due to sail shortly for Shanghai. Permission has been given for him to sign on, with a proviso that he is not to be signed off in any British Indian port, and the Norwegian Shipping and Trade Mission representative has been informed accordingly.

F.M.1082/44. (ii) Few Chinese associations are set in motion without much fanfare, discussion, and the mustering of a profusion of office-holders. The nascent Chinese Chamber of Commerce is no exception. The appointment of officers, reported in para 6(B)(ii) of Survey No.1 of this year, was confirmed at a ceremony on 26.1.46, at which the Consul-General presided. The Chamber was officially opened for business when the Committee received a donation, towards initial expenses, of Rs.1,000/- from YU Chia-pei (13612/1139/8806), a local Cantonese merchant, a member of the Szeyap Association, and treasurer of the Chien Kuo School. The temporary office of the Chinese Chamber of Commerce is to be situated in the Kuomintang-in-India Headquarters, which also houses the New Life Movement.

FM.1082/44. (iii) Information has been received and interrogations of suspects have confirmed (F.P.1527) that the Sze Yap Association (10291/5481) at a meeting in mid-January to decide to offer a reward for the apprehension dead or alive of a man they stated had created a disturbance inside

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their premises, and whom they had hitherto declined to prosecute in the Magistrate's court. As the reward offered was higher for his death than arrest alive, investigations are proceeding in an endeavour to establish irrefutable proof of this apparent incitement to murder.

[illegible]/44. (iv) The Nan Ch'iao Chi Kung Hui (South-Seas Mechanics' Association) is reliably reported to have detained on the 17th January in Chinatown one or more persons suspected by Chinese tannery owners of complicity in intimidation and arson, and to have arranged for their transportation to Dhapa where they were handed over to the Police.

(C) Labour .- Nil.

(D) Crime .-

[illegible]/46. (i) As a result of information obtained during interrogations of suspects in the intimidation and arson case at Dhapa tanneries (q.v.), of information supplied by CIW, and of information obtained from various sources by this office, 10 places in Chinatown were raided during the night of the 21st/22nd January. 25 aliens were detained and interrogated at this office during the 22nd/23rd January, on account of their documents not being in order and there being suspicion that many of them were concerned in criminal activities. The following list shows the categories under which these persons fall :-

1. A Tibetan, Tangen Takoa by name, and released accordingly. As this man is apparently a brothel-keeper and as his brothel, No.31 Debendra Mullick Street, is a noted haunt of bad characters, the papers in his case are being sent to D.C.D.D., Calcutta.
2. 4 Chinese deserters, one of whom, LIANG I-lin (7021/5323/7157), is suspected of complicity in local crimes, and is being further interrogated, and another CHENG Chi-lu (757/1070/7379), is further dealt with under para (ii) below.
3. WU Ping-fu (12699/9299/3711), a proclaimed offender.
4. 2 Chinese taken into custody for illegal entry into India.
5. HSU Lien-tseng (4761/7109/11718) wanted in the case opened at Bowbazar Police Station and arrested accordingly. See paragraph (iii) below.
6. One Chinese, CHU Chow-ta (2544/478/11754), without papers, remanded to jail custody for further interrogation.
7. 4 discharged after investigation, but some of these will be proceeded against for late registration and will have to be interrogated further in respect of current lawlessness.
8. 11 Indonesian seamen, released after consultation with the Dutch Consulate.

(ii) A further raid at 06.00 hrs. on 25th January resulted in detention of two unregistered Chinese who are also suspected of complicity in criminal activities.

P. [illegible]/46.

(ii) There have been further developments over the fire at Dhapa tanneries referred to in last week's Survey, para D(i). Three men HENG Hsiang (416/4277), SHEN Chiu-ming (9849/2273/7945), and LI Liang (6884/7017), were detained by a party of Chinese on the 17th January. One or more of these men were detained by the South-Seas Mechanics' Association (Nan Ch'iao Chi Kung Hui) in Phears Lane. Further enquiries are proceeding to establish date and place of detention up to the time they were handed over to the 24-Parganas Police at the Pei Mei School in Dhapa. This office was informed by the Chinese Consulate-General by telephone at about 2 p.m. on the 17th January that these three men were being held at the Pei Mei School in Dhapa in the presence of Mr. S.S.LIU of the Consulate, for transmission to the police under suspicion of intimidation and arson. On the 18th January they were sent to this office by the 24-Parganas Police for interrogation. As a result of the interrogation, this office interrogated one TAN Fu-cheng (10681/3707/762) @ TAN Hsien-chio (10681/4440/2216) @ TAN Hsing-chio (10681/4602/2216) @ THAN Yu-seng and on the 21st January arrested and handed him over to the 24-Parganas Police under suspicion of complicity in the case of arson already opened there. Arising out of these interrogations and out of other information available, this office in co-operation with strong parties from Lallbazar Headquarters had 10 places in Chinatown raided between 19.00 hrs. on the 21st January and 08.00 hrs. on the 22nd. Various suspects were detained of whom one CHENG Chi-lu (757/1070/7379) appears from his interrogation to be clearly implicated in the case. On the 23rd January a woman, WANG Chung-kok ( ) was brought to this office for interrogation and was detained by this office from the place where she had been living in Chinatown with two of the men previously arrested. She also is apparently implicated in the case. Copies of interrogation reports of these two have been forwarded to the 24-Parganas Police to enquire whether they should be taken over as suspects in the case. Two more men were apprehended in raids carried out by this office on the 25th January and further enquiries are proceeding.

persons by whom they were detained and movements after detention

F.P.1527.

(iii) HSU Lien-tseng (4761/7109/11718) @ SHEU Len-chen @ HUI Len-wan @ MEH Pao (12997/8720) @ HSU Pao (4761/8711) @ PAO Tsai (8711/11493) @ PO Chai (8711/11493) was arrested in a brothel at 33/1, Debendra Mullick Street (a notorious haunt for men of criminal tendencies) at about 06.00 hrs. on 22.1.46 during the course of a series of raids by Security Control and Lallbazar Headquarters Police on the night of 21/22.1.46 in Chinatown. He appeared to be an unregistered alien. The Sze Yap Association had accused this man before the local police of assaulting the caretaker of their premises and creating a disturbance inside the premises on the 12th January, 1946. Subsequently the Chinese Consul-General had written to Security Control requesting his arrest and declaring him to be a gangster and extortioner. Interrogation of this man disclosed the following particulars :

He is believed to have been arrested by

this office and subsequently made over to the Chinese military authorities as a deserter in June 1945 under the name SU J'ui-chang (13020/5726/400) @ LU Jung-fong. He left Calcutta for Kunming with a US naval convoy in September 1945 and was discharged on arrival at Kunming. He was granted an emergency certificate by the British Consulate-General, Kunming, to enable him to return to India, on the strength of a letter from the US naval authorities certifying his discharge. He entered India by air on 15.12.45 under the emergency certificate issued by the Consulate-General. He was unemployed after arrival. He was hiding in this brothel because the Sze Yap Association had offered a reward of Rs.500/- for his arrest and of Rs.3,000/- (so he claimed - another source states Rs.1,000/-) for his head.

Thirty-six hours after his arrest by Security Control a letter was received from the Chinese Consul-General forwarding his photograph and a house address which does not exist. The Consul-General has also reported that this man is implicated in the robbery of Kow Kee in Chinatown on 30.12.45 (reference this Survey No.1 dated 5.1.46, para 6(d)), and has been asked to forward any evidence

(E) Deserters .- Nil.

(F) Registration of Foreigners .-

.0. The following Aliens Registration Certificates have been reported during the past week as having been lost :-

1. LIANG Li-an (7228/6949/44), Aliens R.C. number and place of issue not known.
2. FAN Yu-Hsieh (3426/13630/4513), Chinese Reg. Certificate No.2963, place of issue not known.
3. LI Hao-hsien (6884/3891/4513), Aliens R.C. and Chinese R.C. number and place of issue not known.
4. LI Wan-yao (6884/12486/12956), Aliens R.C. and Chinese R.C. and number and place of issue not known.
5. LI Shih-ying (6884/9969/13308), Aliens R/C. and Chinese R.C. number and place of issue not known.
6. LI Yun-erh (6884/13812/3363), Aliens R.C. and Chinese R.C. number and place of issue not known.

It is understood that a good many R.Cs. were lost in the fire at Dhapa on 13.1.46; the increase in the number of certificates declared lost is probably due to this cause.

(G) Passports .-

.45. A number of cases have been observed recently showing that Chinese nationals, registered in India as Chinese and holding Aliens Registration Certificates as such, had proceeded to China in Allied military convoys, and after arrival in Kunming obtained emergency certificateas as British subjects from the Consulate-General in Kunming, returning to India on the strength of these documents to remain in India as British-protected persons. Each case coming to India is forming

forming the subject of correspondence with the Consulate-General, Kunming. In addition, the Public Prosecutor has been approached to ascertain whether such persons may be proceeded against for obtaining documents under false pretences, and in respect of false statements made by them not in India but in China.

The undermentioned case was disclosed during this week:

HO Ch'ao-ch'un (3941/506/3304), Calcutta Registration Certificate No.13001 cancelled in 1945 as leaving India, returned to India in December 1945 under Kunming Consulate-General Emergency Certificate, and employed in CNAC, Calcutta.

(H) Newspapers .-

.M.811/46. (i) Both local Chinese newspapers carried editorials on 22.1.46 on the subject of the Political Consultative Conference in Chungking. The two editorials were couched in terms sufficiently similar to suspect a common direction. In effect, both newspapers declared that nothing had been achieved, and no fruitful result could be expected. The Chinese Journal of India featured the Communist leader's report at the conference, and stressed the alleged duplicity by that group "who professed to do one thing, but when it comes to action do the reverse".

" (ii) Daniel LEE, @ LI Hsiu-shih (6884/4675/9964), Ta Kung Pao war correspondent accredited to S.E.A.C., proposes to leave Calcutta in the near future and proceed to England, according to a very reliable source. In London he proposes to cover the U.N.O. Conference for his newspaper. That a Chinese newspaper, even one so influential as the Ta Kung Pao, is sending a special correspondent abroad, seems to be a fairly new departure in Chinese journalism. Hitherto foreign news coverage has been exclusively done by the Chinese official news agency, Central News.

This individual is not to be confused with the other journalist LEE at present in Calcutta, subject of para 4(H)(i) of last Week's Survey, who is LI Chien-san (6884/1612/9552) of the Central News Agency.

(I) Miscellaneous .-

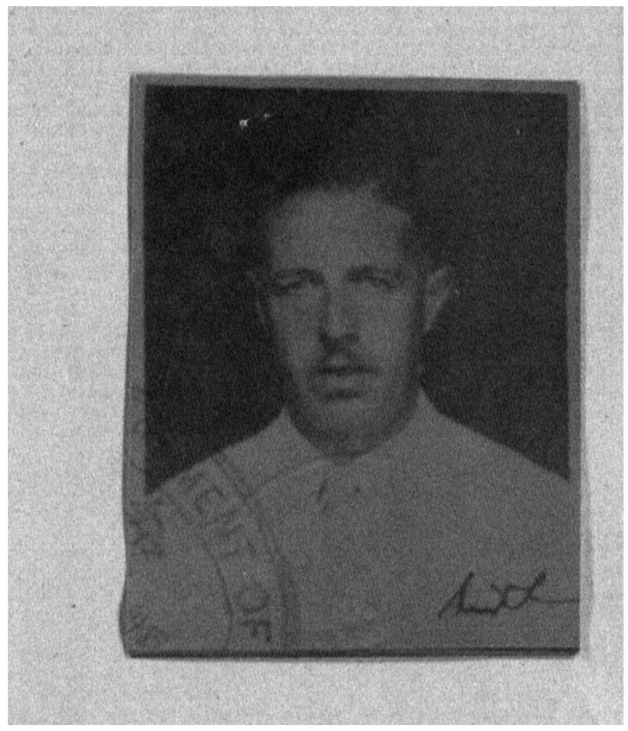
.610/46. (i) An American vessel is expected to leave shortly for Shanghai, and will carry about 200 passengers. Repatriate Chinese are now registering at the Chinese Consulate for sea passages.

A report has also been received that the British naval authorities are endeavouring to recruit Chinese crews for one way passage to ports in the Far East.

Deputy Commissioner of Police,
Security Control, Calcutta.

SNC.

Copy forwarded to :-
(As per distribution list attached to W.S.No.1 dated 5.1.46).



Bengal Form No. 59.—ACGP—A 1062—1944-45—22,25,000

ON HIS MAJESTY'S SERVICE ONLY.

No.

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R-12

1 copy of the photo of Eric Leask @ Eric Shaw Cameron. (Ref. para 2 of p. 613).

I.B. W/S 3

SECRET.

CALCUTTA POLICE SECURITY CONTROL WEEKLY SURVEY.

No: 3.

Dated 19.1.46.

357/42-(For)
F.N.1227/45.

21 JAN. 1946
S. S. I. B.

P.P.O. Dy. No. 200/S.
9 11/2/46

Para 1. INDONESIAN AFFAIRS :

A printed propaganda leaflet entitled "Freedom in Danger", published by "The Freedom Press" and issued by the Indonesian Association for Independence, Cairo, has been seen in interception. On the first page the pamphlet lists five points under the heading "Dutch Propaganda" to the effect that the Dutch claim :

(a) Not having known any racial discrimination in Indonesia,
(b) Having introduced in Indonesia an excellent educational system,
(c) Having brought prosperity to the Indonesians,
(d) Having maintained a neutral attitude towards religion, and
(e) Having accorded freedom of speech, expression, and assembly

Against each of these points the pamphlet seeks, by what appear to be rather tendentious propagand statements, to refute the arguments attributed t the Dutch.

Up-to-date only one specimen of this pamphlet has been noticed in Calcutta and no information has been received as to whether it has been seen elsewhere in India.

Para 2. INDIAN REPATRIATES FROM BURMA :

F.N. 763/46.

On 16.1.46 the s.s. "NEVASA" arrived from Rangoon in the Port of Calcutta with approximately 1,500/- Indian repatriates on board. It is hardly necessary to stress the obvious difficulties of making an adequate check of such a large group of repatriates arriving by one ship, but every effort has been made to complete nominal rolls and forward advance information to the districts concerned. It is learnt unofficially that approximately 5,000 more Indians are awaiting repatriation from Burma by similar arrangeme

F.N. 840/45.

Para 3. U.S.ARMY AFFAIRS :

The recent agitation amongst American G.I.s for a speed-up in their repatriation arrangements has aroused a certain amount of interest. The G.I.s have elected a committee to press their demands. One of the first steps t by this committee was to approach the India h of a very well-known American advertising agenc with a request to "handle their publicity" for them. What is more, they brought with them bundles of crisp dollar bills to pay for their requirements in spot cash ! The local manager of the agency in question begged to be excused, but as the committee includes newspapermen, who presumably have the necessary contacts in the States, it seems probable that they will achieve their object in spite of this initial failure.

4980
21 JAN 1946
C. I. D. BK

Para 4. CHINESE AFFAIRS :

(A) Political .-

(i) TAN Hsi-chang (10681/4157/427), former Secretary-General of the Kuomintang-in-India Headquarters, is now installed in Chicago, it is reliably learned. It may be recalled that at the time of his departure from Calcutta, newspaper announcements said he was proceeding to the United States to fill an appointment for the Ministry of Economic Affairs of the Chinese Government, (ref. para 6(a)(i) of Survey No.48 dated 8.12.45). Whether that is so or not, TAN is now connected with SAN MIN DAILY NEWS, an organ of the Kuomintang, thus providing another illustration of the use made of Chinese schools as a cover for active political whips.

(ii) A message to the Chinese community in the Andamans has been despatched by Mr. C.P.CHEN on behalf of the Chinese Central Government, it is learned from a very reliable source. The communication includes a message of sympathy, and, telling them how the Generalissimo "led his armies and people who defied the Japanese and so finally won our victory", calls on Malayan Chinese in the Andamans to register their names, place of residence in Malaya, etc. and render a complete report on their own activities and those of war criminals and collaborators. The purpose of the registration, the Consul-General says, is so that the Chinese authorities can arrange repatriation (to Malaya).

(B) Associations .-

(i) A secretly intercepted letter from the Foochow Association, Bombay, to the Foochow Association in this city informs them that at a conference held on 6.1.46, it was decided to close the Bombay association on "the 30th of the 2nd month", presumably lunar (approx. end of April). The Bombay Branch of the Chinese Seamen's Welfare Association, it said, has undertaken to forward all members' mails to the Foochow Association at Singapore for safe keeping.

(ii) The registration of unemployed Chinese seamen which was begun at the Chinese Seamen's Welfare Association on 10.1.46 is reported to have drawn more than 1,100 in the first three days. A report in the Chinese press states that a staff member of the Seamen's Union announced that 50% of the Chinese Seamen's Pool in Liverpool, numbering in all 10,000 seamen, were soon to be returned to China. With the closing down of the Chinese Seamen's Wartime Service Corps at Bankura, Calcutta is likely to see an even greater increase in the number of unemployed seamen.

The presence in Calcutta of this large number of discontented Chinese seamen, at a time when they are finding it difficult to secure employment, must, in the opinion of the undersigned, add to the number of criminals at large among the Chinese community. Remembering the ugly mood of numbers of the Chinese seafaring community when they demonstrated at the Chinese Consulate three years ago, and the police were called in at the Consul's request to quell the disturbance, a very serious view is taken of the present situation. It may be remembered, however, that the present Consul-General himself comes

from a seafaring community, and may therefore have more influence over these men.

(C) Labour .- Nil.

(D) Crime .-

(i) There have been developments in the attempt at extortion reported in paragraph 5(d)(i) of last week's survey. About ten intercepts showed that tanners at Dhappa were being requested to pay loans of amounts varying from several hundred to a few thousand rupees under veiled threats. The District Police concerned were notified. On the night of 13th/14th January fires destroyed 8 large tanneries and a number of small workshops. Chinese sources reported that the fire was the result of arson by a Chinese gang in revenge for refusal to meet their full demands for "loans". On the 17th January Mr. T.T.SHEN, Consul for China, reported to this office the names of 3 Chinese believed to be implicated. These men were taken into custody by the 24-Parganas Police on the same date and are now being interrogated. Mr. SHEN stated that he thought the damage amounted to Rs.5,000,000/-, and that the men responsible comprise deserters and unemployed seamen. Mr. SHEN also stated that the tanneries were not insured, which, if true, would dispose of any suspicion that the fire was started by the owners in order to recover insurance. The local China Press, in an editorial on the 15th January, states "Monetary loss is great, but there is a means of this being replaced". The names of other suspects have been disclosed, and attempts are being made to trace them in conjunction with local Police. The members are :

LIN Shao-ju (7157/9775/5668), R.C. No. 9178 of 1942, last address 1/1 Phears Lane;
HSIEH Chieh-chu (4432/1499/648);
YEH Pao (12997/8720) @ PAO Tsai (8711/11493) @ HUI Len-wan.

Secret information from a Chinese source states that the leaders of the gang have moved to Chandernagore in order to escape police vigilance. Their present headquarters is said to be "White Hart Inn" at 241, Grand Trunk Road, Chandernagore, formerly known as the "Hotel de Paris", which is owned by Chinese and is now prosperous. Reports also state that a Chinese named CHANG Chiu @ CHANG Kou (416/2263), alleged to be concerned in the robbery of the goldsmiths shop belonging to HUANG Kou-chi (5124/6145/923) (ref. this Survey No.1 dated 5.1.46) is a shareholder in this hotel and is implicated in the Dhappa tanneries extortion.

(ii) At the same time as intercepts showed that extortions were being attempted on Dhappa tanneries, other intercepts and information showed that a gang calling itself "Unemployed Youths' Association", was demanding about Rs.500/- each from shops in the Chowringhee area of Calcutta. Three specific shops, one in Park Street, one in Lindsay Street, and one in Bentinck Street, were found to have received demands to pay money on the 12th January. The owners promised full co-operation with Police, and the shops were watched on that date. There was no result. The shop owners have been advised to report immediately to

the police should further demands be made, without disclosing the fact to . side parties. Chinato rumours indicate that this gang may be connected with the persons believed to be demanding money from Dhappa tanners.

(E) Deserters .-

.1217/43. (i) LU I-chih (7432/5353/1788), who was sentenced to six weeks' R.I. for possessing forged identity documents, (ref. para 5(f)(iv) of this Survey No.41 dated 15.12.45), was re-arrested on 15.1.46 on expiry of sentence, under paragraph 7 of the Foreigners Order, 1939, as a confirmed deserter. He is being held in custody until the Chinese Consulate-General takes delivery of him to send back to China.

(F) Registration of Foreigners .-

.R.O. (i) Attendance at the Chinese Registration Check Office continues to be unsatisfactory in spite of very reasonable and tactful attempts to encourage Chinese residents to re-register themselves. Up-to-date 5,800 have been checked and 5,500 certificates re-issued.

(ii) LEE Moon-siang @ LI Man-hsiang (6884/7622/4277), a cobbler's assistant who came to India in 193[illegible] 1934, was found to be in possession of Parts I, II and III of an unsigned, unnumbered registration certificate during a check of registration papers. Questioned as to whence his certificate was obtained, LI stated the blank form was given him about three years ago by one LIU Miao-chuan (7270/7865/3187), whose father is still in this city but whose own whereabouts are unknown.

LI has been prosecuted for failure to register, and fined Rs.80/-, which has been paid.

(iii) The following Aliens Registration Certificates have been reported during the past week as having been lost :

1. WU Ping-k'un (12748/9299/6540), Aliens R.C.No.58, place and date of issue not known.
2. CHEN Lin-hsing (7157/4602), Aliens R.C. No.2037, place and date of issue not known.
3. CHANG Chun-yu (416/2854/5668), Aliens R.C. No.9304 issued at Calcutta.
4. CHEN Fu-lin (658/3707/7157), Aliens R.C. No.2445, issued at Calcutta.
5. YAU Fu-chuen (2310/3707/3176) @ CHIU Fu-chuan, Aliens R.C.No.8755 issued in Calcutta.

(G) Passports .-

(i) SEE Chwan-seng @ SHIH Chuan-sheng (9934/3176/9889) arrived in Calcutta on 15.12.45 under the auspices of a British military organization. He was in company with 14 other Chinese citizens en route to China. He travelled under Chinese Passport No.336108 issued by the Chinese Consulate at Colombo on 20.11.45 bearing Transit Visa No. 17864 dated 5.12.45 issued by the Passport Officer at Ceylon. He was born in Java and claims to have been at Singapore in 1939, to have come to Burma

as a truck driver in 1940 and to have gone from Burma to China during the Japanese invasion of Burma in 1942. He served in U.S.Armed Forces in Assam in 1943. Subsequently he served in the Royal Netherlands Forces in the Far East, from which he was honourably discharged in 1945. His certificate of discharge was issued at Colombo on 8.12.45. After arrival in Calcutta he obtained employment with the CNAC as a mechanic. He refused to proceed to China on the grounds that he had no relatives there and wanted to return to Java to re-join his family as soon as resumption of communications permitted. He was prosecuted under section 4(a) of the Foreigners Order, 1939, and section 12 of the Foreigners Act, 1940, for remaining in Calcutta without a residential permit, and was fined Rs.50/- by the Chief Presidency Magistrate on 11.1.46. A request has been made to Government for the issue of deportation orders.

(ii) CHEN Shu-ching @ CHEN Shun-ching (658/3061/2211), a Chinese seaman, whose registration papers were not in order and who had been given until mid-January to leave India, failing which he would be prosecuted, has been permitted to sign on s.s. "UTSHIRE" with the proviso that he is not to be signed off at any port in British India.

(H) Newspapers .-

F.[illegible]11/46. (i) A vivid written account, accompanied by photographs, of the January 7 Pioneer Corps incident at Chittagong has been given to Mr. LEE, Representative of the Central News Agency of China, by Mr. Satyen MAJUMDER of the Globe News Agency of London, a source reports. The Chinese journalist is said to have remarked that lawless acts of the sort described in the manuscript would probably be repeated so long as the British remained in India. He expressed surprise that the Governor had not seen fit to visit the scene of the incident.

F.[illegible]5-III. (ii) Ref. para 4(h)(i) of Survey No.50 dated 22.12.45, the nature of the appointment in Argentina of Mr. C.H.LOWE, India Representative of the Chinese Ministry of Information, is now known. He has been appointed by Chungking to be Chief Representative of that Ministry for South American countries, and he expects to leave next month for his new job, spending two months in New York en route.

(I) Miscellaneous .-

F.[illegible]10/46. (i) Considerable disappointment amongst Chinese businessmen in Calcutta is noticeable on account of the recent agreement between the Governments of the United States and India, whereby the latter will take over all surplus U.S. military supplies in the India Theatre. A lucrative trade had been anticipated in the way of buying up surplus military stocks for future shipment to Chinese houses in Rangoon, Malaya and Borneo. The proprietor of a newly-organized Chinese firm has been heard to comment that the new agreement was "a typical money-grabbing affair".

F.[illegible]1/46. (ii) An announcement in the Chinese Journal of India by the Chinese Consul-General and Representative in Calcutta of the Ministry of

Finance assures Chinese nationals that they need not be unduly alarmed by the recent Government of India ordinance regarding currency. The announcement explains the regulations, and instructs Chinese nationals to register their high-denomination notes at the two Chinese government banks. While the full effect of the ordinance cannot yet be fully assessed as far as the Chinese community goes, it is not improbable that a proportion of the large smuggling 'industry' will be affected. Reports shew that a good many clippings in regard to this topic have been culled from the newspapers and sent to China.

(iii) Ten Chinese were arrested by Section 'H' on 7.1.46 from a gambling den at 2/C Damzen 2nd Lane. They were all Shantung Chinese. Registration certificates were found in order. The keeper of the den was fined Rs.100/- and the others Rs.50/- each. It is of interest that six of the men were out of work.

Deputy Commissioner of Police,
Security Control, Calcutta.

SNC.

Copy forwarded to :-
(As per distribution list attached to W.S.No.1 dated 5.1.46.)

who are to negotiate with the shipping companies for the best terms for the group. The aim appears to be repatriation to China at the companies' expense, or the provision of work or living expenses while unemployed. The Chinese Consul-General is interesting himself in the seamen's affairs, and is reported recently to have entertained, at a local Chinese restaurant, the Calcutta representative of the British Seamen's Union and representatives of various Chinese associations connected with seamen. LIU Shou-shan of the Consulate-General acted for Mr. CHEN.

LAI Ning (6696/8339), subject of para 2(b)(ii) of Survey No.46 dated 24.11.45, is reported to have severed his connections with the Chinese Seamen's Union of Bombay and the Bombay Chinese School. He is now in Calcutta. Whether LAI is still under the orders of the Social Affairs Bureau or the Overseas Affairs Commission of Chungking is not yet known, but it is hoped that further information as to the possible nature of LAI's future occupation may be available before long.

Ref. para 2(b)(iv) of Survey No.46 dated 24.11.45, while the whereabouts of CHIANG Pao-lien (1208/8711/7128) @ Lt. P.L.KIANG, RNVR are not known here, a letter, posted locally, has been received in this office returning for cancellation the R/C issued to his wife SHA Shou-kang (9624/10019/5908) and expressing regret that "owing to the exigencies of time", she was unable to report her departure in person. KIANG states that he is required to proceed to Hongkong on duty, and adds that arrangements to take his wife with him were made "at the very last moment".

Since KIANG first came to notice, as reported in earlier issues of this Survey, the correspondence exchanged between him and his wife has been, as far as possible, under careful watch. The conclusion was formed some time ago that it was Mrs. KIANG @ SHA who was the 'businessman' of the family. In view of KIANG's record there seems no good reason why the requirements of the Registration of Aliens rules should be dropped in his wife's case, and the undersigned would be grateful for advice by telegram should Mrs. KIANG present herself at any passport control.

Little has been heard of the new Membership Drive which, according to announcements a month or so ago, was to be launched by the Kuomintang-in-India after the turn of the year. Some criticism has been heard of the way business is being conducted at present from the secretarial office of the local Kuomintang HQ., and it would seem that the acting Secretary-General (ref. para 5(b)(i) of Survey No.47 dated 1.12.45) is not pursuing his duties with the same vigour as his predecessor.

(c) Labour .- Nothing to report.

(d) Gangsterism .-

Secret interception during the past week has revealed a number of fresh attempts at extortion. One batch of letters, all in the same hand-writing and addressed to individuals at the LAN HUP FEE Club in Dhappa, demanded loans of varying

amounts, threatening violence if the loans were not forthcoming.

F.I.1253/46. Information has been received that there is powdered cocaine on sale in Calcutta for approximately Rs.200/- per tola, presumably imported from Rangoon. The same information suggests that an attempt is being made to develop the sale of this cocaine in Bombay, and intimates that the price of raw opium has fallen in Singapore.

(f) Registration .-

A.R.D. CHI Pei-lin (1074/8818/7157), a washerman on the staff of the Bank of China, was prosecuted for late registration on 4.1.46 and sentenced by the Chief Presidency Magistrate to pay a fine of Rs.40/- or one month's R.I. in default. The fine was paid.

The following Aliens Registration Certificates are reported in the Chinese press as having been lost.

(1) CHEN Hsiang (658/4277), Aliens R.C. number and place of issue not known.

(2) MENG En (7763/3330), Delhi R.C.No.416.

(g) Passports .-

3801/46. CHAN Keng Seng @ Tseng Ching Sheng (11717/2211/9985), subject of para 4 of this Survey No.1 dated 18.4.42, has applied from Chungking for a visa to enter India for an indefinite period in transit to Malaya. It is interesting to note that this Chinese British subject, who came to notice in 1942 for expressing strong anti-British sentiments, has spent the whole period of the Pacific War in China, not in British territory.

736/46. Three Chinese nationals who arrived from China on a recent CNAC flight claimed to be Chinese civilians in the employ of the Chinese Air Force. Their only means of identity consisted of a typed certificate, headed Air Force Headquarters, Fifty Route Chinese Air Force, Kunming, and was signed by "Y. .Teng, Colonel Commanding". This certified them as being "temporary employees of the C.A.F. India Detachment" and as travelling to China on military duty. They bore nothing to shew they had sought permission from the Indian authorities to enter the country. All three wore civilian dress, and stated they were to be employed in ferrying American aircraft back to China, on transfer of the ships to the C.A.F., and that they were under the orders of Maj.Gen. LIN. The Chinese Consul-General has been asked to define the status of these men, and the case has been reported to Government.

(h) Newspapers .-

811/46. An API despatch of 8.1.46 states that the India Office of the Chinese Ministry of Information will close at the end of January, confirming para 4(b)(i) of Survey No.50.

A letter addressed to C.H.LOWE, the India Representative of the Ministry, by the Reception Committee of the 9th All-India Students'

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P-3

Extra from the Nationalist dated 12.9.46.

AMERICAN ARMS FOR CALCUTTA RIOTEERS.

Hiding Deserters' Illegal Traffic from Assam.

Some Pistols and Carbines seized.

The New Delhi correspondent of the 'Bharat Jyoti' of Bombay writes :-

Hundreds of American deserters hiding in the Assam mountains, particularly in Khasi Hills, are engaged in black-marketing and various types of gangsterism according to an American source in Delhi. They are still in possession of their jeeps and other military equipment, which they sell in India in black-markets.

Some pistols and carbines of American origin were recovered from some Sikhs during the Calcutta riots, according to an American correspondent who was in Calcutta during the tragic riots. British Military authorities have not been able to do much because legal hitches complicated the situation regarding American GIs in tribal country.

Up till now only five ringleaders have been captured and one Morrison, son of former American Missionary in India is complicated in 30 murders.

Although the exact number of deserters is not known, it is estimated that thousands of American GIs are classed as deserters by the American authorities in the China theatre. Nobody knows anything about them, but it is believed a considerable number have settled in the Khasi hills among the Khasi hillmen and many of them are marrying Khasi girls.

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R-1

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